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# *J-PARC-HI へのコメント*

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*J-PARC-HI インフォーマルミーティング*  
*Aug.10, 2016, J-PARC, Japan*

# *Physics at J-PARC-HI program*

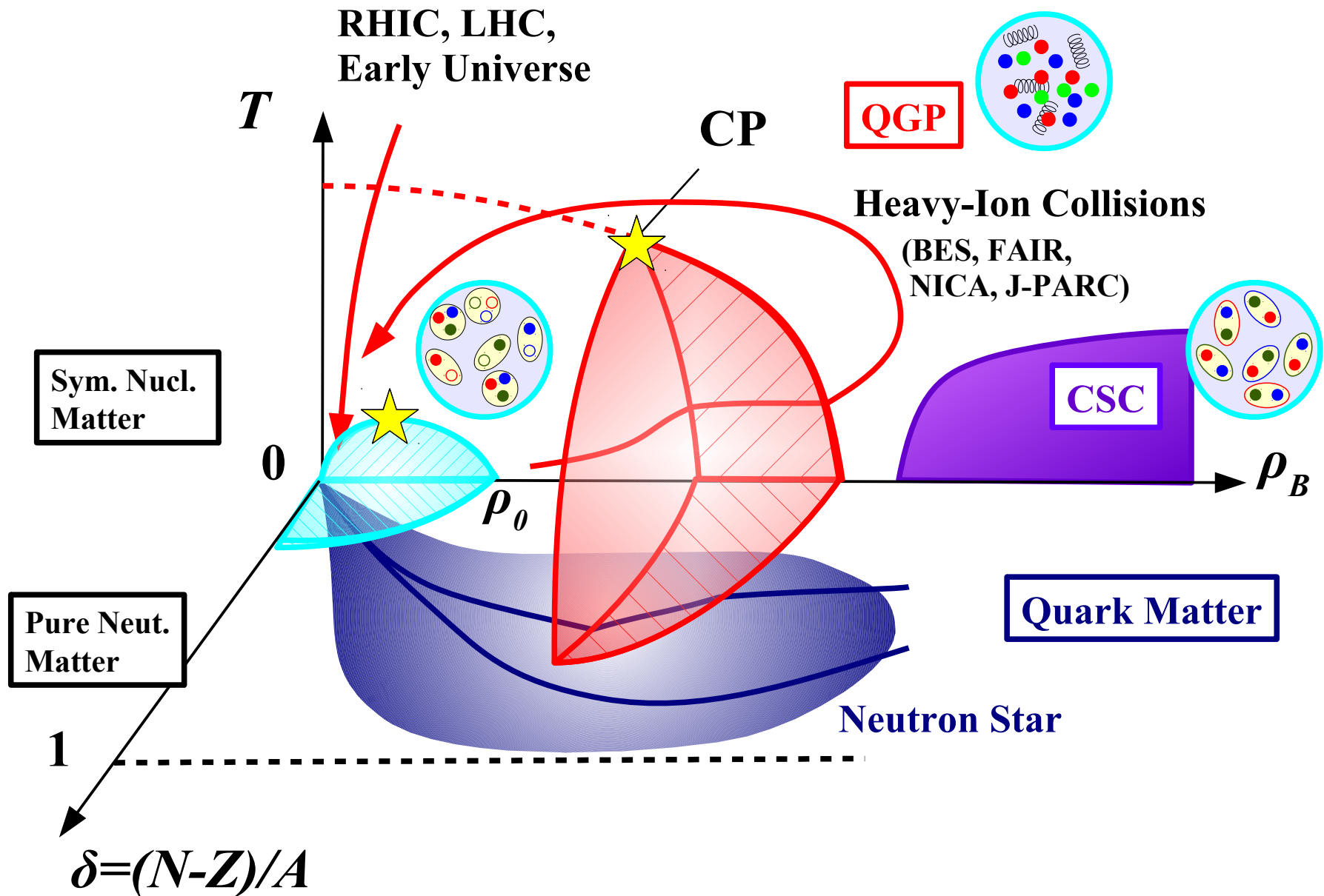
## ■ Goals of J-PARC-HI program

- QCD phase diagram (1st or 2ndnd order phase transition)
- Chiral restoration (probed by dileptons and others)
- Collective dynamics of hadrons (EOS & Thermalization)
- Strange matter search (nuclei with exotic constituents and their interactions)
- ...

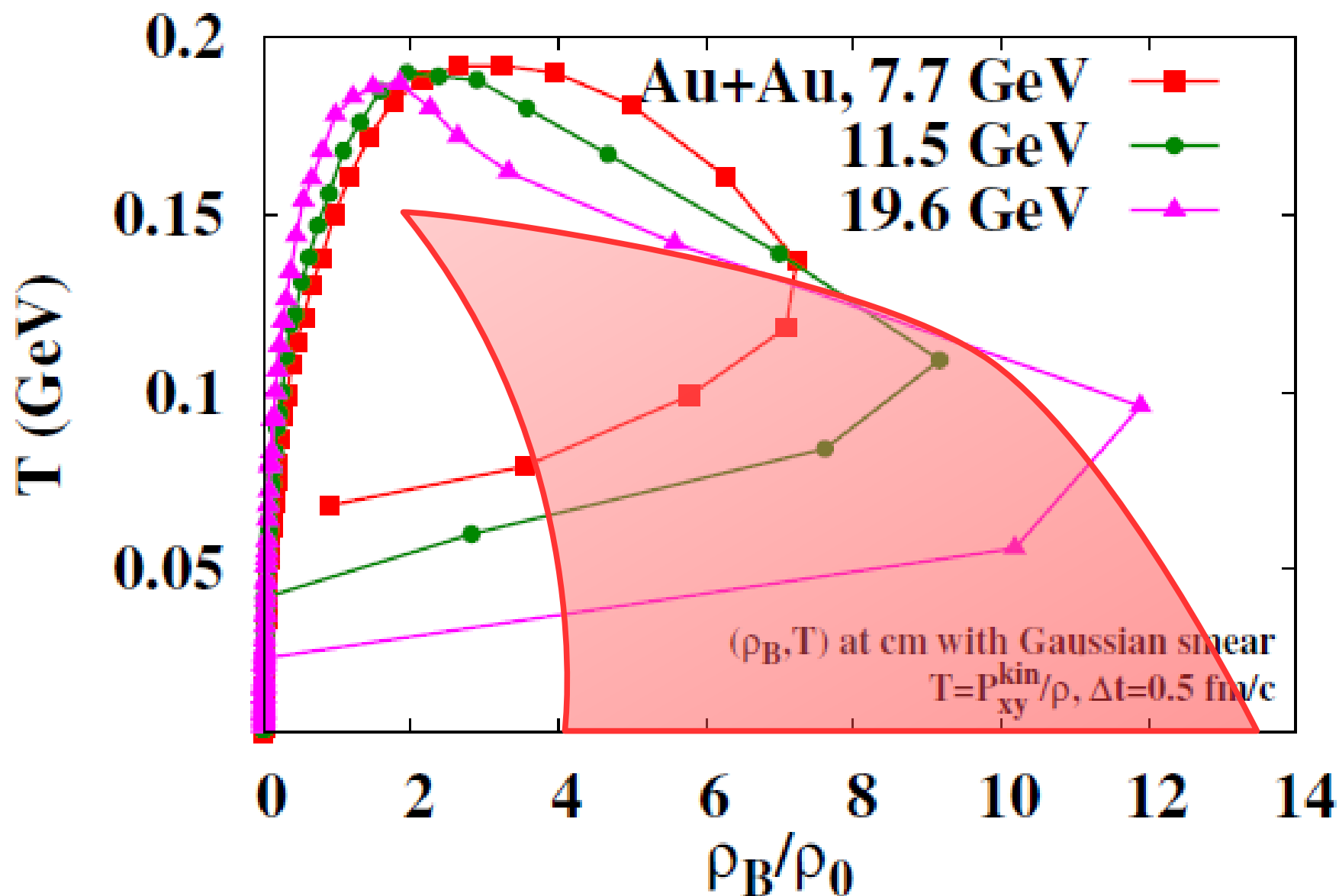
## ■ Already explored energies at AGS ! But ...

- There are many unobserved quantities at AGS  
Dilepton spectrum, Spectral function of resonances,  
Cumulants of conserved charges, Higher order flow harmonics, ...
- Intensity is much stronger at J-PARC-HI  
Much more accurate data of standard observables,  
Event selected flow (e.g. strangeness number tagged, T. Sakaguchi),  
 $K^*$  and  $K_1$  spectral functions (H. Ohnishi),

# QCD Phase Diagram

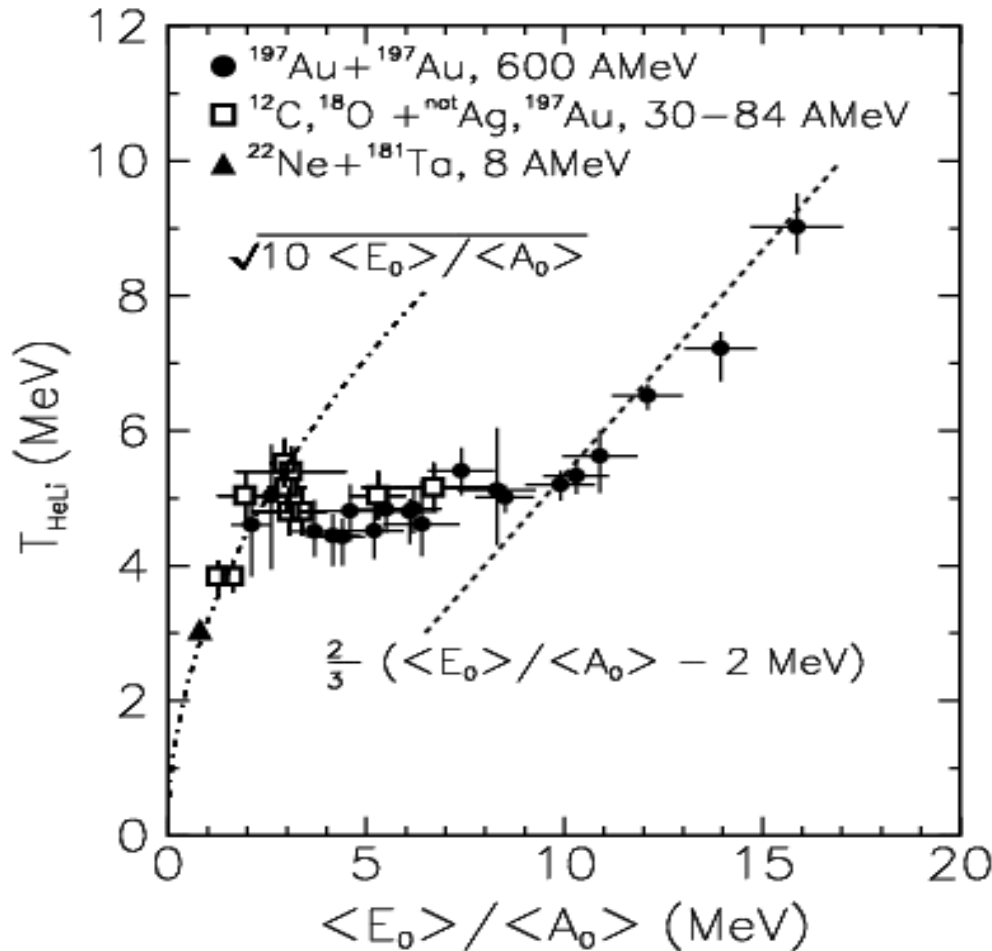


# Two ways to probe QCD phase transition

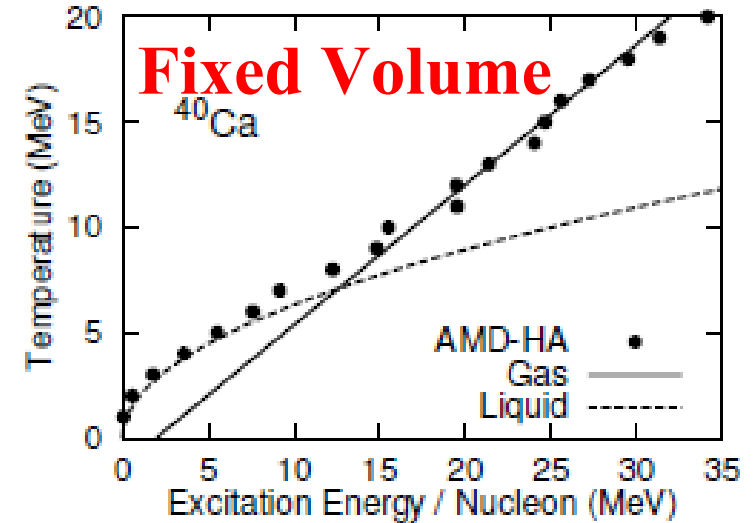


# Nuclear Liquid-Gas Phase Transition

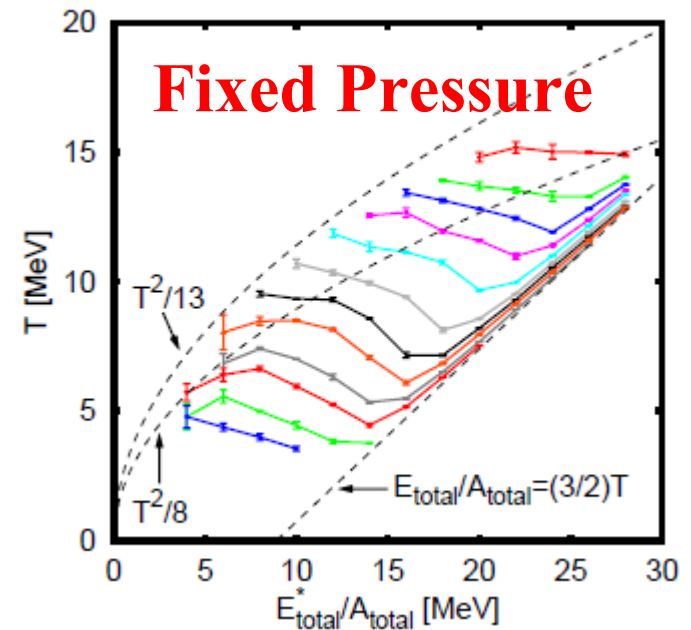
- Caloric curve  $\rightarrow$  LG phase transition (Smoking gun)



*J. Pochadzalla et al. (GSI-ALLADIN collab.), PRL 75 (1995) 1040.*



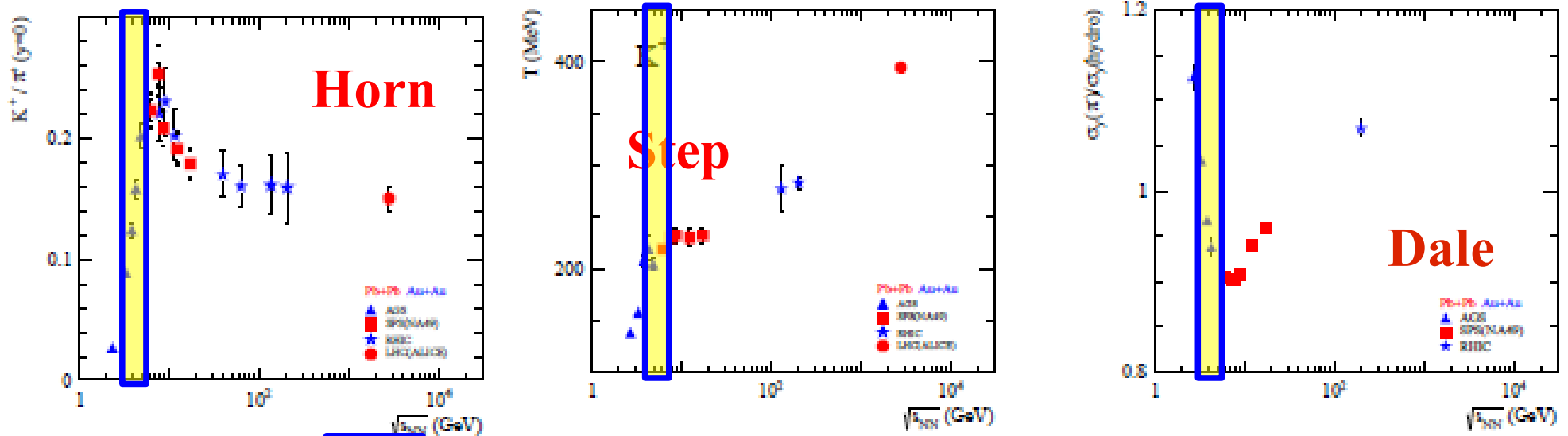
*AO, Randrup ('98)*



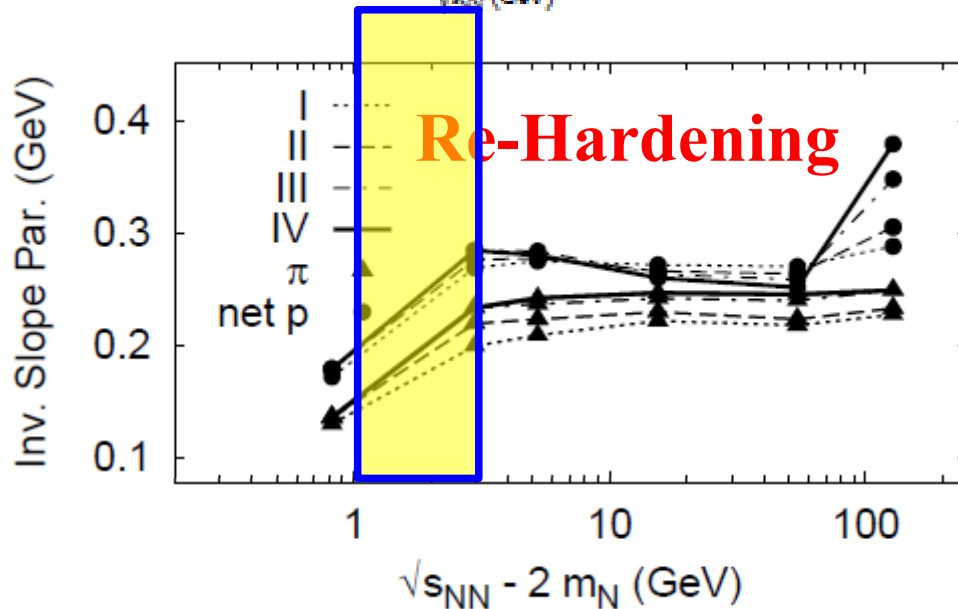
*T. Furuta, A. Ono ('09)*

# Horn, Step and Dale

- Non-monotonic behavior in  $K^+/\pi^+$  ratio (Horn),  $m_T$  slope par. (Step or re-hardening), rapidity dist. width of  $\pi$

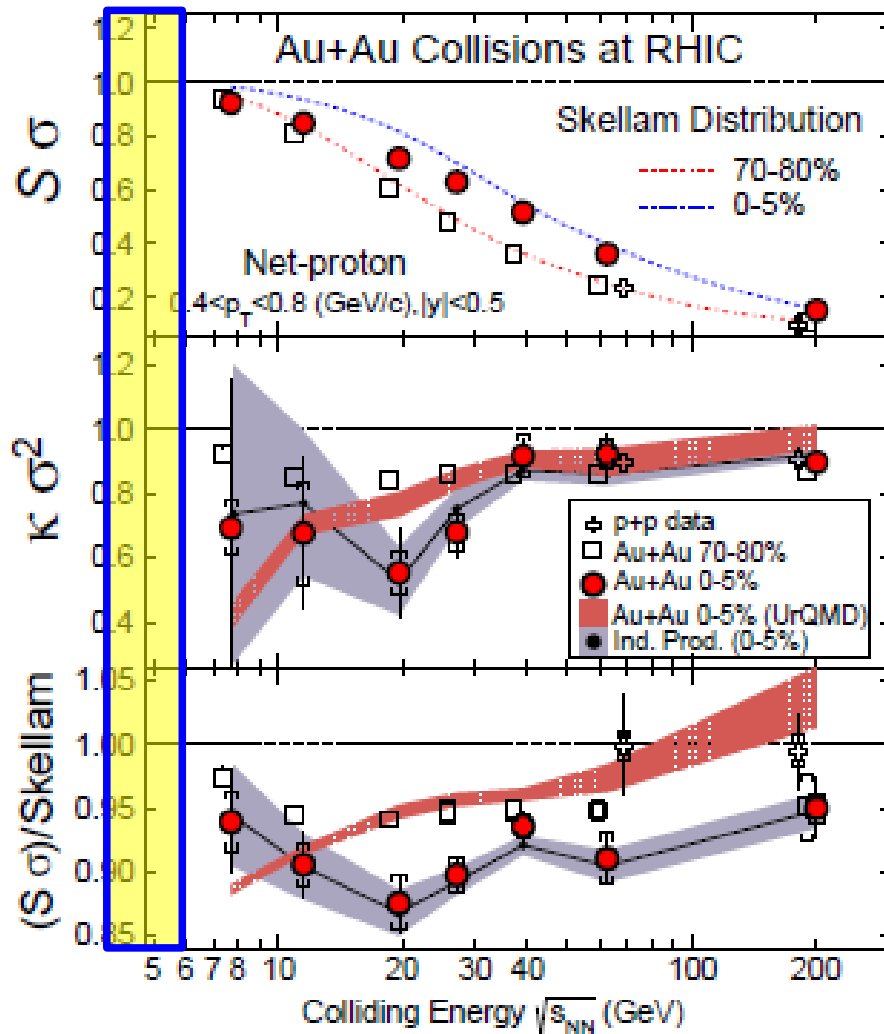


*E.g. A. Rustamov (2012)*



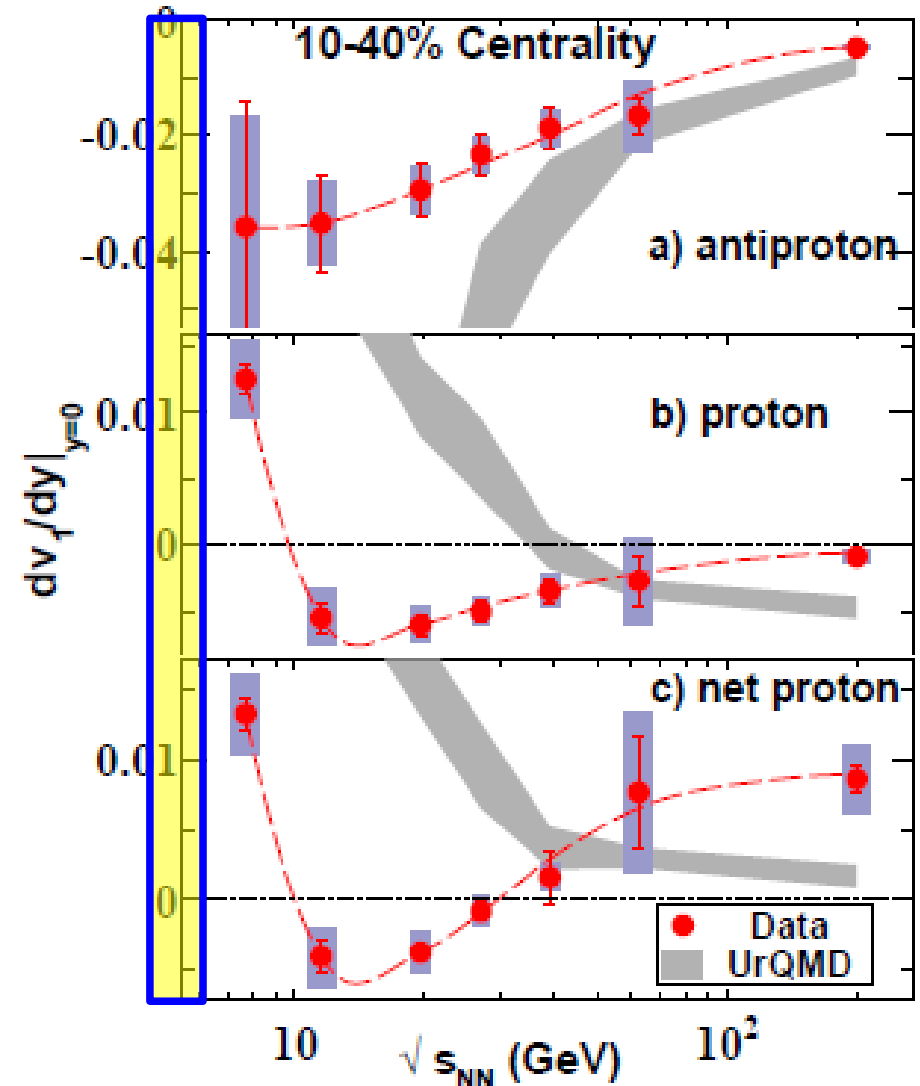
*N. Otuka, P.K.Sahu, M. Isse, Y. Nara, AO, nucl-th/010205*

# Net-Proton Number Cumulants & Directed Flow



STAR Collab. PRL 112('14)032302

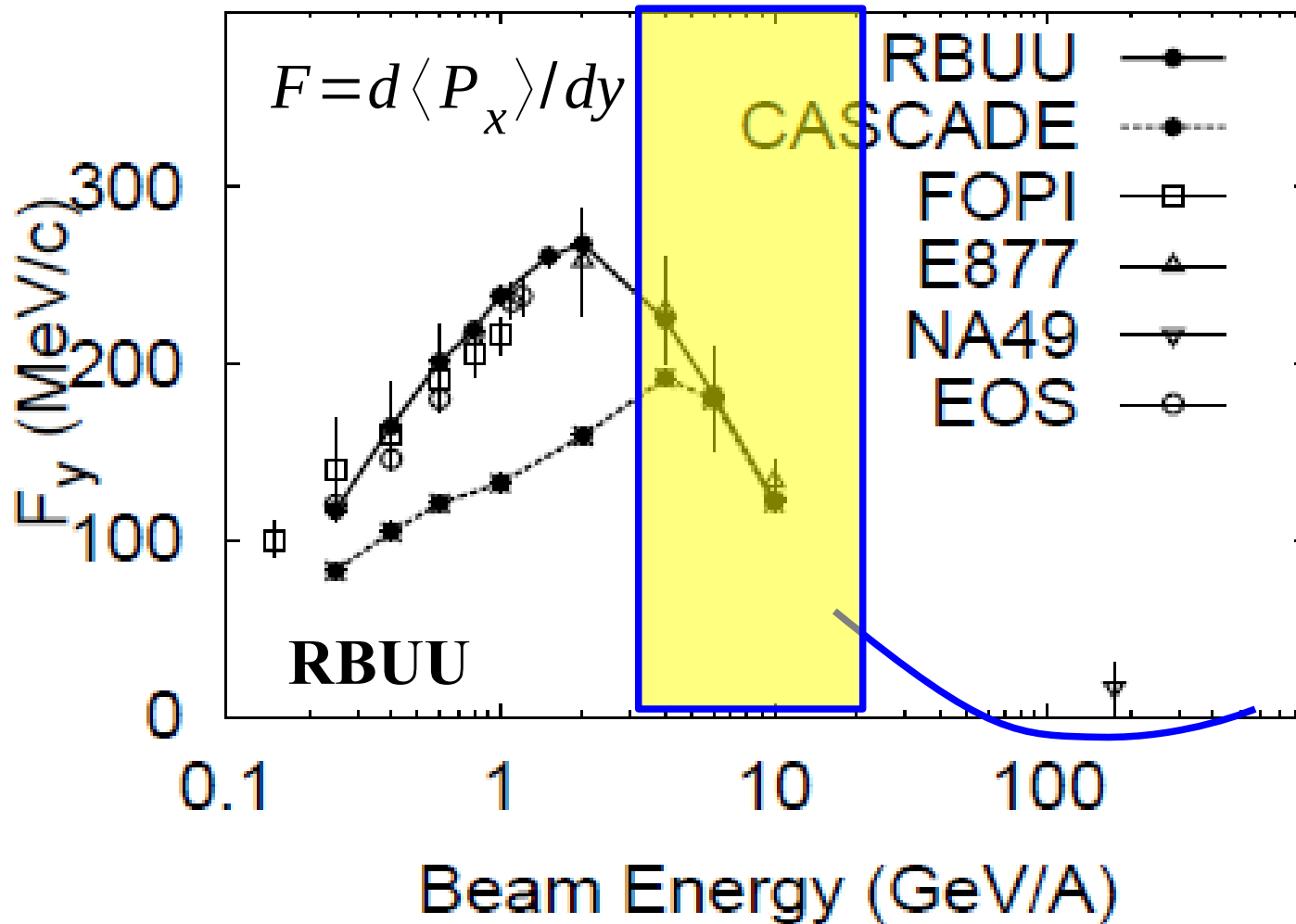
*Need statistics. J-PARC-HI may provide conclusive data.*



STAR Collab., PRL 112('14)162301.

*J-PARC-HI will not be competitive.*

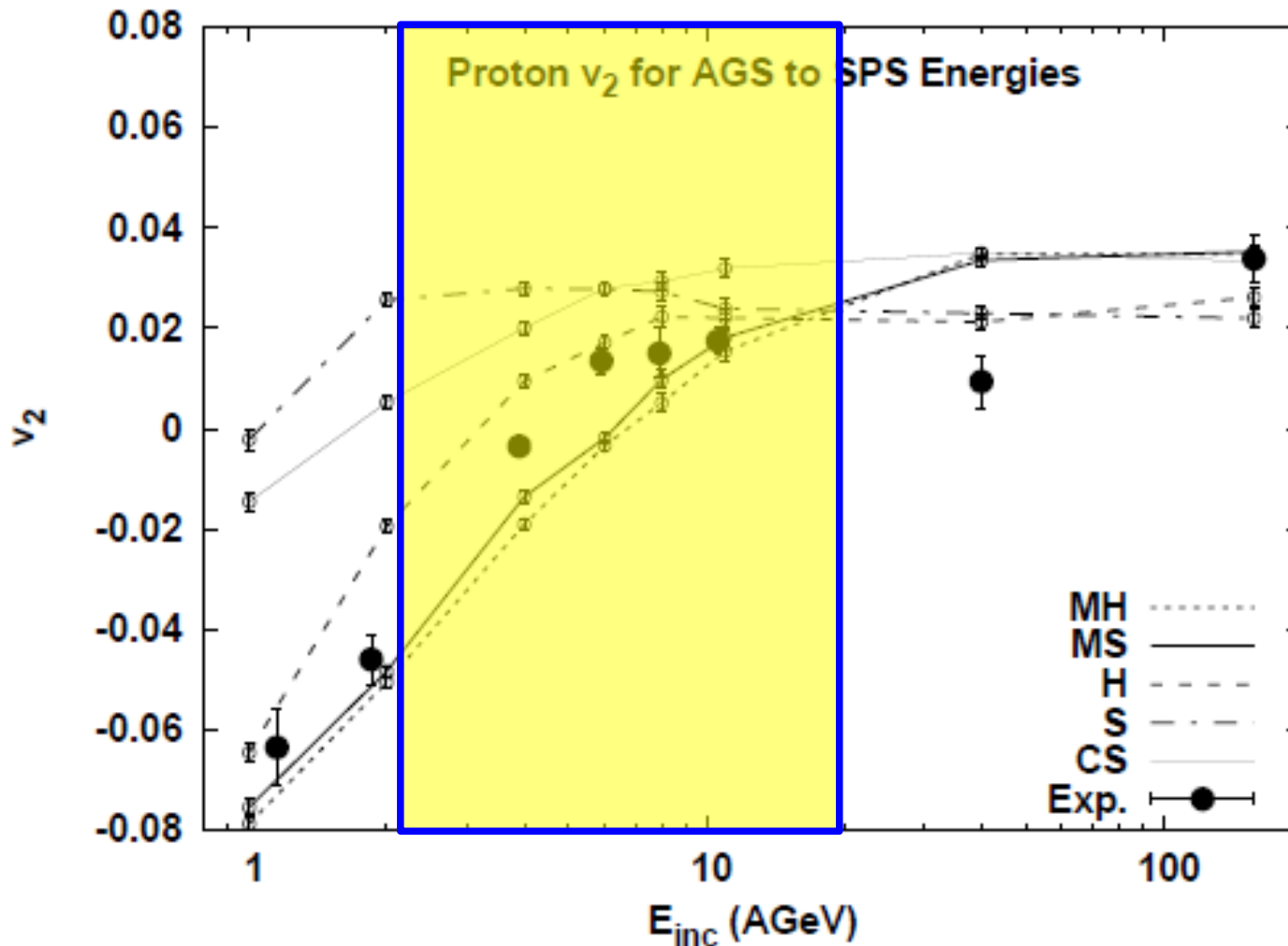
# Directed Flow



*P. K. Sahu, W. Cassing, U. Mosel, AO, Nucl. Phys. A 672 (2000),376*

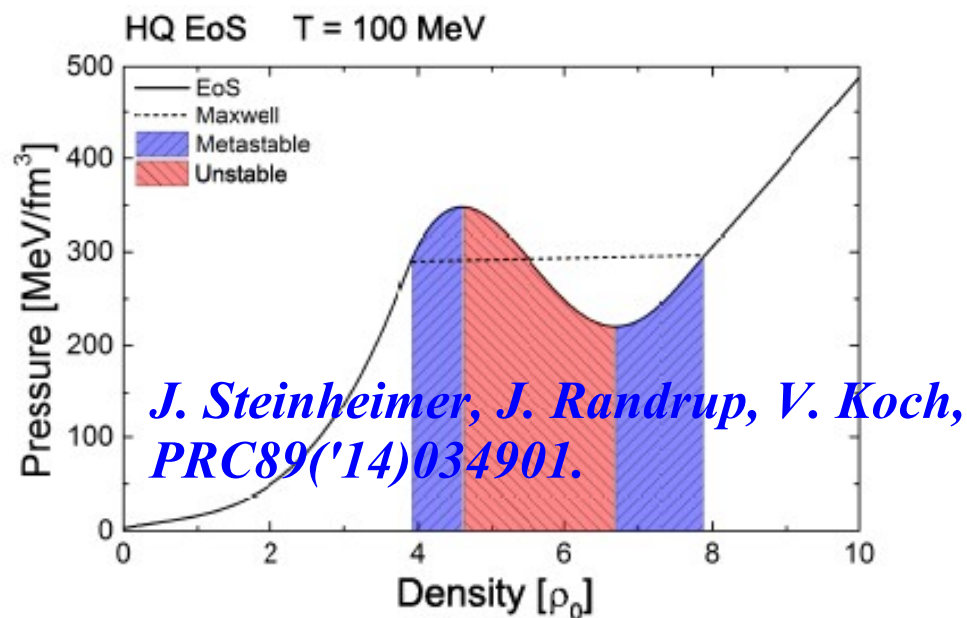
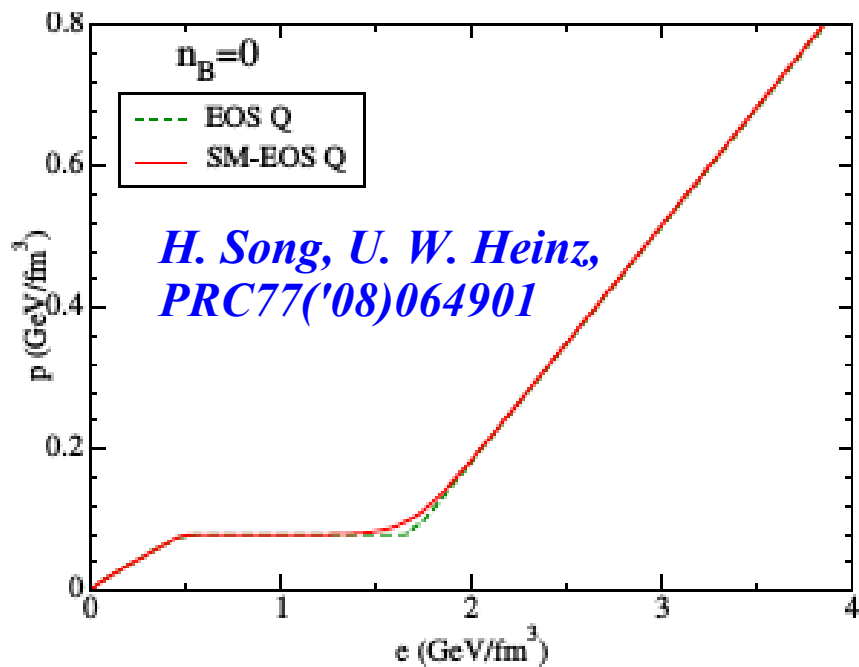
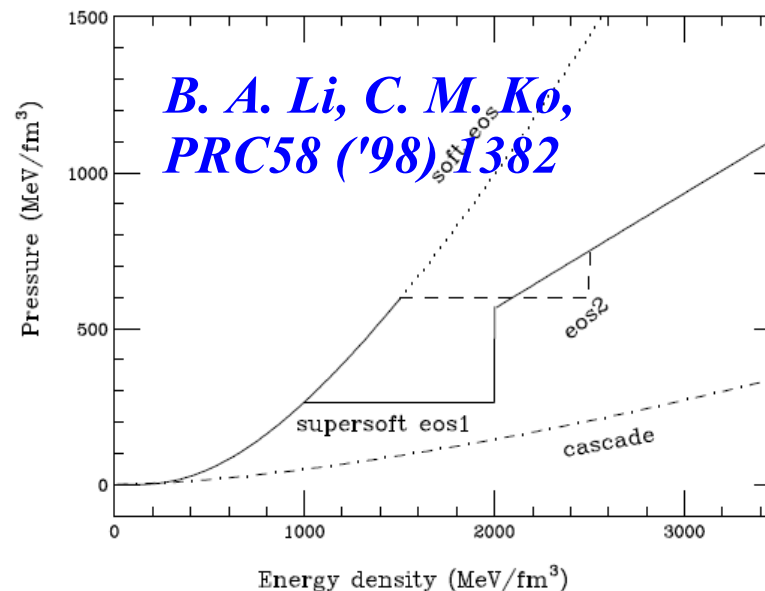
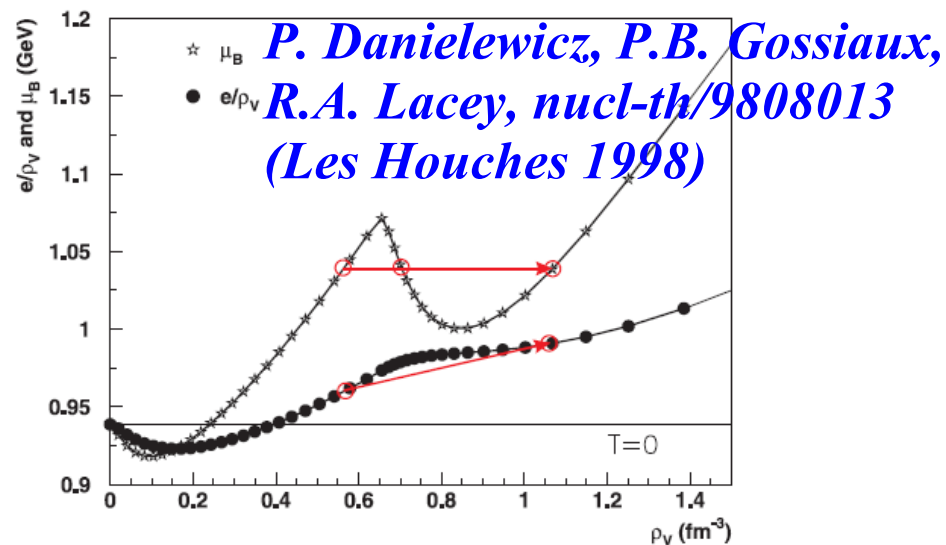


# Elliptic Flow



*M. Isse, A. Ohnishi, N. Otuka, P. K. Sahu, Y. Nara, PRC72('05)064908*

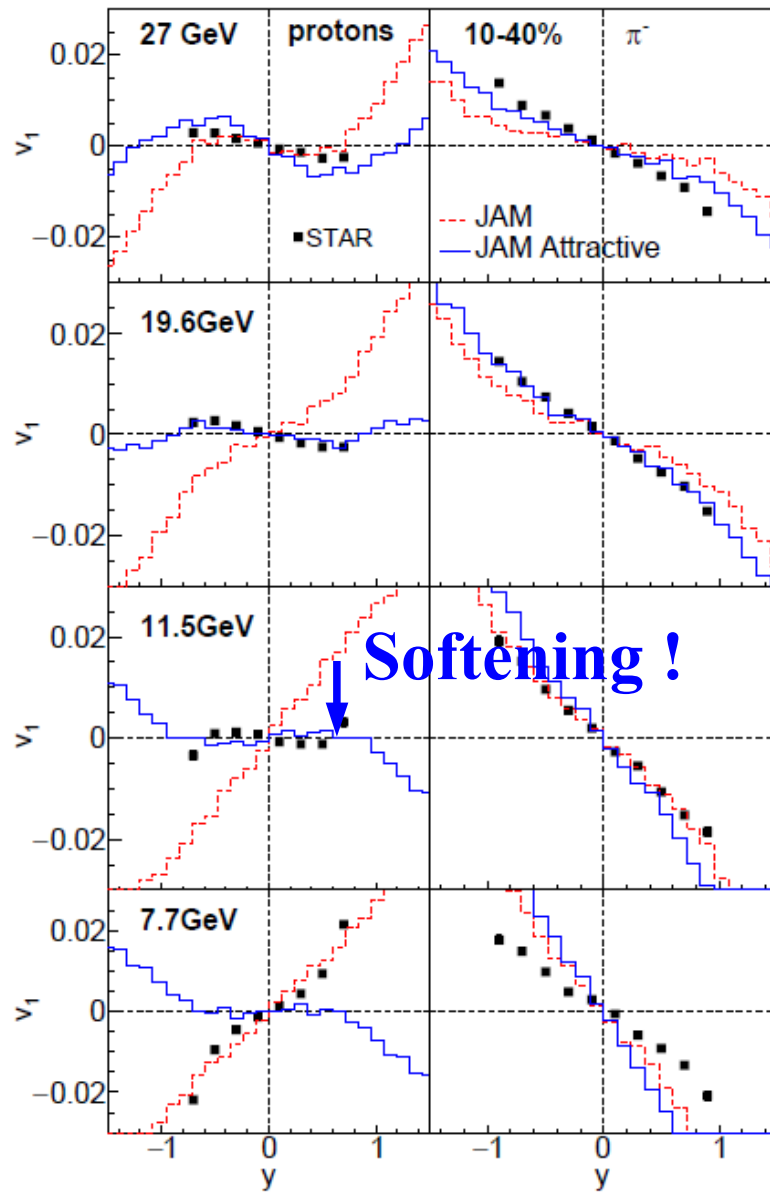
# Where do we find FOPT ?



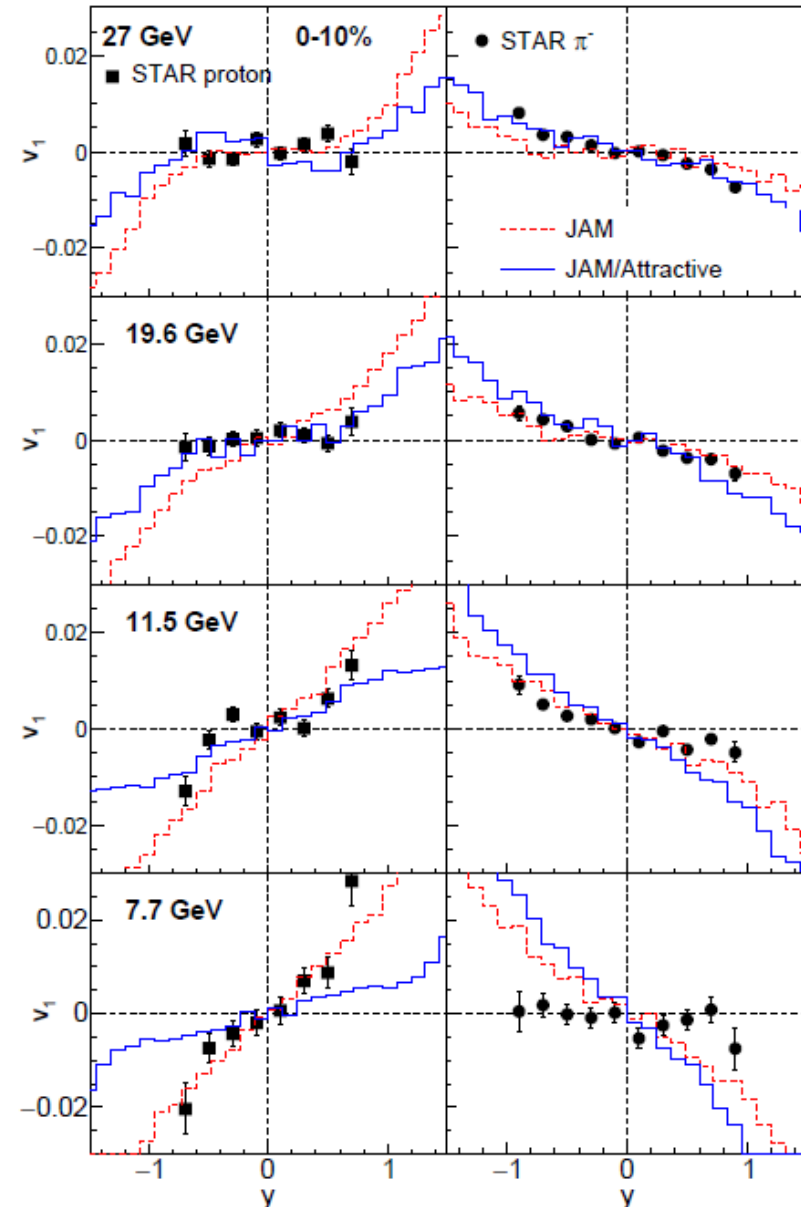
**1<sup>st</sup> order phase transition:  $\rho_B = (3-10) \rho_0$ ,  $P = (80-700) \text{ MeV/fm}^3$**

# Directed Flow with Attractive Orbits

Nara, Niemi, AO, Stöcker ('16)



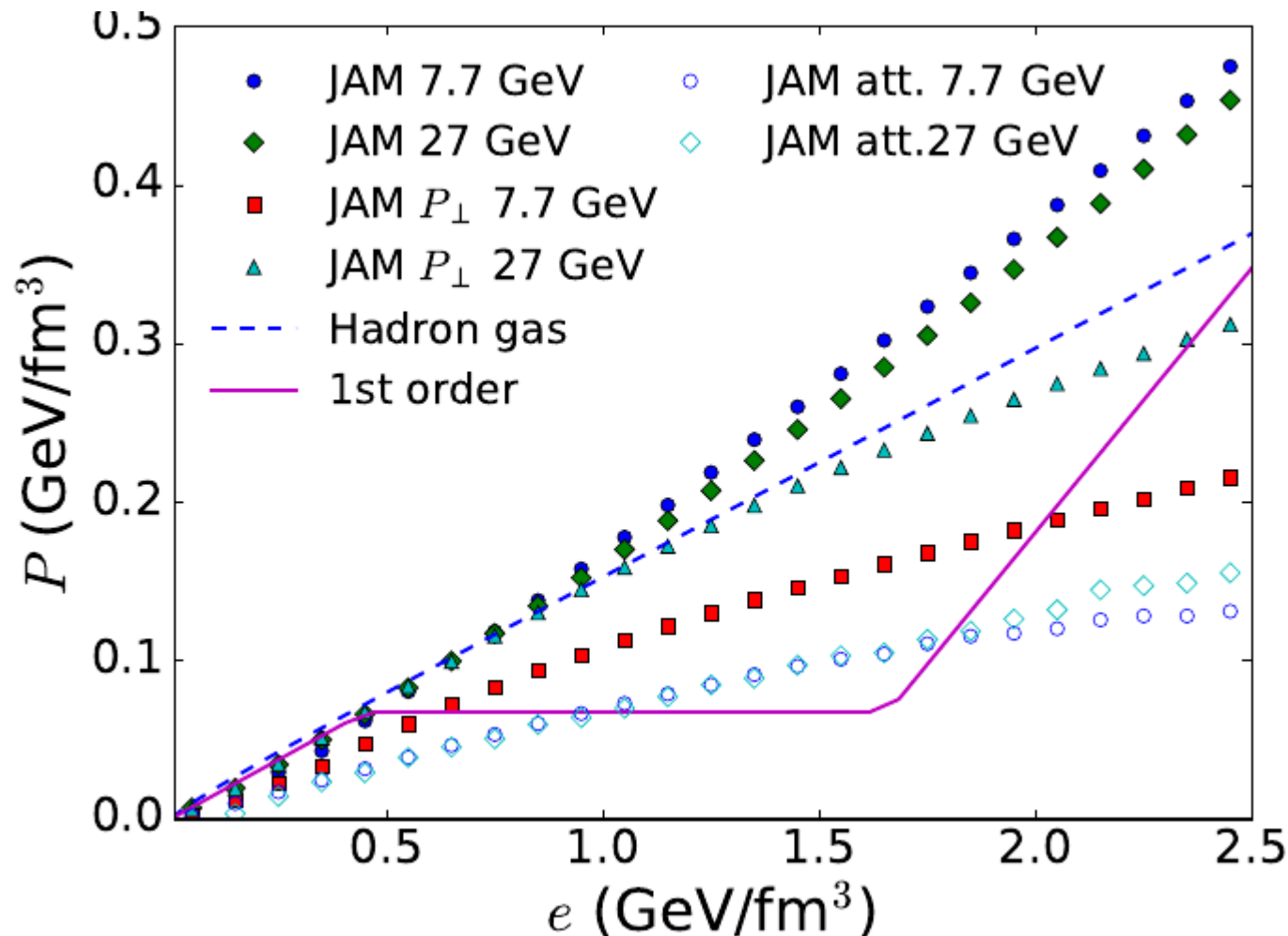
mid-central (10-40 %)



central (0-10 %)

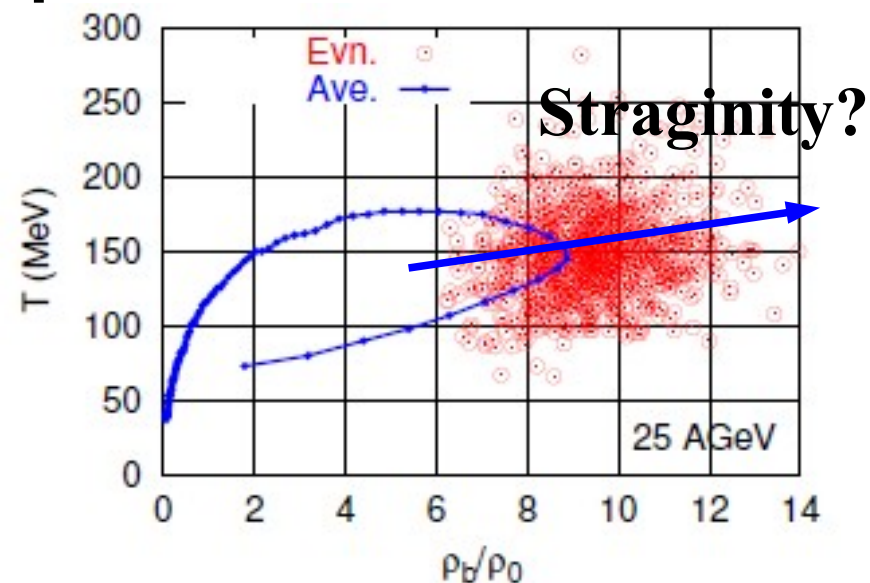
# Softening of EOS by Attractive Orbits

$$\Delta P = -\frac{\rho}{3(\delta\tau_i + \delta\tau_j)}(p'_i - p_i)^\mu(q_i - q_j)_\mu$$



# Phase Transition Signal at J-PARC Energies

- J-PARC energy ( $\sqrt{s_{NN}}=3-6$  GeV) は色々なシグナルが始まる付近。  
High intensity の特徴を生かせば onset of deconfinement を見つけることができるかも知れない。
- 輸送模型の計算結果は十分に高密度に達しており、  
小さな体積で短い時間、QGP ができていると思っても自然。
- 揺らぎにより密度・温度が高くなったイベントを集めると、  
QGP 生成のシグナルが見えるのでは？  
例：ストレンジクォーク対生成数で  
タグしたイベントを集める。  
(坂口さんのアイデア)  
Strangity, Baryonity



AO (JHF workshop, 2002);  
J. Phys: Conf. Ser. 668 ('16)012004

# Chiral Symmetry Restoration

- Vector meson の質量変化 (E16)
- カイラルパートナーの spectral function が一致。

- $\rho(770)$  and  $a_1(1230)$

$\Gamma(a_1) = 250-600$  MeV

- $K^*$  and  $K_1$   
(大西宏明さん)

$K^*(892)$

$(m, \Gamma) = (892, 47)$  MeV

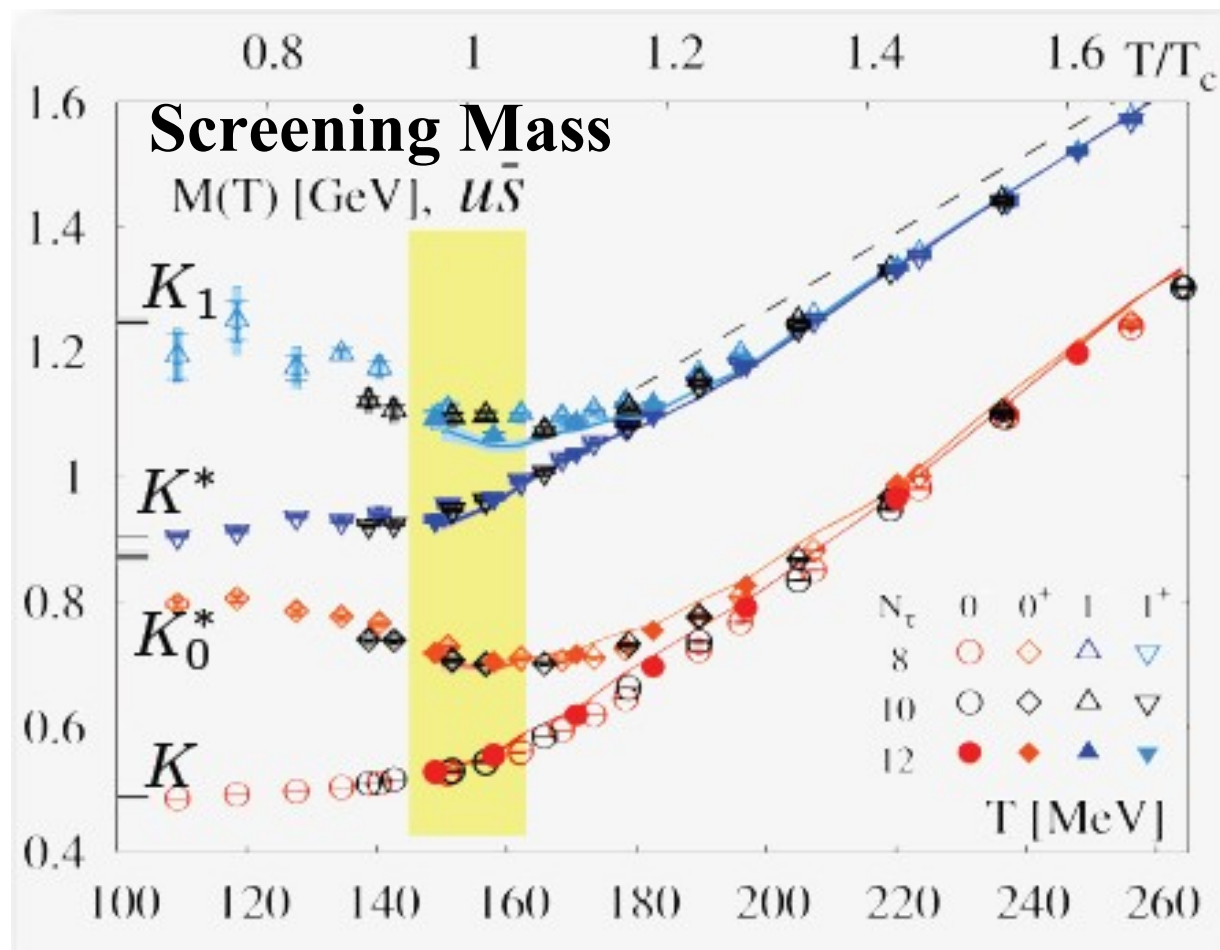
$K_1(1270)$

$(m, \Gamma) = (1272, 90)$  MeV

$\rightarrow K^*\pi$  ( $16 \pm 5\%$ )

- FSI 効果は？

- $pp \rightarrow pA \rightarrow AA$



Y. Maezawa, ExHIC 2016 workshop.

# Relevance of $\Lambda\Lambda$ interaction to physics

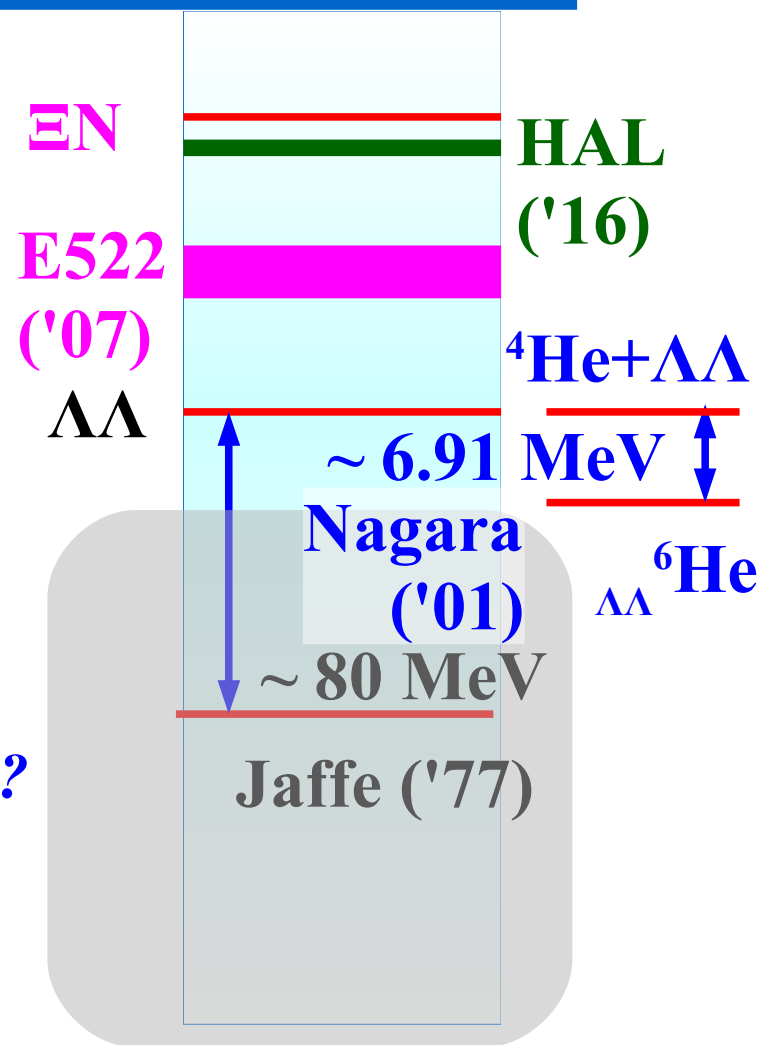
## ■ H-particle: 6-quark state (uuddss)

- Prediction: *R.L.Jaffe, PRL38(1977)195*
- Ruled-out by double  $\Lambda$  hypernucleus  
*Takahashi et al., PRL87('01) 212502*
- Resonance or Bound “H” ?  
*Yoon et al.(KEK-E522) ('07)*
- Lattice QCD  
*HAL QCD & NPLQCD ('11)*  
*HAL QCD ('16): H as a loosely bound  $\bar{EN}$  ?*

## ■ Neutron Star Matter EOS

- Hyperon Puzzle  
*Demorest et al. ('10), Antoniadis et al. ('13)*
- Cooling Puzzle ( $\Lambda\Lambda$  superfluidity)  
*T. Takatsuka, R. Tamagaki, PTP 112('04)37*

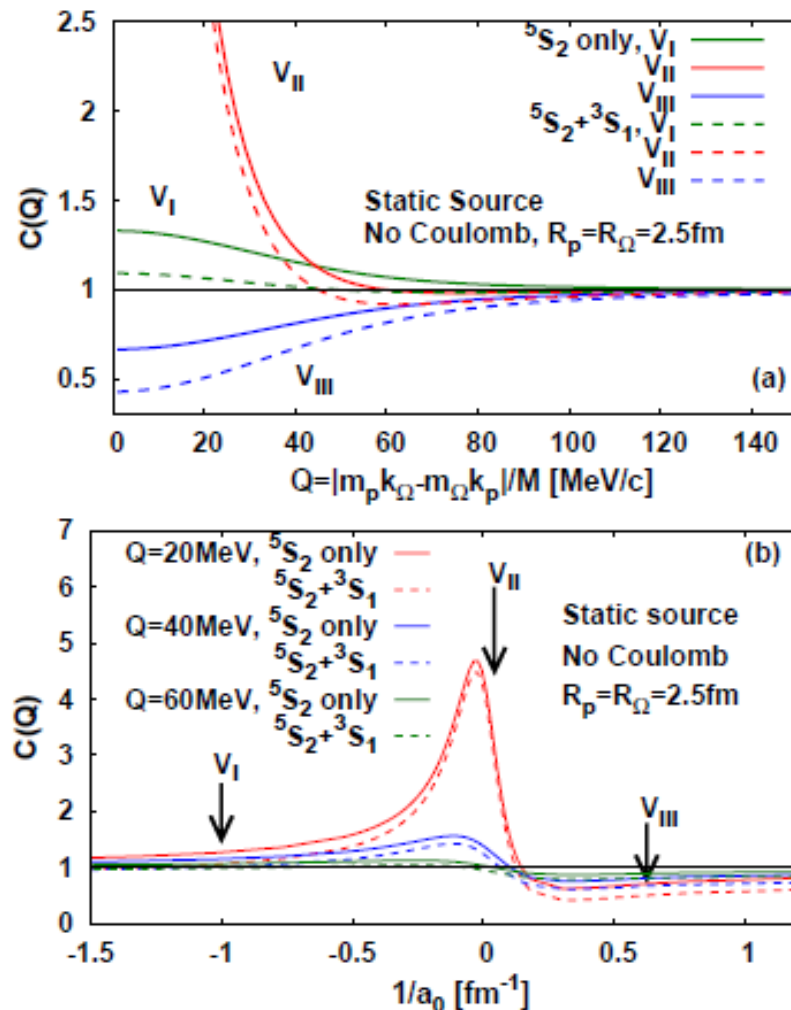
## ■ QGP signal, BB interaction model, ....





# H-particle Hunting

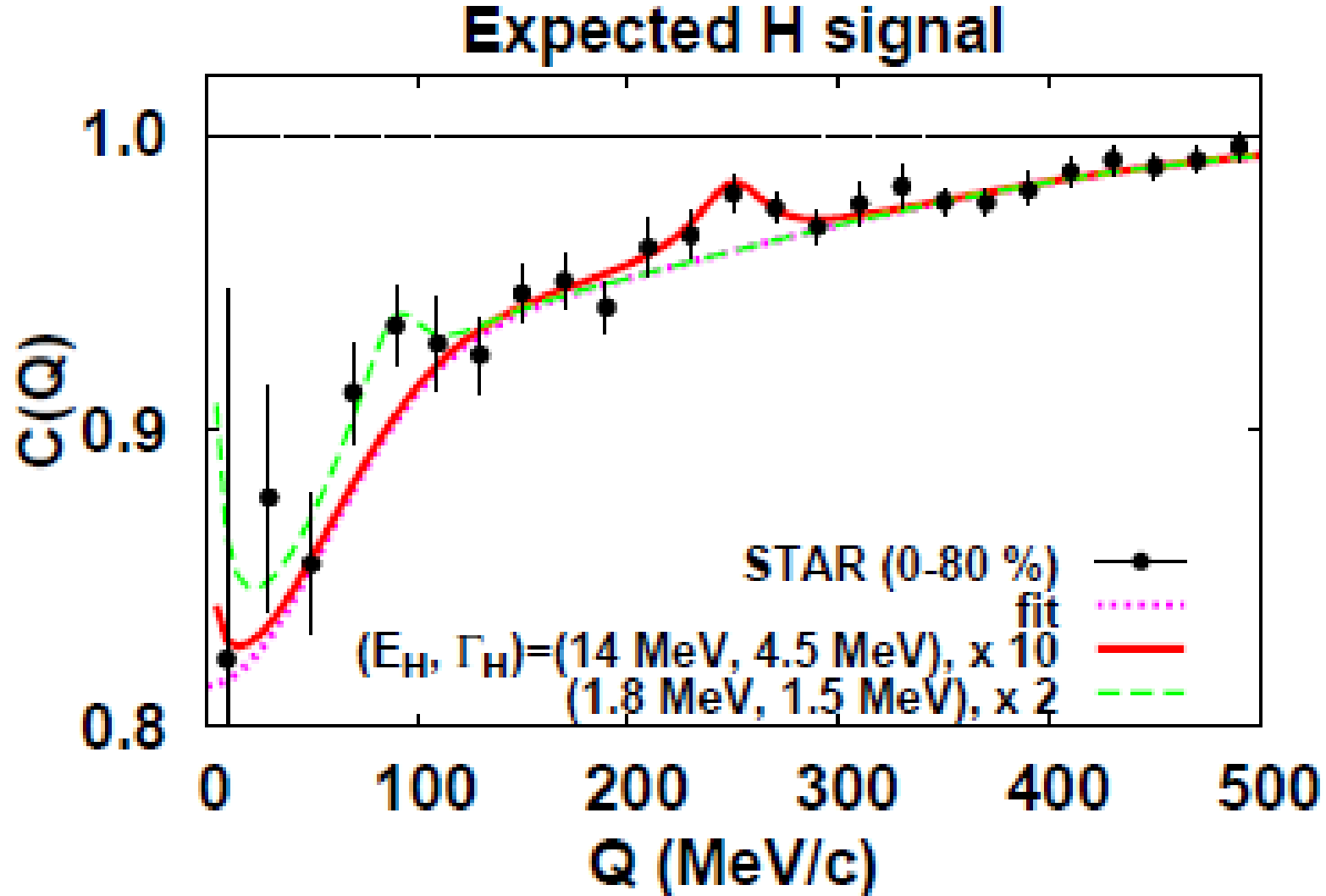
- 最近の HAL の結果「H は  $\Xi N$  しきい値のすぐ下にある」  
(K. Sasaki et al.)
- とても浅い束縛状態があると  
Corr. Fn. に大きな増加があるはず。
- $\Lambda\Lambda$  の不変質量分布から  
 $\Xi N$  束縛状態のピークを見つけるのは  
今の RHIC の統計では無理。
- J-PARC エネルギーは  $\Lambda/\pi$  比が大きい



*K. Morita, AO, F. Etminan, T. Hatsuda, arXiv:1605.06765 [hep-ph]*



# Detecting H Resonance

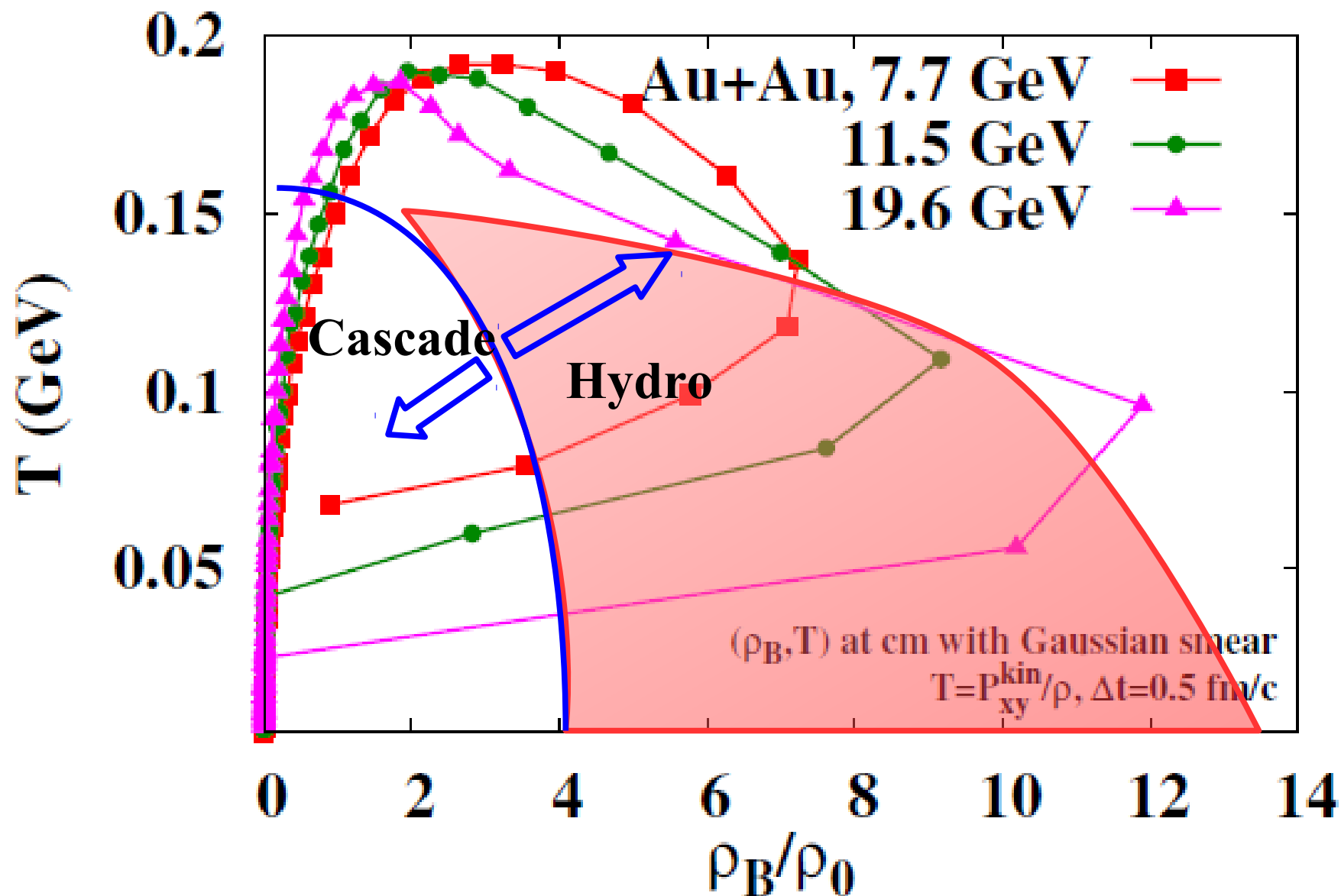


*When the resonance energy is much above the threshold, detecting a resonance is not easy because of huge background.*

# Summary

- J-PARC-HI では  
Onset of deconfinement,  
Chiral restoration,  
Confirmation of H & Other Exotics  
(multi-strangeness, molecule, ...)  
などの可能性がある。
- しかしどれも極めて non-trivial。特に相転移効果・ハドロン & パarton自由度を含むシミュレーション・プログラム (流体 + カスケード) は是非必要。
- 海外の研究者 (FAIR, NICA の supporting members) を取り込む、責任ある教員の配置、ポスドク枠の確保などを行う必要がある。

# Two ways to probe QCD phase transition



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*Thank you !*