

Overview of J-PARC Heavy-ion Project

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for J-PARC Heavy-Ion Collaboration

Reimei workshop 2015, Tokai, 2015/1/20

Outline

1. Introduction
2. Acceleration scheme
3. Physics goals
4. Experimental design and simulation
5. Summary and prospect

J-PARC HI Collaboration

Experimental and Theoretical Nuclear Physicists and Accelerator Physicists

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H. Harada, P. K. Saha, M. Kinsho, J. Tamura (J-PARC/Japan Atomic Energy Agency)

K. Ozawa, K. Tanaka, S. Sawada, K. Itakura, Y. Liu (J-PARC/KEK)

T. Sakaguchi, M. Okamura (Brookhaven National Lab.)

K. Shigaki (Hiroshima Univ.)

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T. Chujo, S. Esumi, Y. Miake, T. Nonaka, B. C. Kim, H. Masui (Univ. of Tsukuba)

M. Inaba (Tsukuba University of Technology)

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H. Tamura, M. Kaneta (Tohoku Univ.)

K. Oyama (Nagasaki IAS)

M. Naruki (Kyoto Univ.)

S. Yokkaichi (RIKEN)

Y. Nara (Akita International Univ.)

T. R. Saito (Mainz Univ. and GSI)

C. Nonaka (Nagoya University)

T. Hatsuda (RIKEN)

T. Hirano (Sophia Univ.)

K. Fukushima (Univ. of Tokyo)

Goals of J-PARC HI Project

-physics of extremely dense matter-

RHIC/LHC discovered QGP at high T and low ρ

No direct evidence for the critical point and phase boundaries discovered.

The highest density matter in the lab is created at J-PARC.

5-10 ρ_0

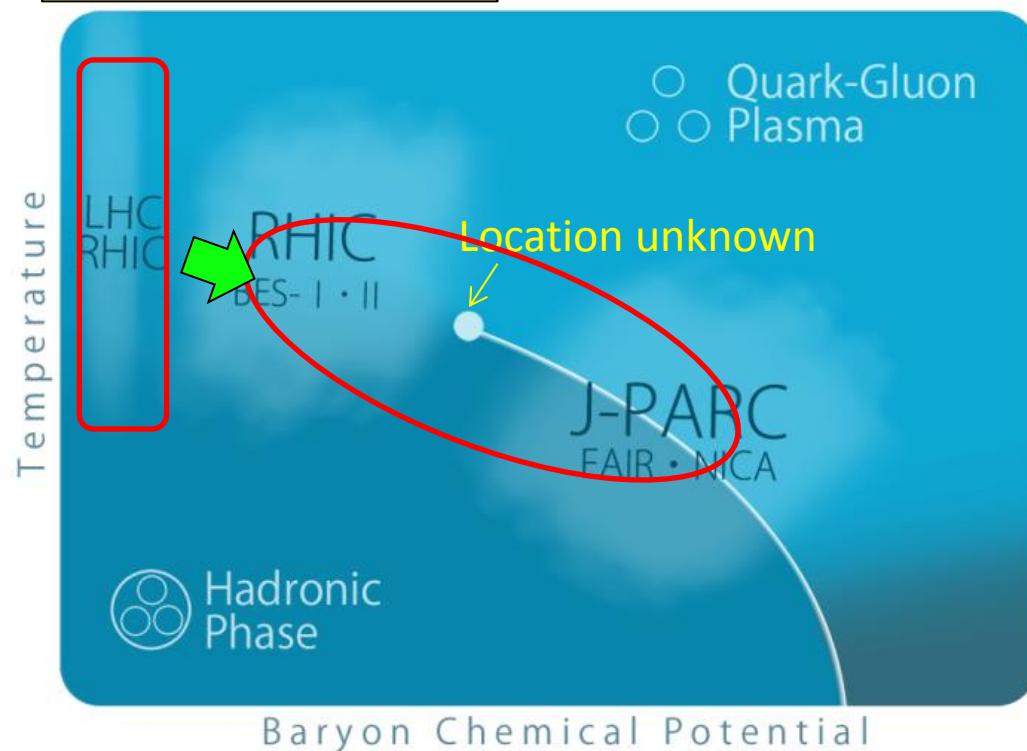
~ neutron star core

Goals at J-PARC

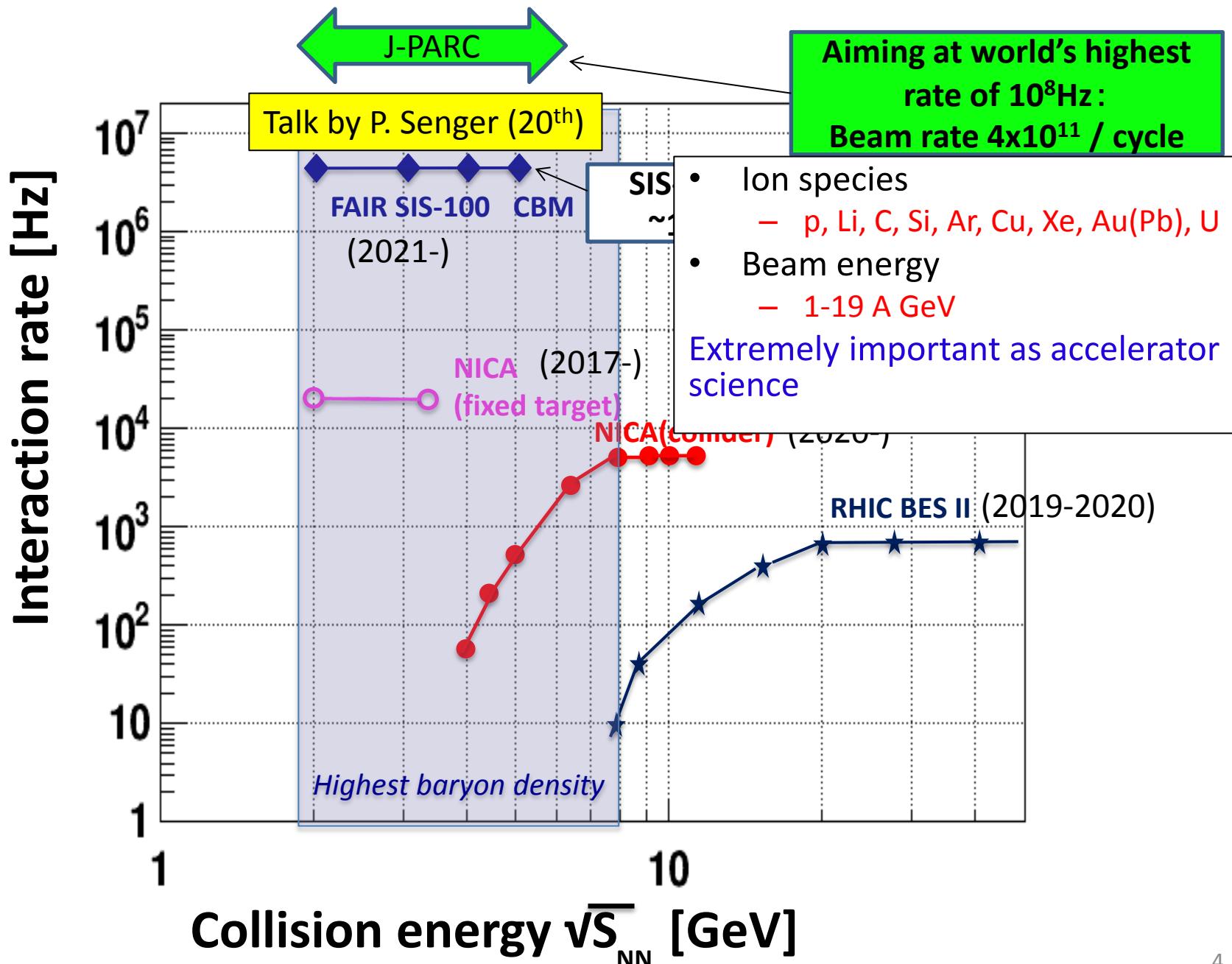
- ▶ Studies of phase structures
- ▶ Hadron properties at high density related to neutron star structures
- ▶ Search for strange quark matter

Utilizing world's highest intensity HI beams

Talk by B. Hong (20th)

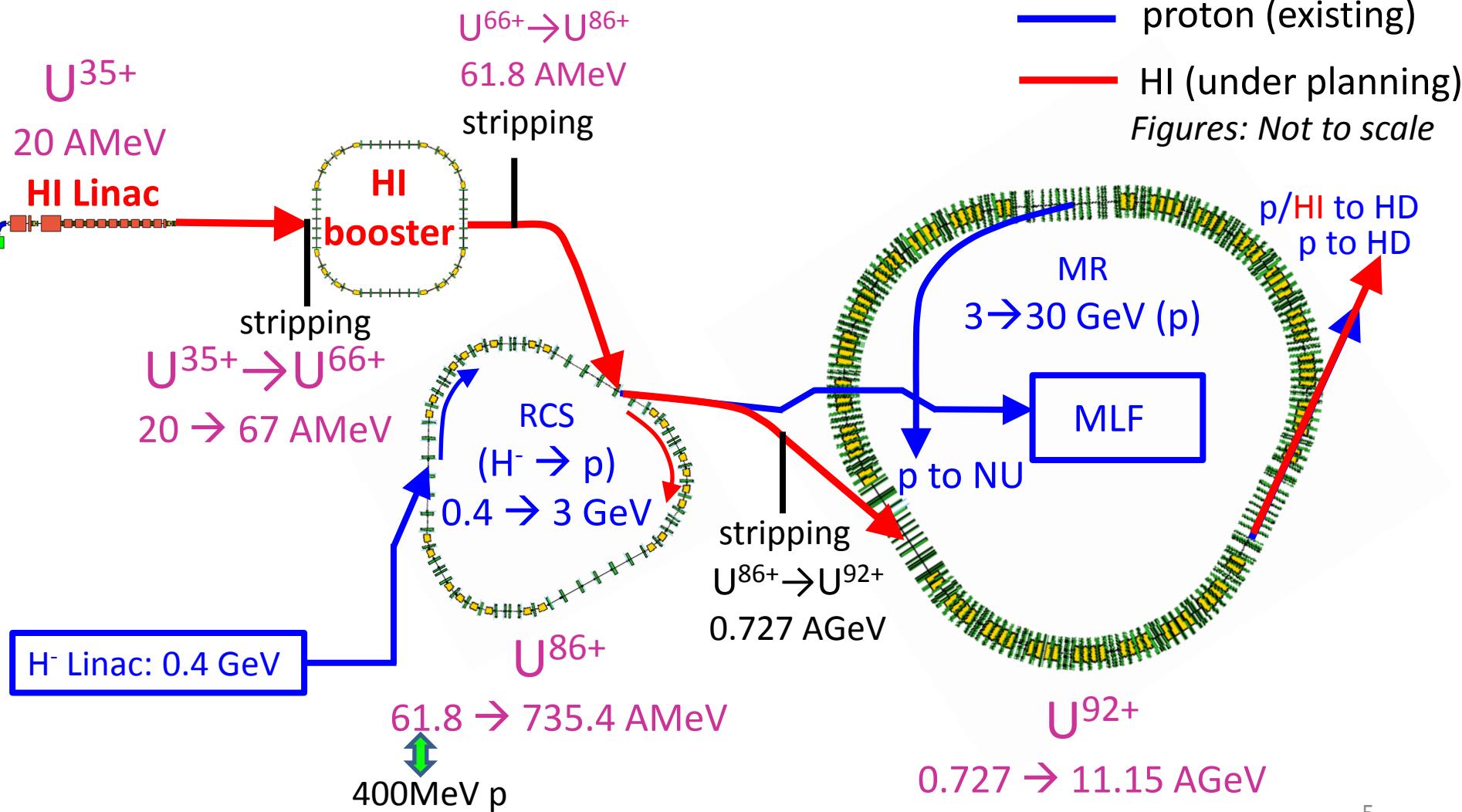


HI experiments for high density physics



HI accelerator scheme

Talk by P.K. Saha (20th)
Talk by H. Harada (21th)



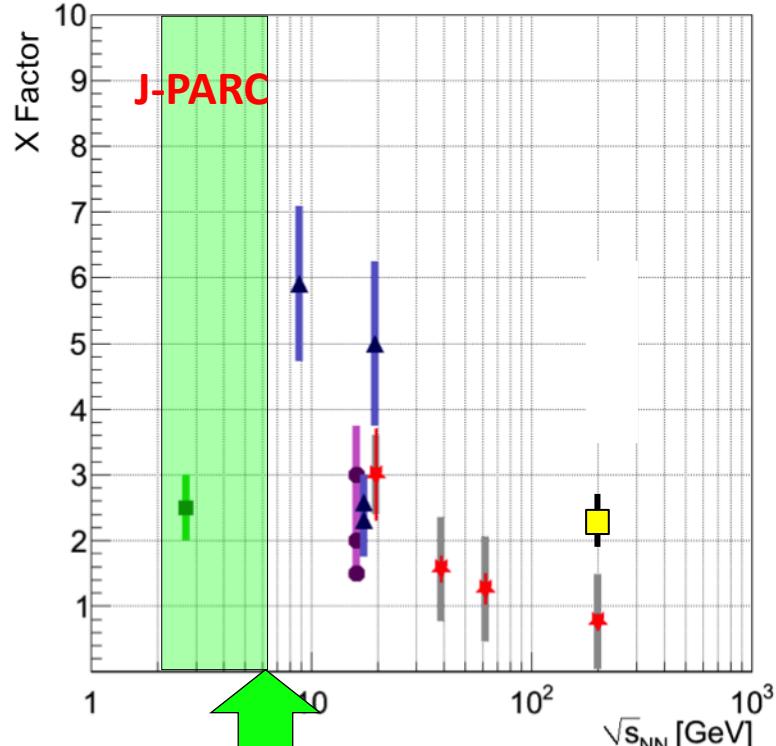
Observable for QCD phase structures

- Dileptons
 - Penetrating probes of dense matter
 - Modification of $\rho/\omega/\phi$ linked to chiral symmetry restoration
- Hadron measurements (high statistics)
 - Event-by-event fluctuations
 - (Multi-)strange hadrons, hypernuclei, strangelets
- Charm
 - J/ψ , D , ...
 - Sensitive to initial dense matter?
- Photons
 - Thermal radiations from QGP

Low-mass dileptons

Low-mass dilepton enhancement factor

Measured / cocktail in $m=0.2\text{-}0.8 \text{ GeV}/c^2$

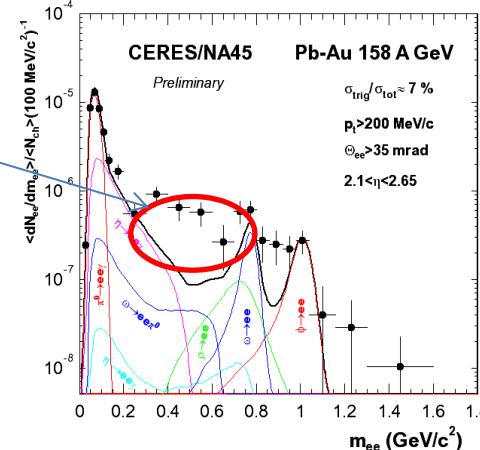


Highest baryon density 5-8GeV?

(J. Randrup, PRC74(2006)047901)

T. Galatyuk, EM probes
of Strongly Interacting Matter
ECT*, Trento 2007
(PHENIX data updated)

- NA60 In+In, 158AGeV/c
- HADES Ar+KCl 1.76AGeV/c
- ▲ CERES Pb+Au 40AGeV/c
- ▲ CERES Pb+Au 158AGeV/c
- ▲ CERES S+Au 200 AGeV
- PHENIX Au+Au 200 AGeV MB
(Phys. Rev. C 93, 014904)
- ★ STAR Au+Au



Maximum low mass enhancement around J-PARC energies?

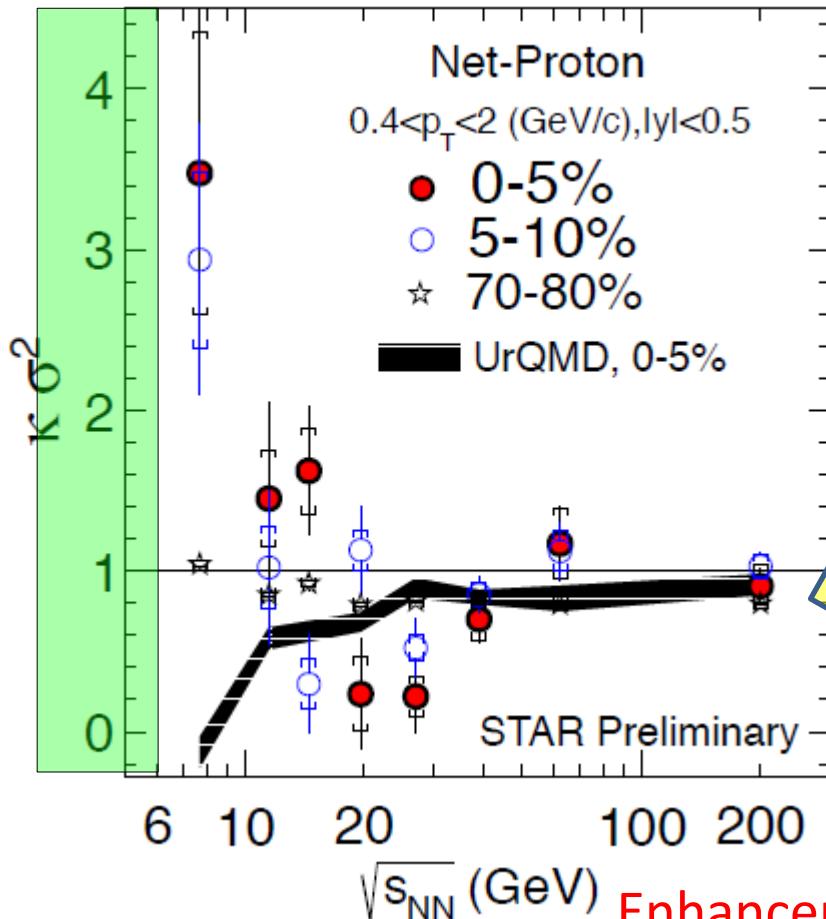
- Dielectron
 - γ conversion at low mass (background)
 - Dimuon
 - $\pi, K \rightarrow \mu$ decay (background)
 - Higher rate beam can be used
 - High statistics at J-PARC
 - Moment analysis

$$\int dm_{ee} N(m_{ee}) m_{ee}^n \quad (n = 1, 2, \dots)$$
 - Direct comparison to theoretical models (e.g. QCD sum rules, related to quark and gluon condensate)
- Hayano and Hatsuda, RMP 82, 2949

Net-proton fluctuations

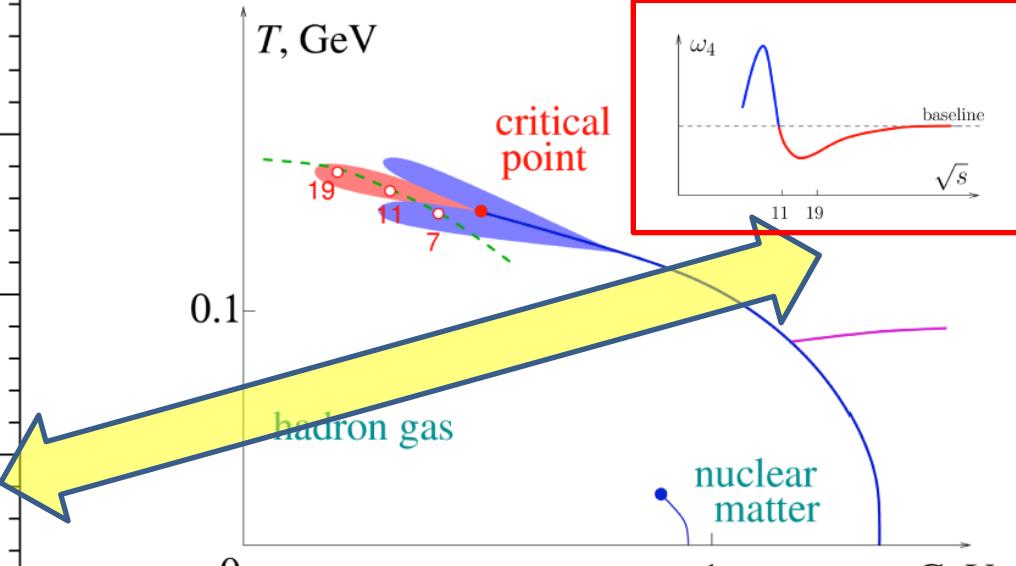
Ebe fluctuations : Probe to search for the critical point
w/ higher-order fluctuations

J-PARC



Theory

M.A. Stephanov,
PRL107, 052301 (2011).



Talk by X. Luo(20th)
Talk by K. Morita (20th)

Enhancement of 4th-order
fluctuations at low energies
Indications of the critical point?

Event selection

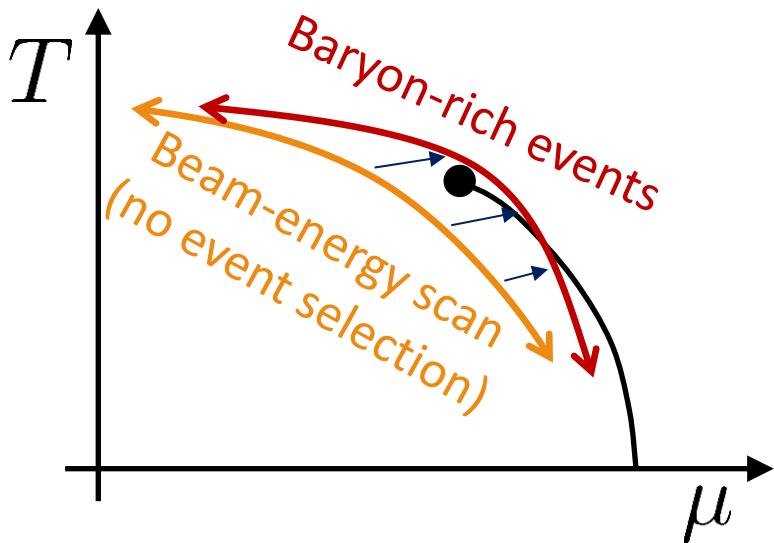
Advantage of J-PARC HIC program:

Talk by M. Kitazawa (21th)
Talk by T. Sakaguchi (21th)

high-luminosity/statistics → various event selections

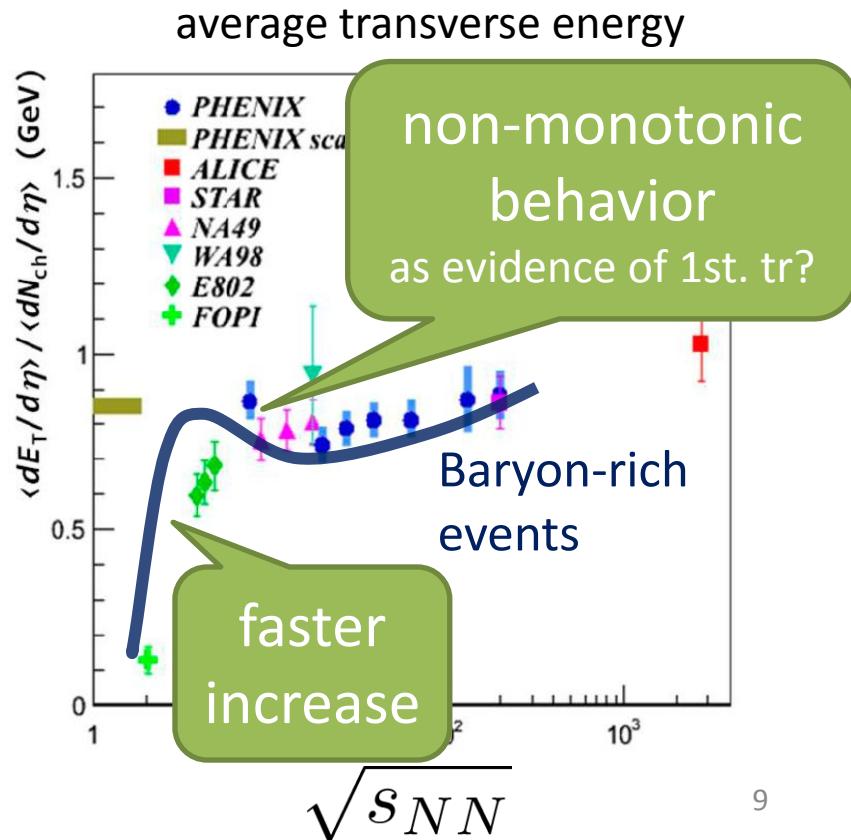
Example: event selection by

- {
- ① Net-baryon number
 - ② Total-strange number

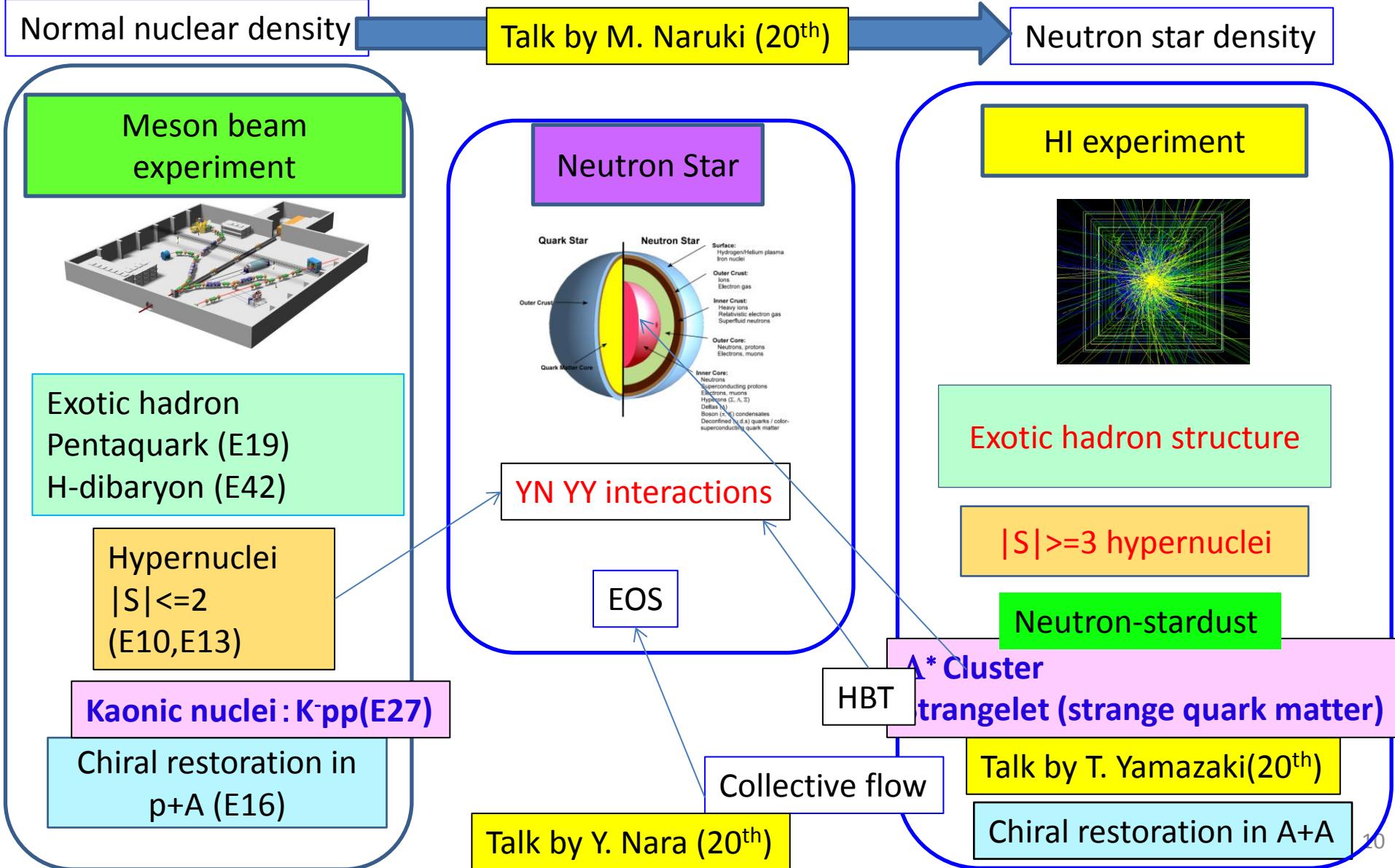


High μ region can be studied
by selecting baryon rich events

Courtesy of M. Kitazawa



Extension of Hadron nuclear physics with to high density at J-PARC



Particle production rates

Beam : 10^{10} Hz

0.1 % target

→ Min-bias event rate

10MHz

In 1 month e γ , pt spectrum
 $\rho, \omega, \phi \rightarrow ee$ 1 Event selections

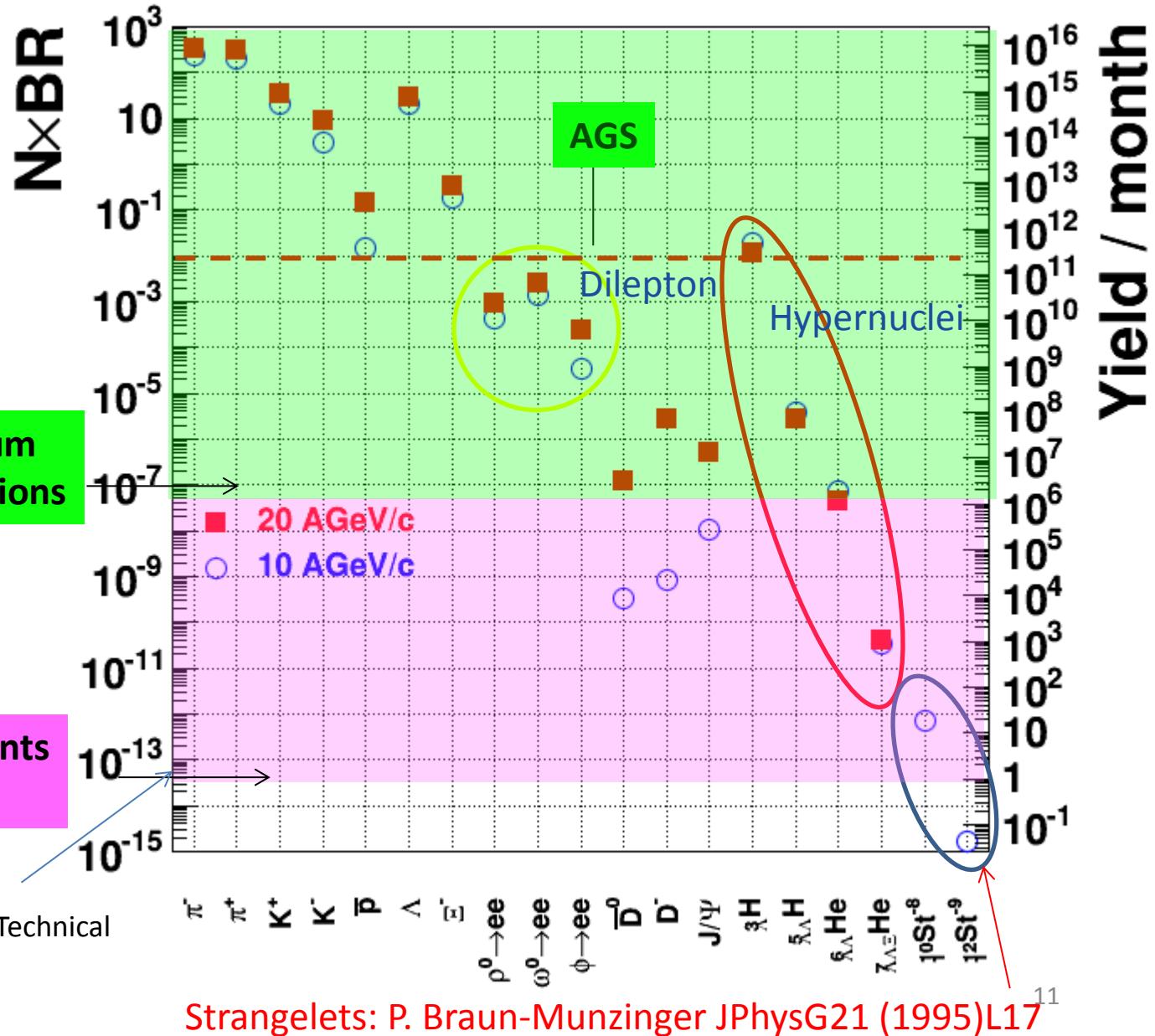
Hypernuclei $10^3 - 10^{11}$

Measurements
and Search

10^{-13} sensitivity at J-PARC

HSD calculations in FAIR Baseline Technical Report (Mar 2006)

A. Andronic, PLB697 (2011) 203

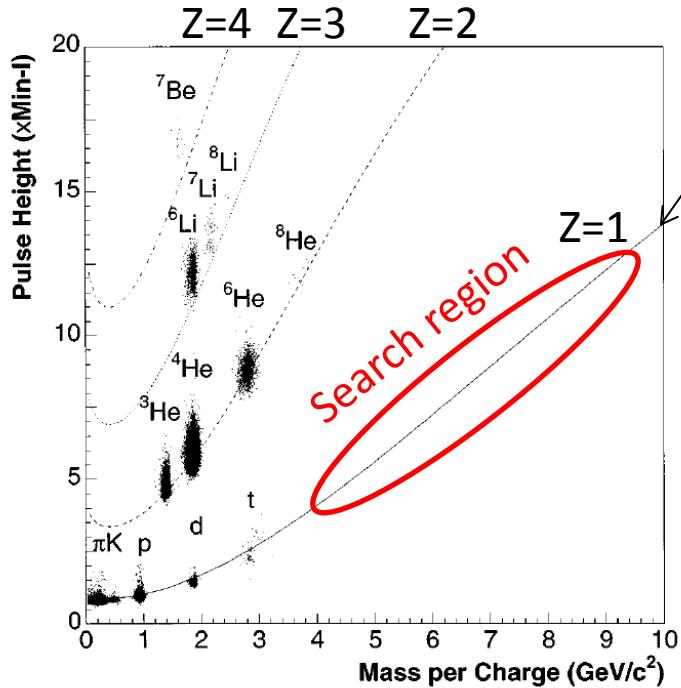


Search for strangelet at AGS-E886

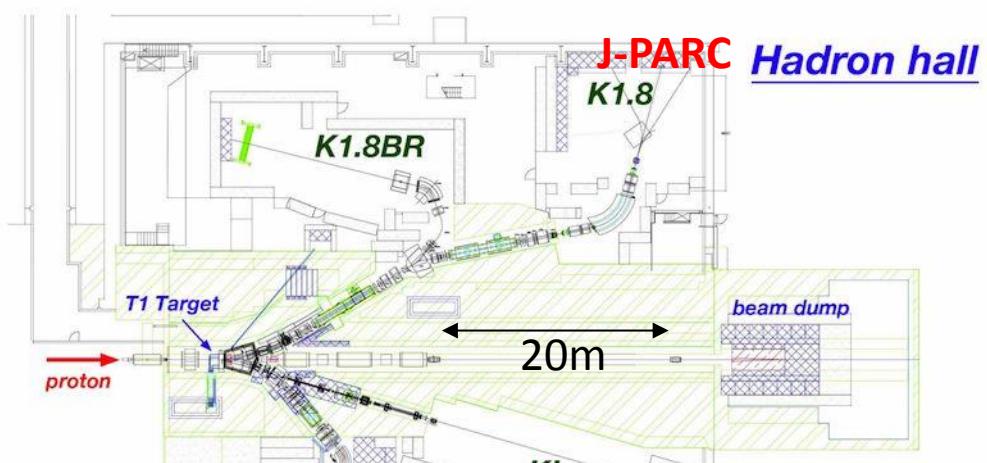
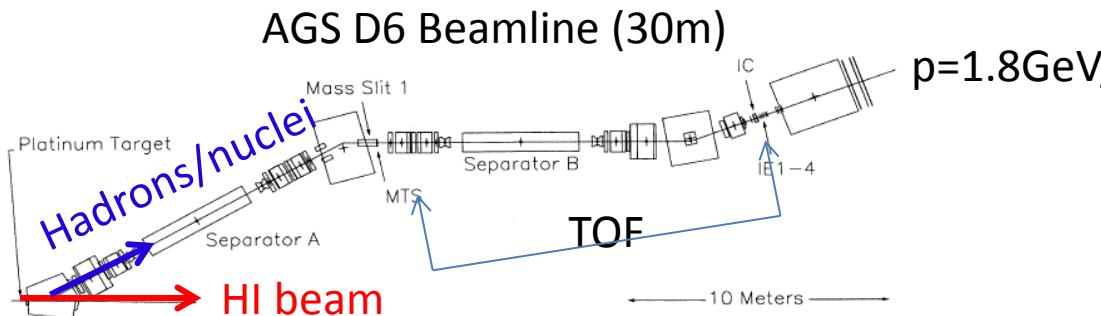
$\sim 10^{-7}$ sensitivity ($\sim \gamma_{\text{beam}}$)

PID of fragments is done with TOF and Z measurements

A. Rusek, PRC54 R15



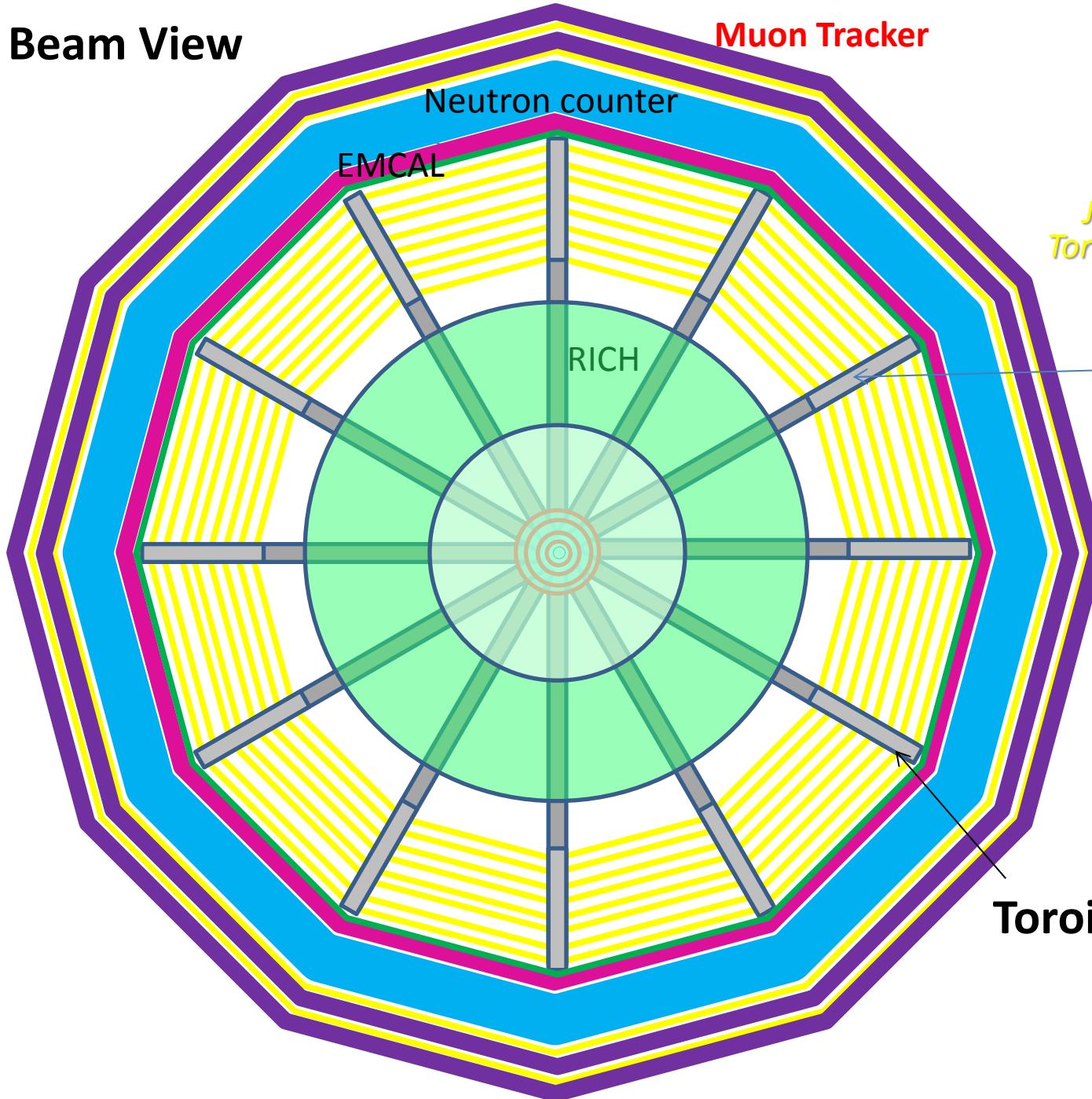
dE/dx vs β
relation

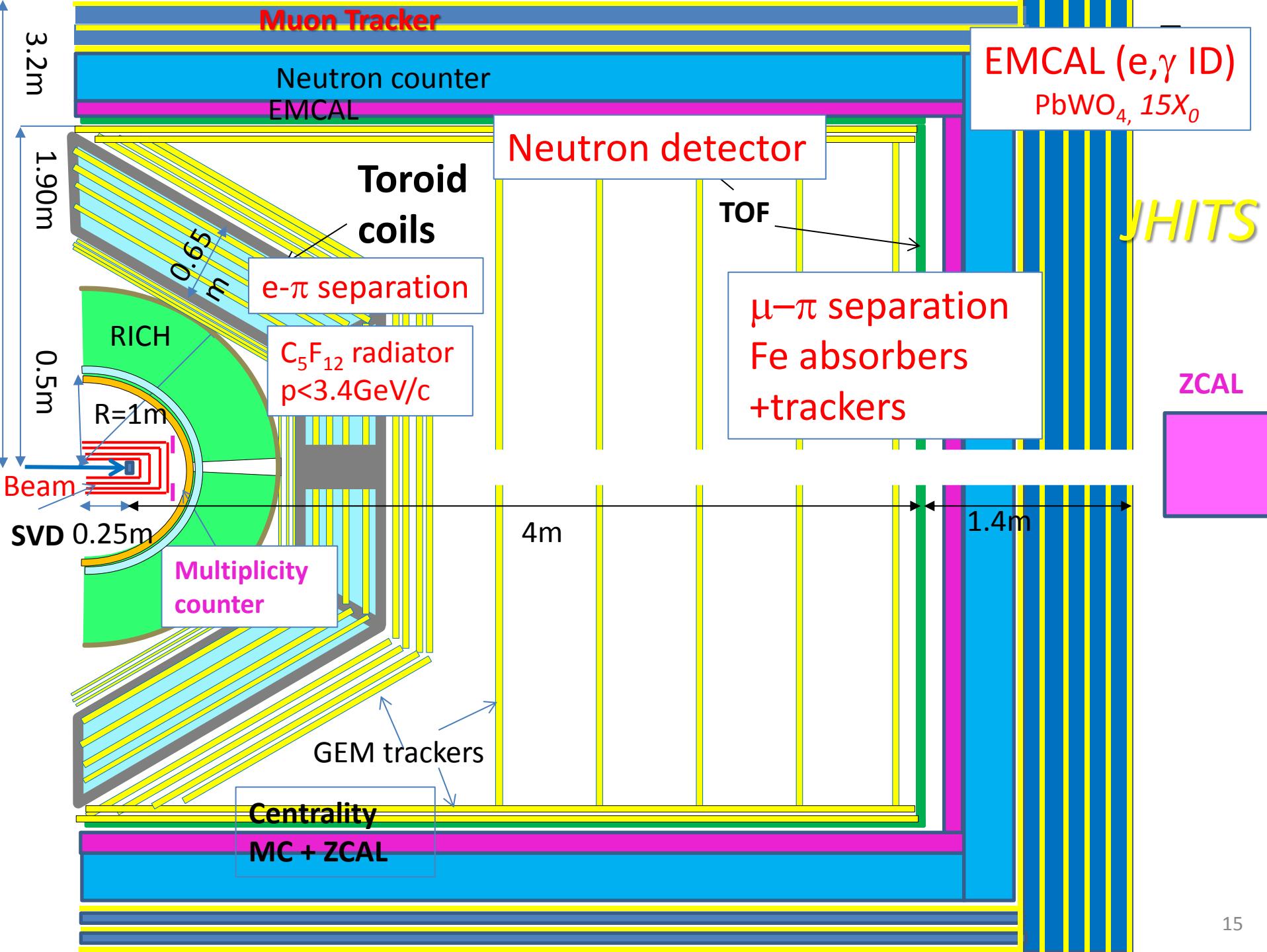


Experimental challenges

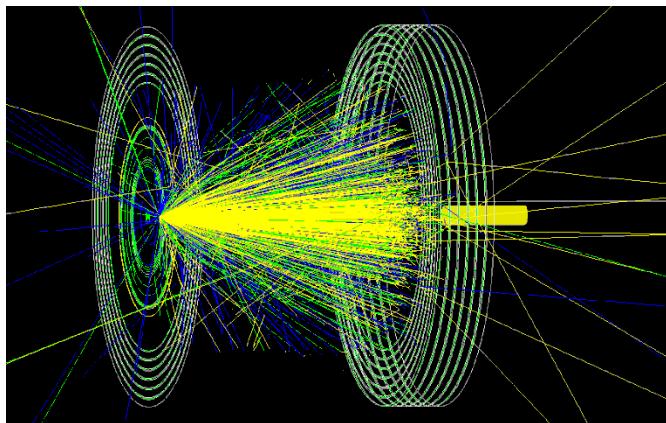
- **High rate capability**
 - Fast detectors
 - Silicon trackers, GEM trackers, ...
 - Pixel size < 3x3mm²
(at 1m from the target, $\theta < 2\text{deg}$, 10% occupancy)
 - **Extremely fast DAQ**
 - Min-bias event rate = 10MHz
 - Triggerless DAQ
 - **Large acceptance ($\sim 4\pi$)**
 - Coverage for low beam energies
 - Maximum multiplicity for e-b-e fluctuations
 - **Electron measurement**
 - Field free region for RICH near the target
- ➔ **Toroidal magnet spectrometer**

Beam View

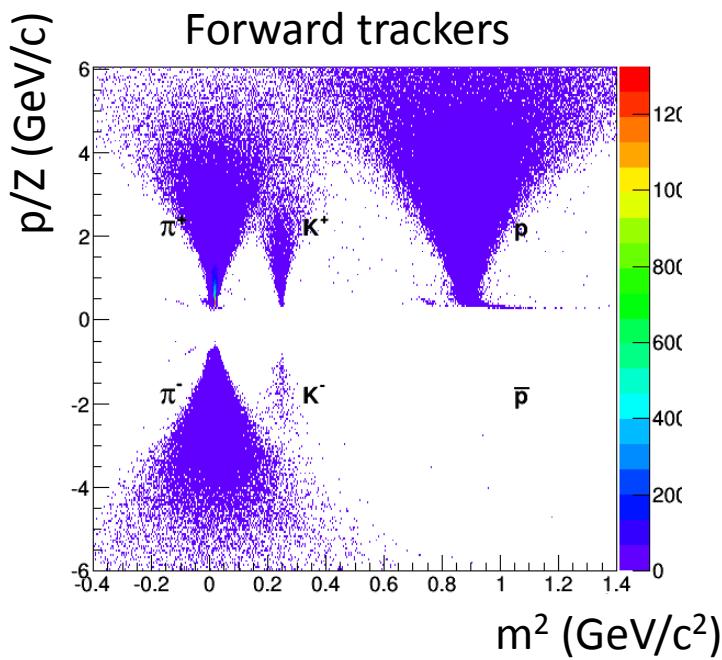




Spectrometer performance



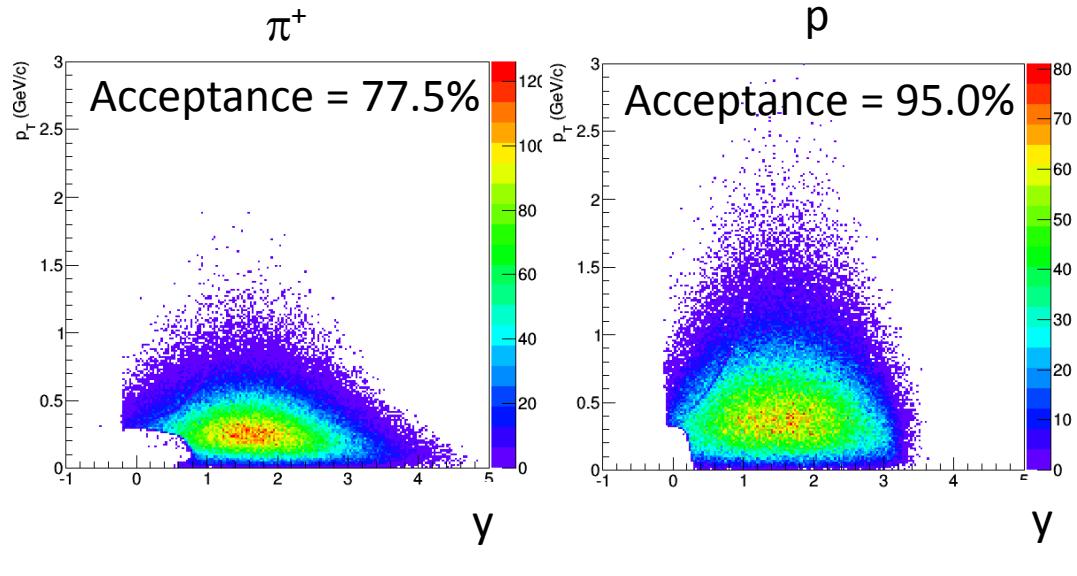
H. Sako, B.C. Kim



U+U at 10AGeV/c with JAM + GEANT4

- Assumption for simplicity
 - Half-spherical toroidal shape
 - Uniform B_ϕ field
 - No dead area due to coils
- Acceptance $\geq 78\%$
- π/K separation $2.5\text{GeV}/c$ (2.5σ)

Assuming TOF resolution of 50 ps



Reconstructed dilepton spectra

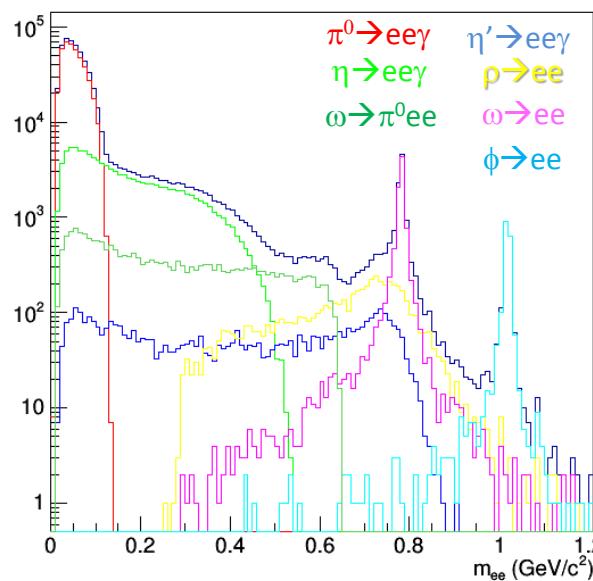
Dielectrons

$\theta_{ee} > 5^\circ$
 $2^\circ < \theta < 80^\circ$
 $p_T > 0.1 \text{ GeV}/c$

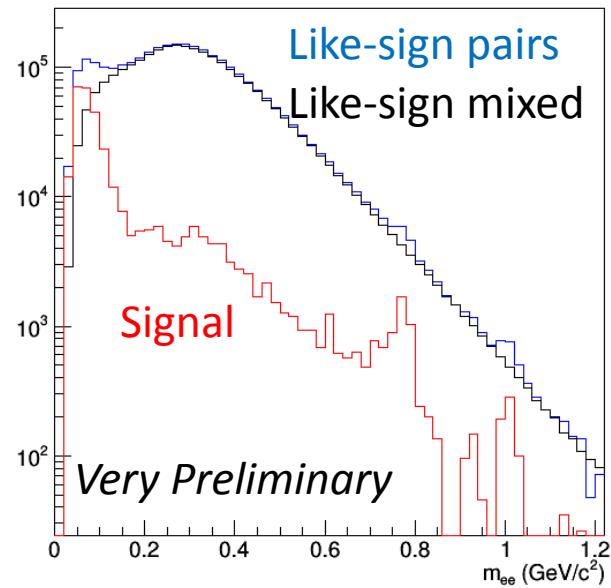
e^+e^- cocktail (8.6 M events)

No γ external conversion

Generated



Reconstructed

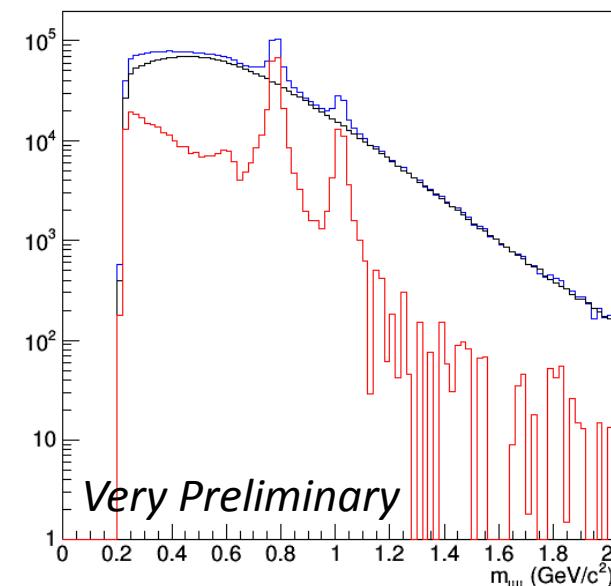
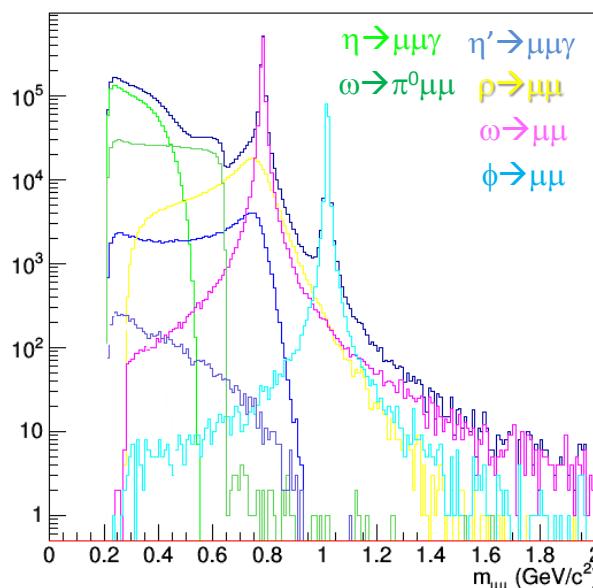


Dimuons

$\theta_{ee} > 2^\circ$
 $2^\circ < \theta < 80^\circ$
 $p_T > 0.1 \text{ GeV}/c$

$\mu^+\mu^-$ cocktail (500 M events)

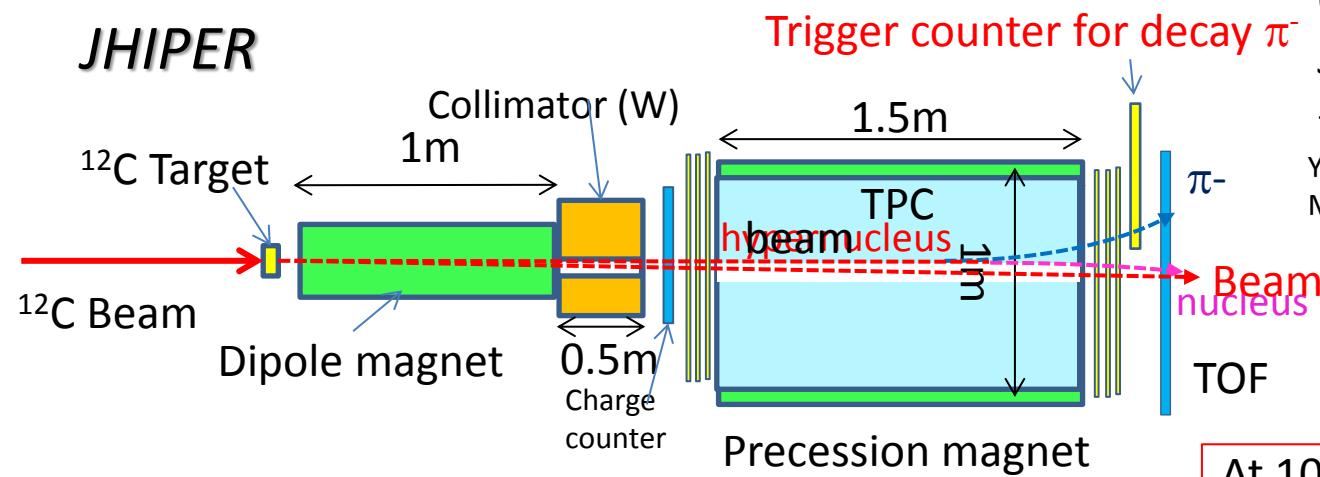
No K, π weak decays



Hypernuclear spectrometer

- Hypernuclei in ion collisions
 - $|S| \geq 3$ Hypernuclei
 - Strangelet
- Hypernuclear measurement at y_{beam}
 - Life time
 - Magnetic moment

JHIPER



C+C at 15 AGeV/c
JAM-1.622 (RQMD/S mode)
+ GEANT4

Y. Nara, et al, Phys. Rev. C61, 024901(1999)
M. Isse, et al, Phys. Rev. C72 (2005) 064908



$$\text{BdL} = 6\text{Tm} \rightarrow \text{Precession angle} \sim 68^\circ \\ (\text{assuming } \mu_\Lambda)$$

Ideas based on

M. Asakawa et al, KEK Report 2000-11
T. R. Saito et al, HypHI Letter of Intent, 2005

At 10^7 Hz interaction rate
→ Track rate in TPC : 9.3×10^6 Hz
→ Trigger rate : 4.0×10^3 Hz
Experiment with full beam rate
may be feasible!

Summary and Prospect

- Rich and precise physics for phase structures and Talk by K. Itakura, K. Murase(21th)
- Acceleration at 4×10^{11} /cycle by adding **a linac and a booster** to RCS and MR
- **Large acceptance toroidal spectrometer** for lepton and hadron measurements
- **Hypernuclear spectrometer utilizing full beam intensity**

Prospects

- Accelerator R&D of booster, linac, and ion source
 - Detector R&D with the high-p beamline experiments at J-PARC (E16, E50) and heavy-ion experimentalists
 - MRPC-TOF (Tsukuba, JAEA, KEK) in J-PARC E16 ($p+A$) Talk by T. Chujo, K. Ozawa (21th)
 - DAQ (JAEA, Nagasaki IAS) Talk by K. Oyama (21th)
 - White paper in Mar 2016, LOI to J-PARC PAC in Jul 2016
 - Discussions in J-PARC and in nuclear physics community started
- Collaborations from the world and from hadron/nuclear physics desired

We proceed with the project with strong collaboration of experimentalists, theorists, and accelerator scientists!
Goal : start within 10 years