

J-PARC Heavy-Ion Program Overview

H. Sako (ASRC/J-PARC, JAEA)

34th Reimei workshop

“Physics of Heavy-ion Collisions at J-PARC”

Tokai, 2016/8/8

Outline

1. Introduction
2. Physics goals
3. Experimental design and simulation
4. Summary

J-PARC-HI Collaboration

76 members : **Experimental** and **Theoretical** Nuclear Physicists and **Accelerator Physicists**

H. Sako, S. Nagamiya, K. Imai, K. Nishio, S. Sato, S. Hasegawa, K. Tanida, S. H. Hwang, H. Sugimura, Y. Ichikawa, K. Ozawa, K. H. Tanaka, S. Sawada, T. Sakaguchi, D. Gavor, K. Shigaki, A. Sakaguchi, T. Chujo, S. Esumi, Y. Miake, O. Busch, T. Nonaka, B. C. Kim, H. Masui, K. Sato, M. Inaba, T. Gunji, H. Tamura, M. Kaneta, K. Oyama, Y. Tanaka, H. Hamagaki, M. Naruki, S. Yokkaichi, T. Hachiya, **T. R. Saito**, X. Luo, N. Xu, B. S. Hong, J. K. Ahn, E. J. Kim, I. K. Yoo, M. Shimomura, T. Nakamura, S. Shimansky, J. Milosevic, M. Djordjevic, L. Nadjdjerdj, D. Devetak, M. Stojanovic, P. Cirkovic, T. Csorgo, P. Garg, D. Mishra

M. Kitazawa, T. Maruyama, M. Oka, K. Itakura, Y. Nara, T. Hatsuda, C. Nonaka, T. Hirano, K. Murase, K. Fukushima, H. Fujii, A. Ohnishi, K. Morita, A. Nakamura

H. Harada, P. K. Saha, M. Kinsho, Y. Liu, J. Tamura, M. Yoshii, M. Okamura, A. Kovalenko

ASRC/JAEA, J-PARC/JAEA, J-PARC/KEK, Tokyo Inst. Tech, Hiroshima U, Osaka U, U Tsukuba, Tsukuba U Tech, CNS, U Tokyo, Tohoku U, Nagasaki IAS, Kyoto U, RIKEN, Akita International U, Nagoya U, Sophia U, U Tokyo, YITP/Kyoto U, Nara Women's U, KEK, **BNL, Mainz U, GSI Central China Normal U, Korea U, Chonbuk National U, Pusan National U, JINR, U Belgrade, Wigner RCP, KRF, Stony Brook U, Bhaba Atomic Research Centre, Far Eastern Federal U**

Goals of J-PARC-HI

-Physics of extremely dense matter-

RHIC/LHC discovered QGP at high temperature and low density

No direct evidence for the critical point and phase boundary discovered.

Talks by Kweon, Milosevic (Aug 8)

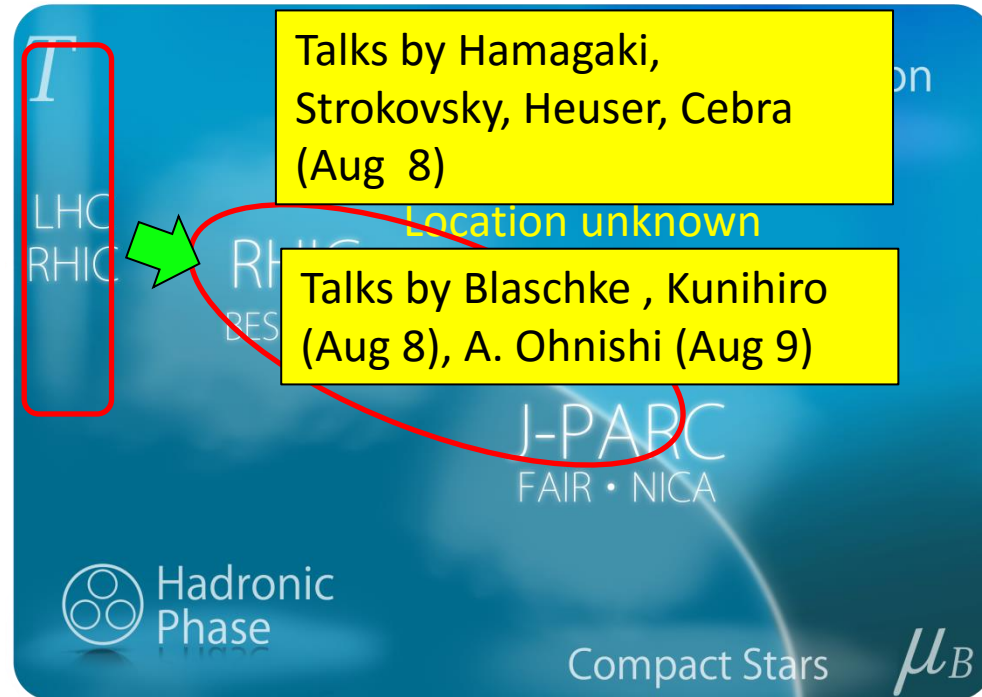
The highest density matter at J-PARC

5-10 ρ_0

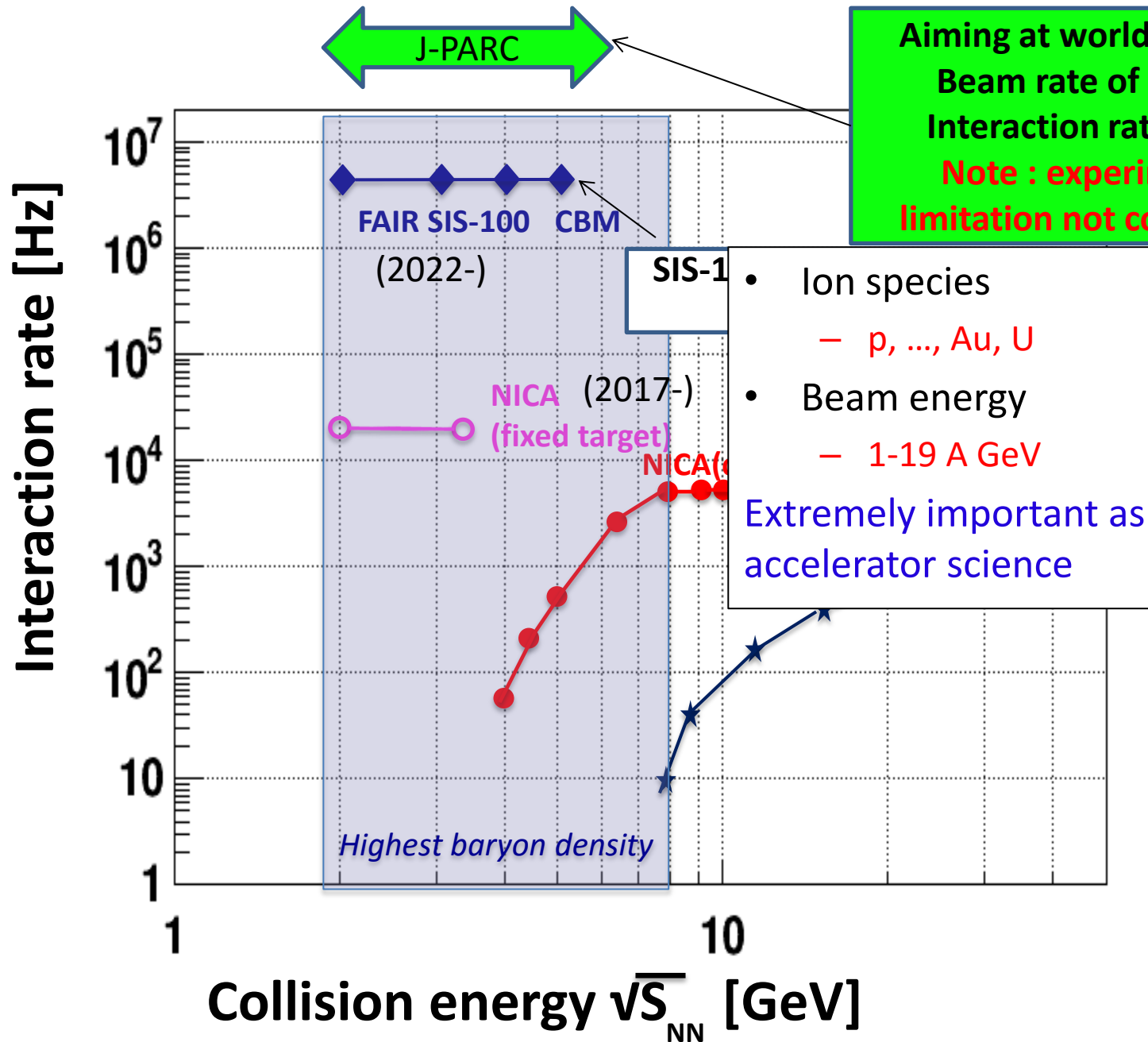
~ neutron star core

Goals of J-PARC-HI

- ▶ Studies of phase structures
- ▶ Chiral restoration with dileptons
- ▶ Hadron properties (EOS) related to neutron star
- ▶ Search for strange quark matter



HI experiments for high density physics



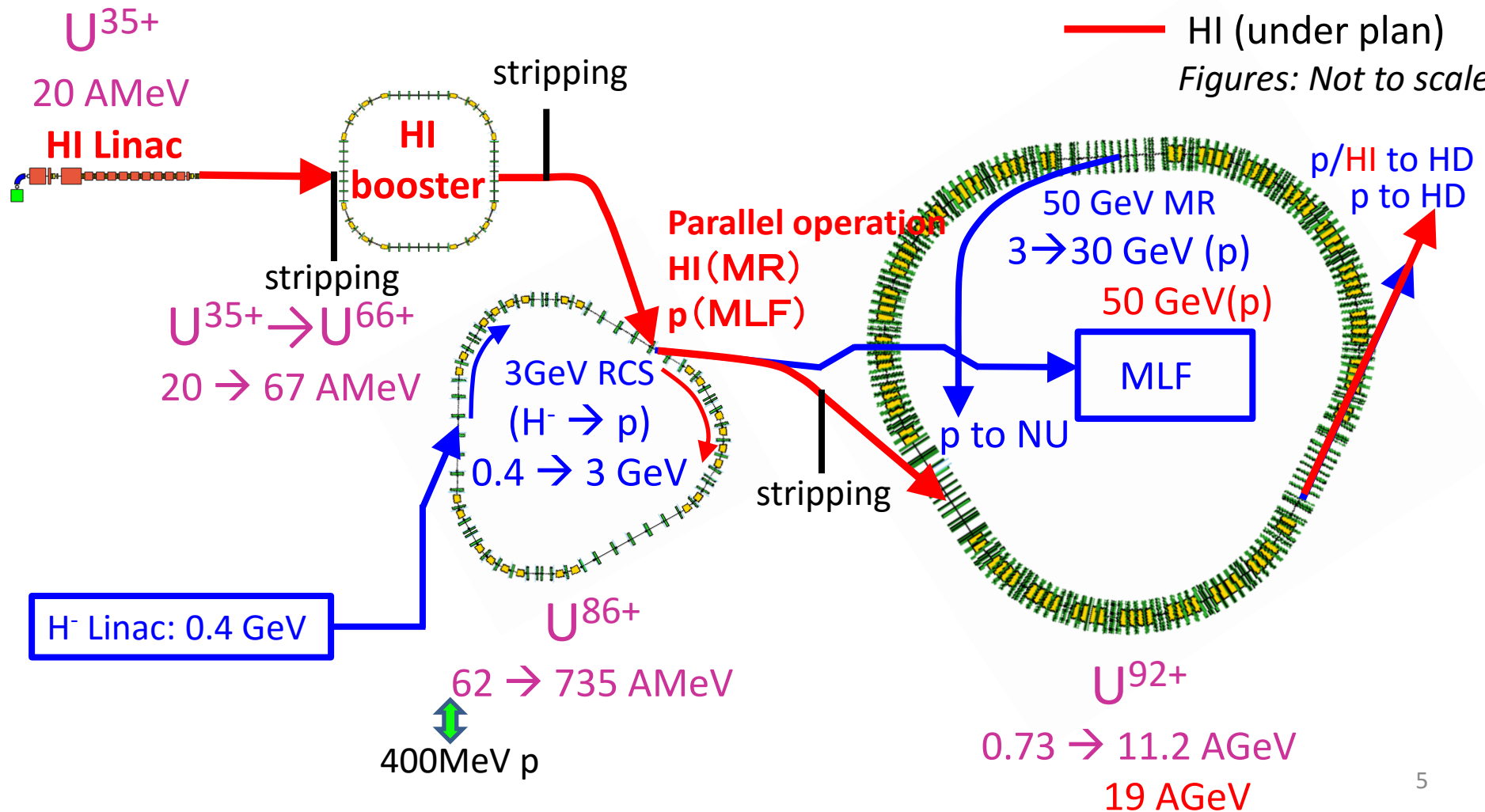
HI accelerator scheme

Talk by H. Harada (Aug 8)

— proton (existing)

— HI (under plan)

Figures: Not to scale

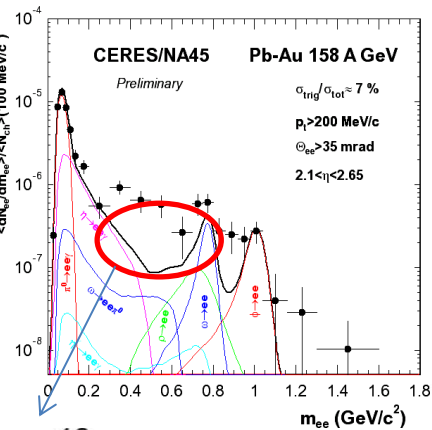


Physics list at J-PARC-HI

- **Dileptons**
 - Penetrating probes of dense matter
 - Modification of $\rho/\omega/\phi$ linked to chiral symmetry restoration
- **Photons**
 - Thermal radiations from QGP and hadron
 - Measurement of T at equilibrium
- **Hadron measurements (high statistics)**
 - **Event-by-event fluctuations**
 - (Multi-)strange hadrons/hypernuclei, strangelets (S=-1,-2,-3,...)
- **Charm**
 - J/ ψ , D, ...
 - Sensitive to initial dense matter?
 - D : mass change due to chiral restoration

Talks by Gubler and
Suenaga (Aug 8)
Nagashima (Aug 9)

Dilepton low-mass enhancement



Dilepton Low-mass enhancement factor
 Due to ρ spectrum change
 Measured / cocktail in $m=0.2-0.8 \text{ GeV}/c^2$

Maximum low mass enhancement around J-PARC energies?

- Dielectron
 - γ conversion at low mass (background)
- Dimuon
 - $\pi, K \rightarrow \mu$ decay (background)
 - Higher rate beam can be used
- High statistics at J-PARC

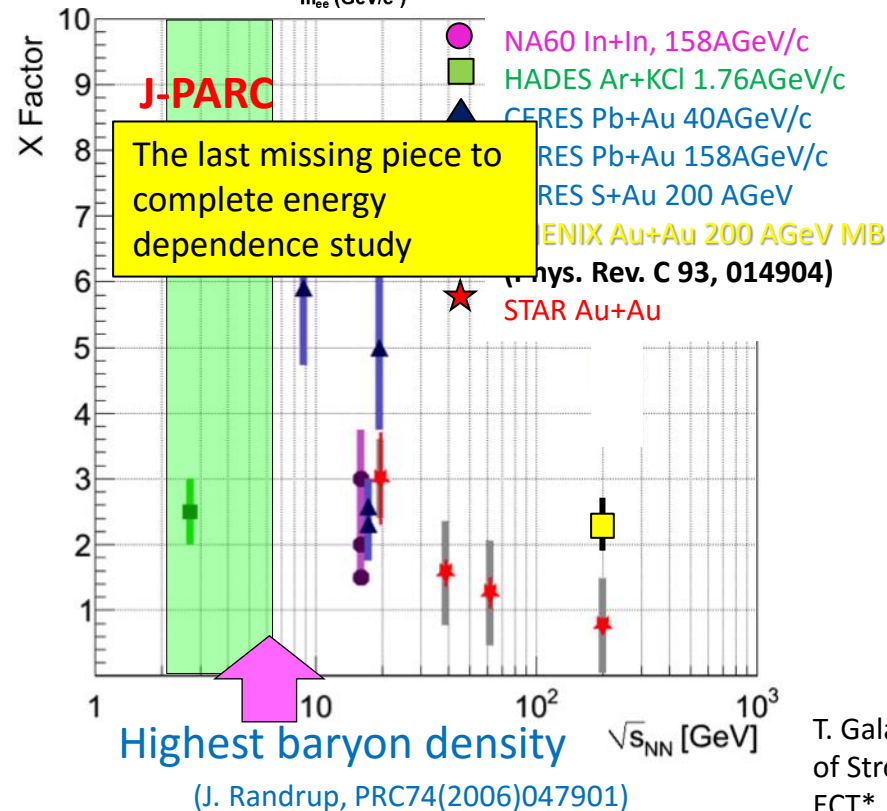
– Moment analysis

$$\int dm_{ee} N(m_{ee}) m_{ee}^n \quad (n = 1, 2, \dots)$$

→ Direct comparison to theoretical models (e.g. QCD sum rules related to quark and gluon condensate)

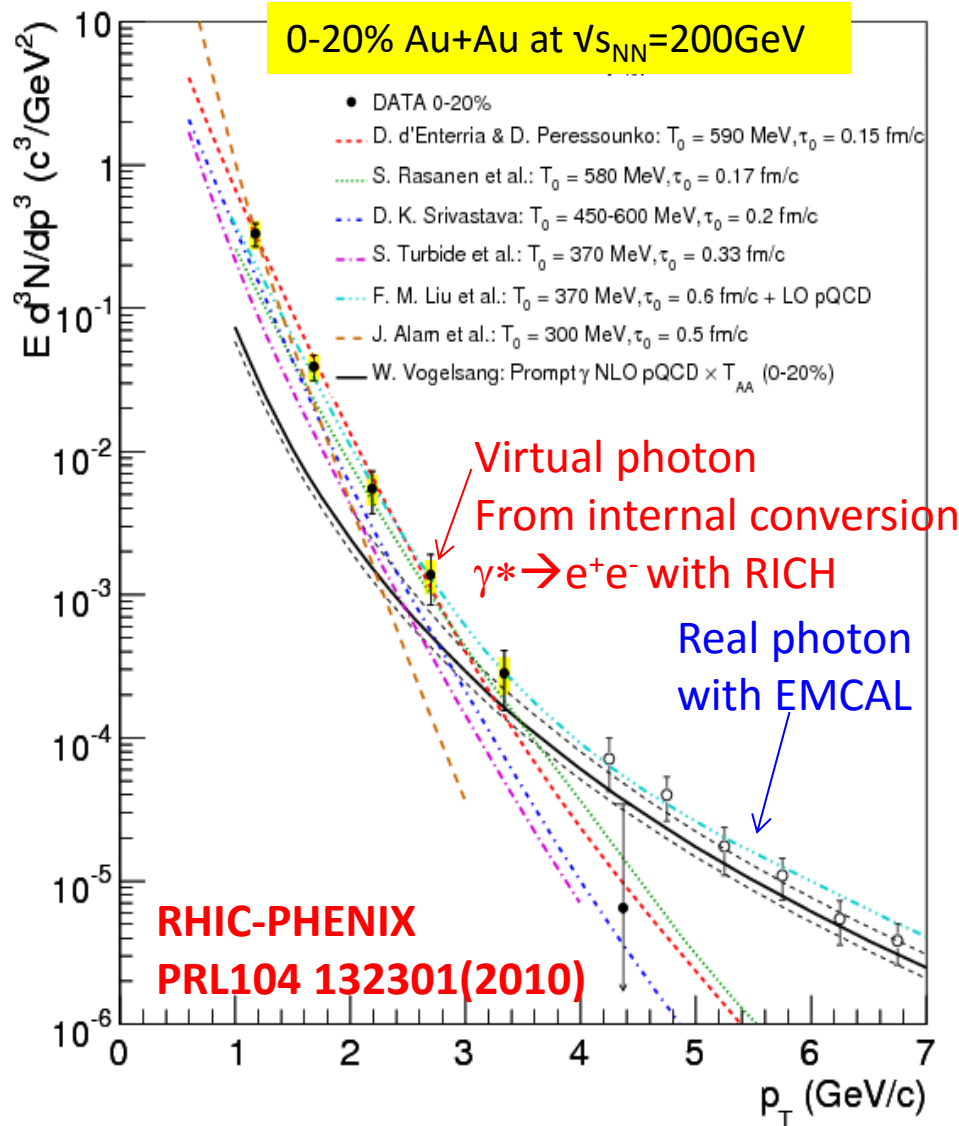
Hayano and Hatsuda, RMP82, 2949

In particular, ω and ϕ peaks!

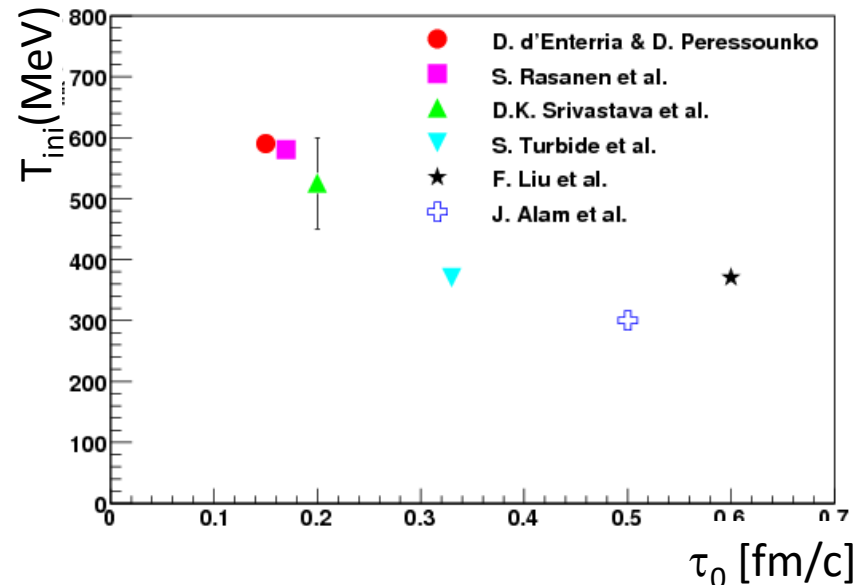


T. Galatyuk, EM probes of Strongly Interacting Matter
 ECT*, Trento 2007

Direct photon : observable for temperature at equilibrium



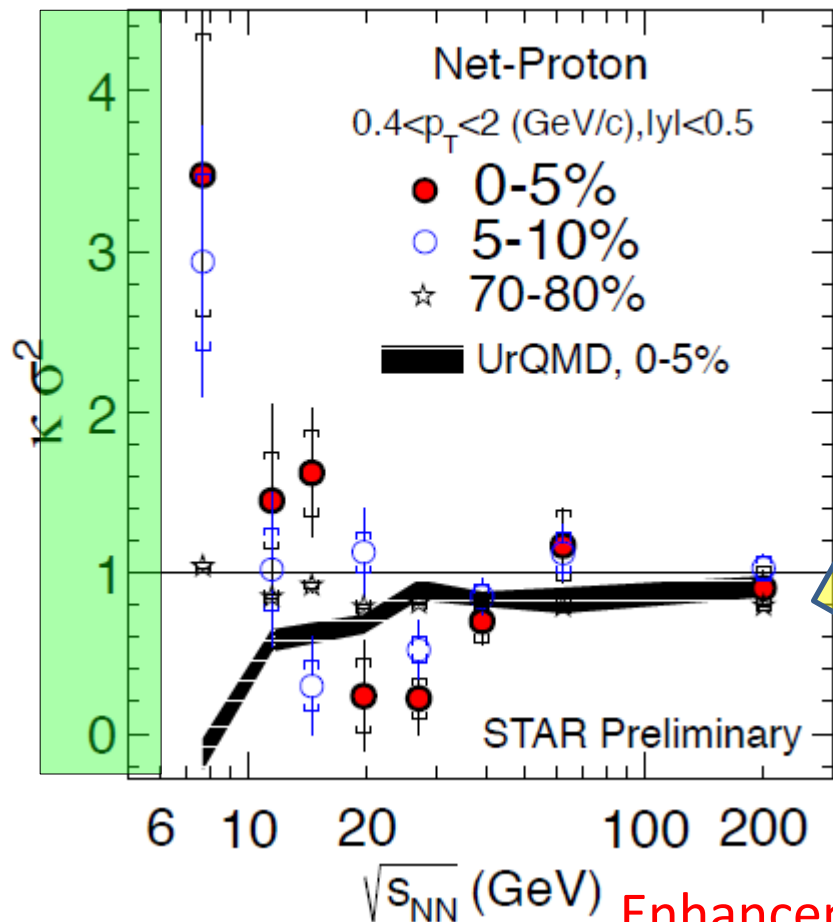
- Inverse slope = 220 MeV (RHIC) $> T_c$ (170 MeV)
 - 304 MeV at LHC-ALICE
- Possibility to measure at J-PARC
- Theoretical model fits to data extract T (temperature) and τ_0 (thermalization time)



Net-proton fluctuations

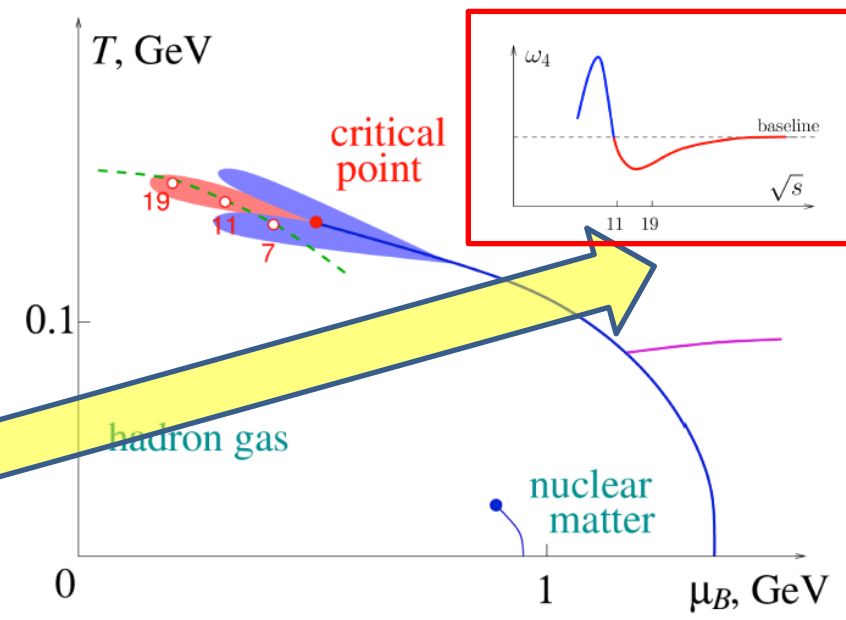
Ebe fluctuations : Probe to search for the critical point
w/ higher-order fluctuations

J-PARC



Theory

M.A. Stephanov,
PRL107, 052301 (2011).



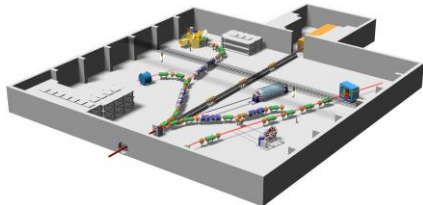
Enhancement of 4th-order
fluctuations at low energies
Indications of the critical point?

Extension of Hadron nuclear physics to high density with HI beams

Normal nuclear density

Neutron star density

Proton and meson beam program at J-PARC



Exotic hadrons
Pentaquark (E19)
H-dibaryon (E42)

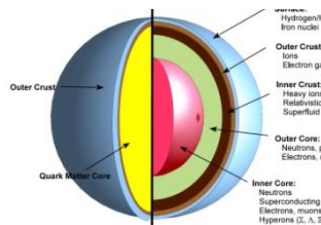
$|S| \leq 2$ hypernuclei
(E10, E13, E07, E05)

Kaonic nuclei: K^-pp (E15, E27)

Talks by Ozawa, Noumi, H. Ohnishi (Aug 9)

dilepton in $p+A$ (E16)

Neutron Star



Neutron stars with $2M_{\odot}$

\Rightarrow Hard EOS

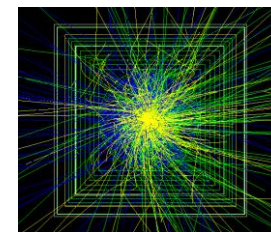
- YN 3 body force?
- Quark-hadron phase

Talks by Sekiguchi (Aug 9)

YN YY interactions

EOS

J-PARC-HI



Exotic hadrons
(structure by yield)

$|S| \geq 3$ hypernuclei

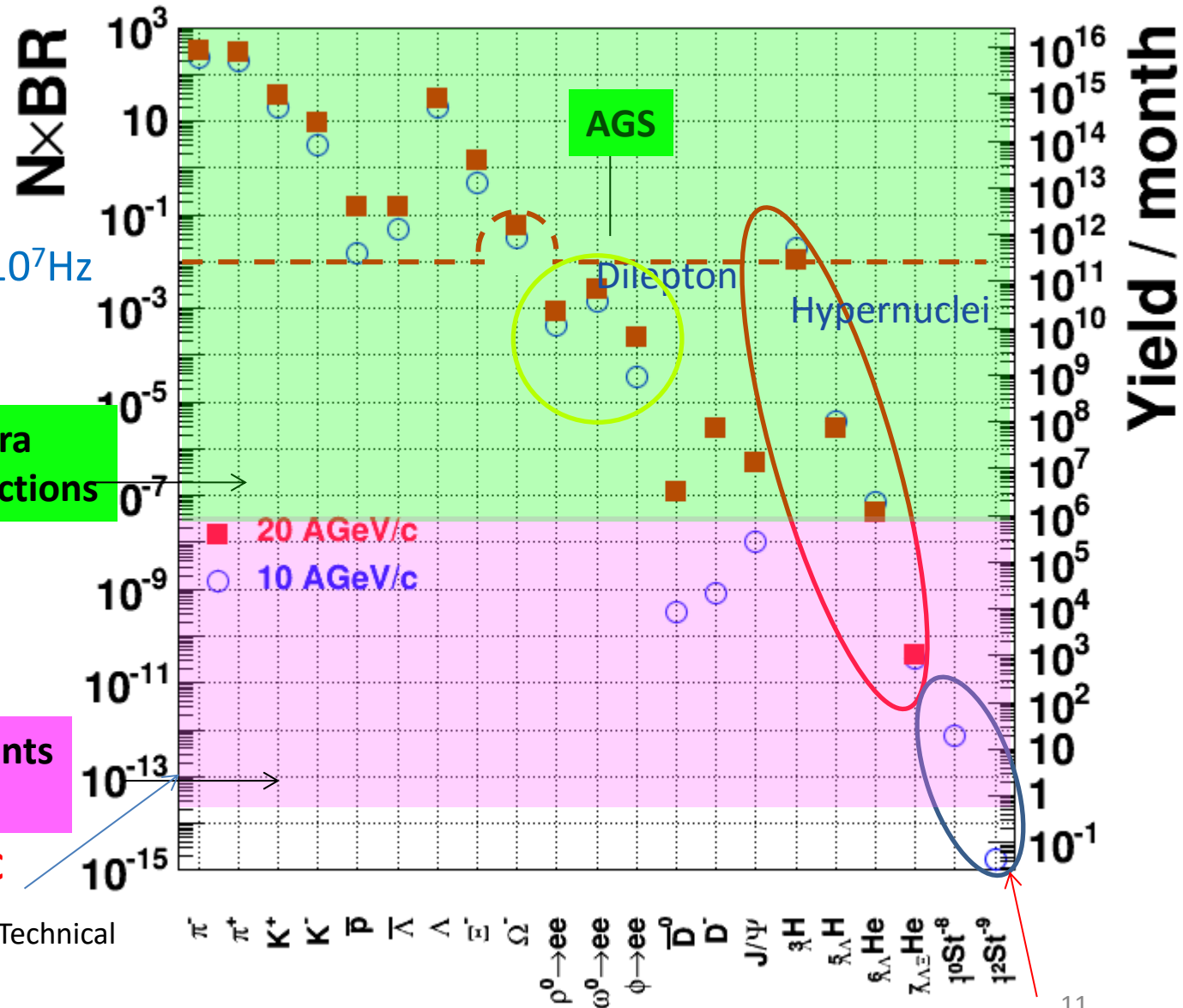
Strangelet (strange quark matter)
 Λ^* Cluster

2-particle correlation (HBT)

Collective flow

Chiral restoration
dilepton in $A+A$

Particle production rates



Beam : 10¹⁰ Hz

0.1 % target

→ Min-bias event rate 10⁷Hz

In 1 month experiment:

ρ, ω, φ → ee 10

Y, pt spectra

Hypernuclei 1

Event selections

Measurements and Search

10⁻¹³ sensitivity at J-PARC

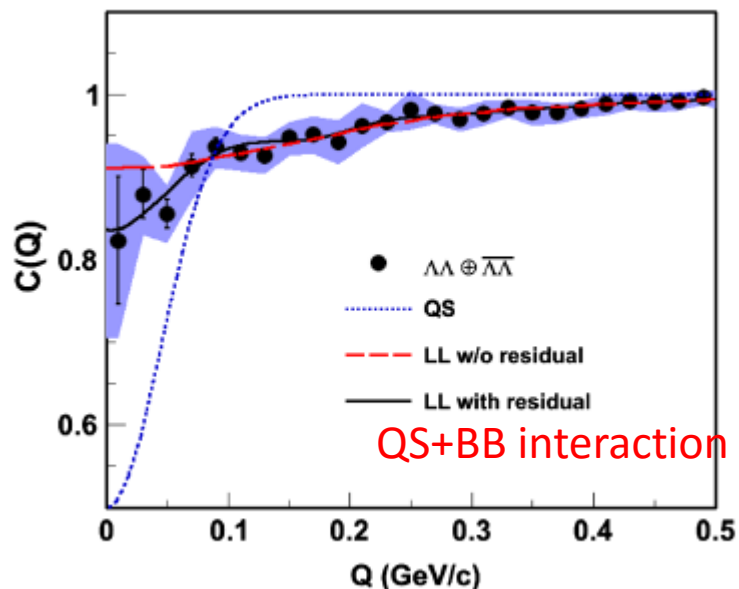
HSD calculations in FAIR Baseline Technical Report (Mar 2006)

A. Andronic, PLB697 (2011) 203

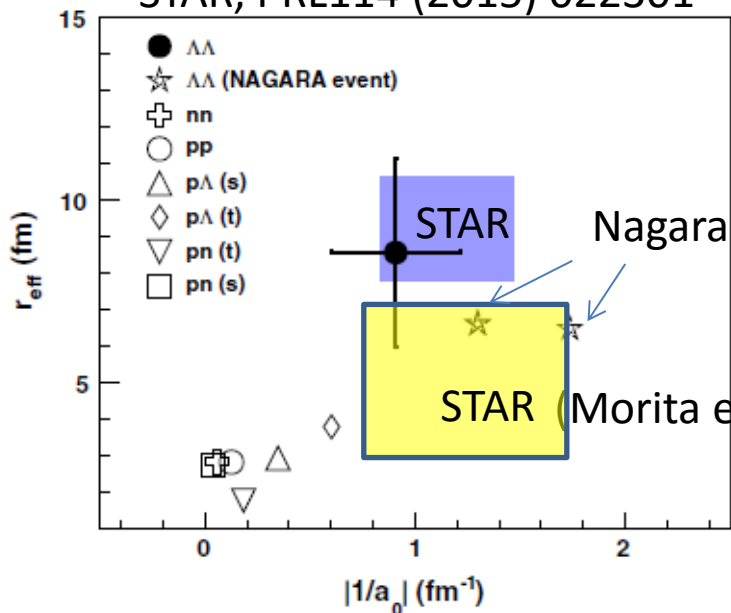
Strangelets: P. Braun-Munzinger J.Phys.G21 (1995)L17

$\Lambda\Lambda$ correlation in HI collisions (STAR)

$\Lambda\Lambda$ correlation function



STAR, PRL114 (2015) 022301



Talk by Morita (Aug 9)

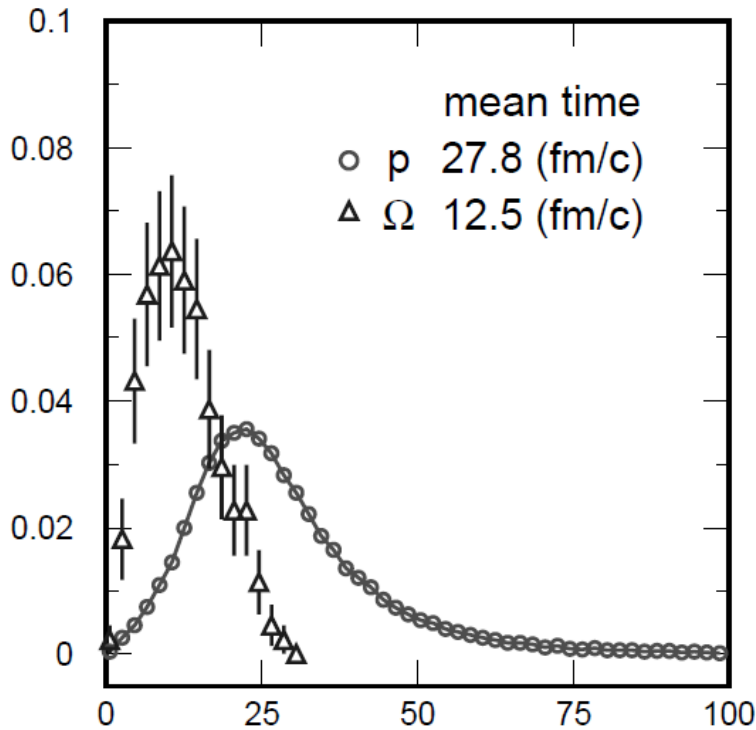
- Information of baryon-baryon interactions can be obtained from two-particle momentum correlation
- Both hadron/nuclear experiment and HI experiment can approach with different methods

Ξ^- and Ω multiplicities = 0.6/0.03 at 10 AGeV
 ΞN , ΩN correlation studies possible

Early freezeout of multi-strangeness hyperons

Multi-strange baryons probe higher density

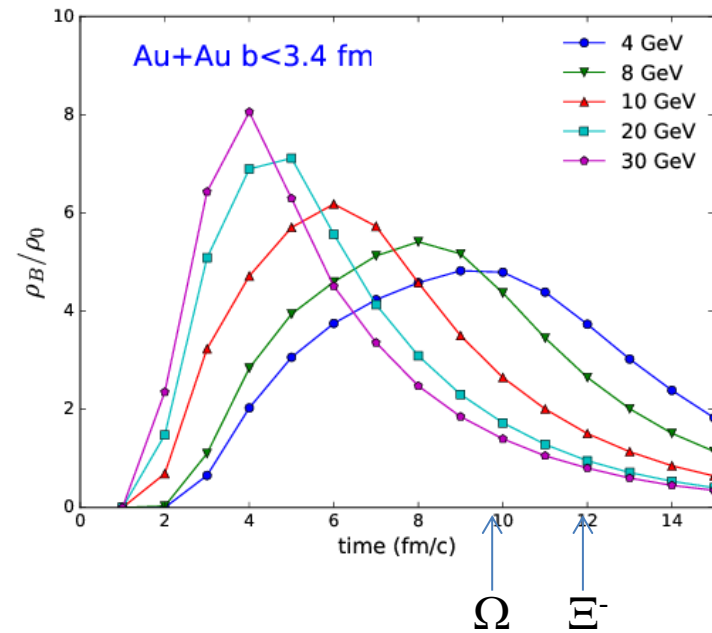
JAM 1.622, U+U



Freeze-out time (fm/c)

RQMD model Pb+Pb, 158A GeV/c

H. v. Hecke, H. Sorge, N. Xu, PRL81 (1998) 5764



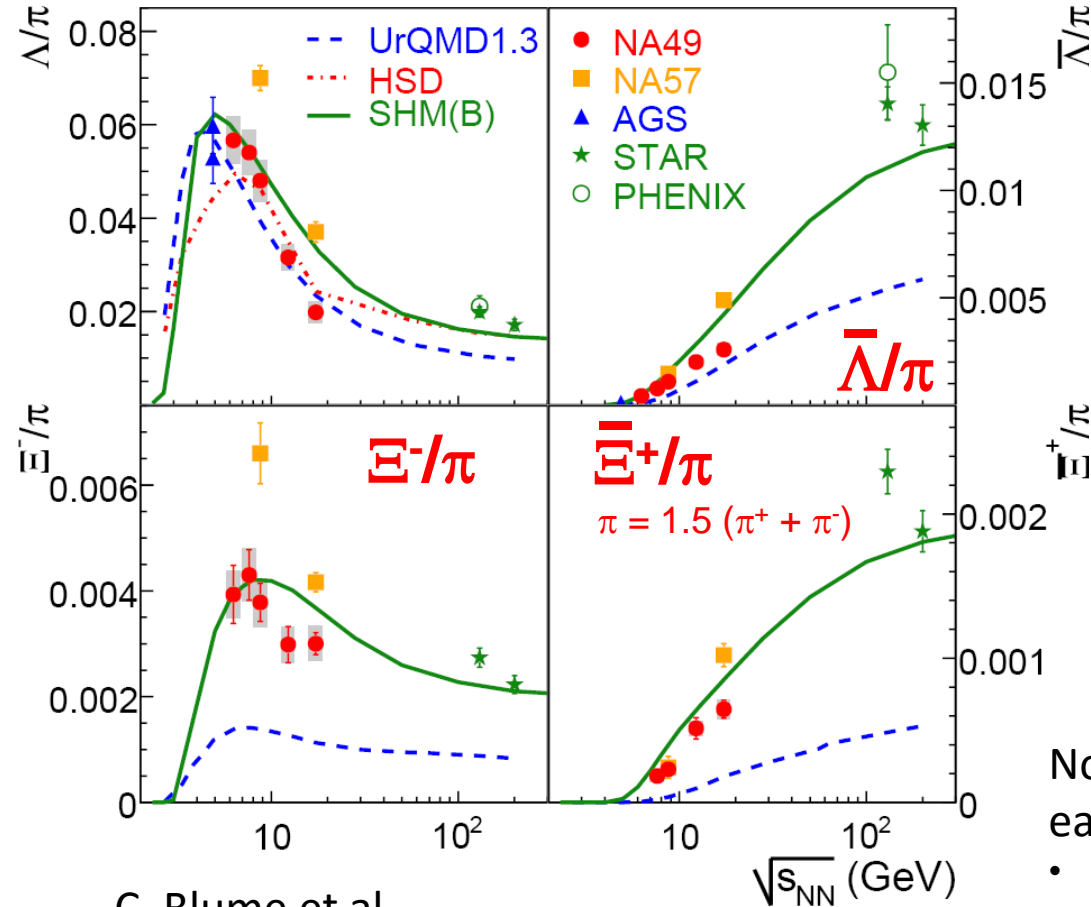
Peak freezeout time

Ω : 10fm/c

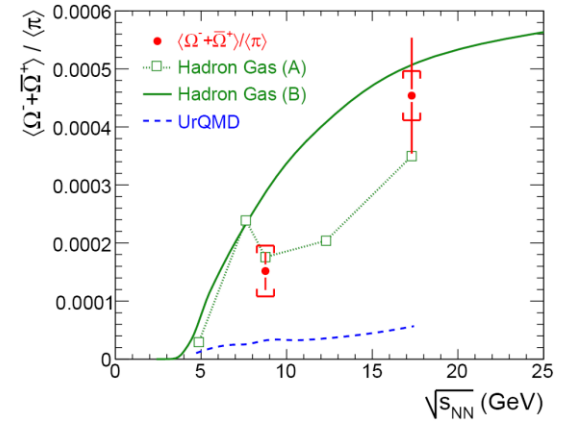
Ξ^- : 12fm/c

Λ : 21 fm/c

Hyperon yields



C. Blume et al
 Prog. Part. Nucl. Phys. 66 (2011) 834



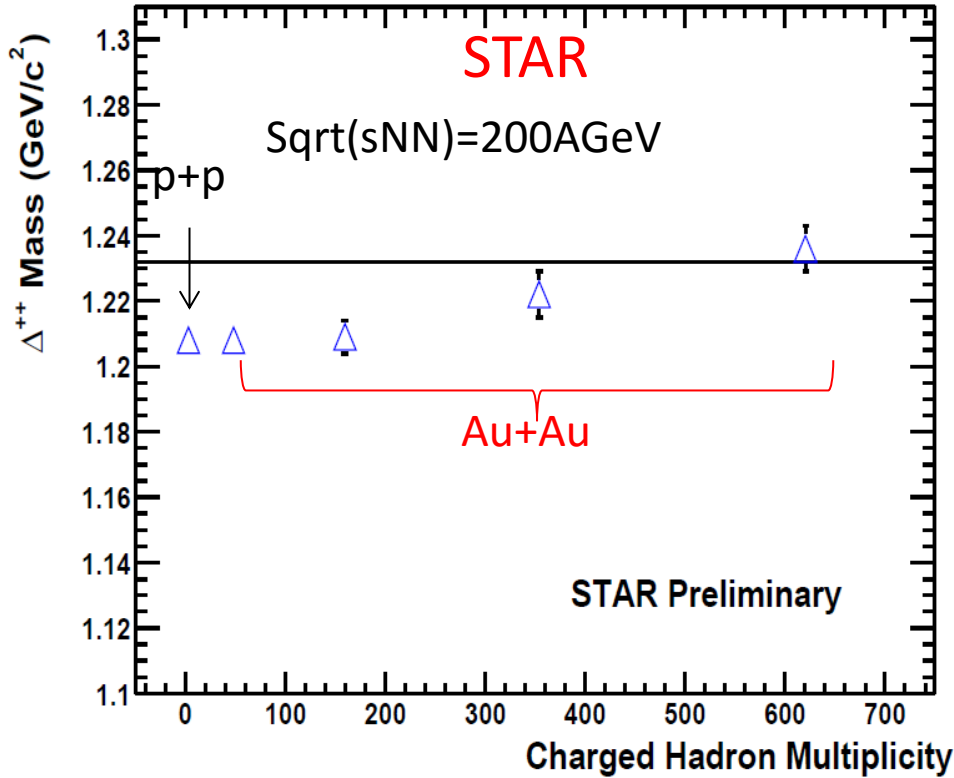
- UrQMD (hadron cascade) significantly underestimates Ξ, Ω data
- Thermal models qualitatively reproduce data

Non-trivial microscopic mechanisms for early chemical equilibrium?

- String fusion (E.G. Ferreira, J. Phys. G**23** (1997) 1961)
- Color rope formation in RQMD (H. Sorge, PLB**289** (1992) 6)
- Multi meson fusion (C. Greiner, JPG **27**(2001)L95)

To be resolved at J-PARC

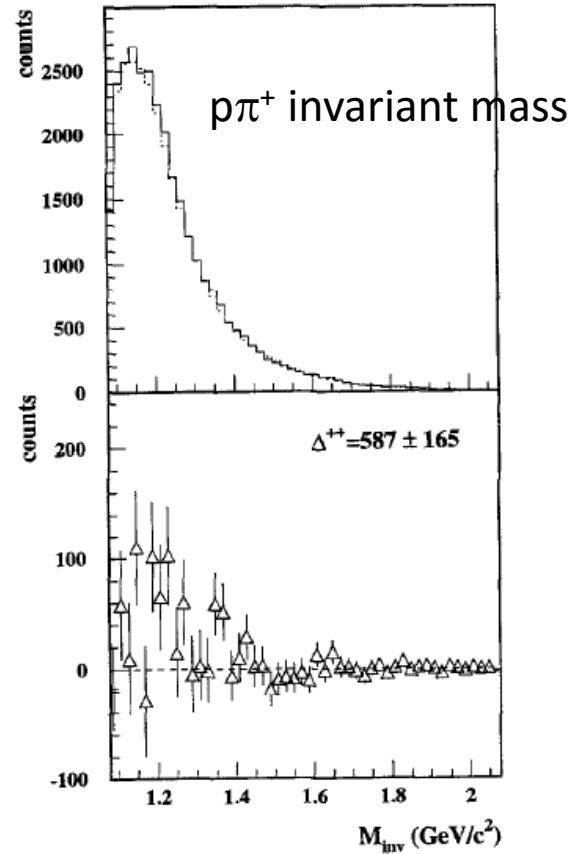
Δ^{++} vs centrality



H. Zhang, arXiv:nucl-ex/0403010 (2004)

Hint for chiral restoration?

Almost no data in AGS
 AGS-E814



J. Barrete, PLB351 (1995) 93

Experimental challenges

- High rate capability
 - Fast detectors
 - Silicon trackers, GEM trackers, ...
 - Pixel size $< 3 \times 3 \text{mm}^2$
(at 1m from the target, $\theta < 2 \text{deg}$, 10% occupancy)
 - Extremely fast DAQ
 - Min-bias event rate = 10MHz
 - Triggerless DAQ
 - Large acceptance ($\sim 4\pi$)
 - Coverage for low beam energies
 - Maximum multiplicity for e-b-e fluctuations
 - Electron measurement
 - Field free region for RICH near the target
- ➔ Toroidal magnet spectrometer

Beam View

Muon Tracker

Neutron counter

EMCAL

RICH

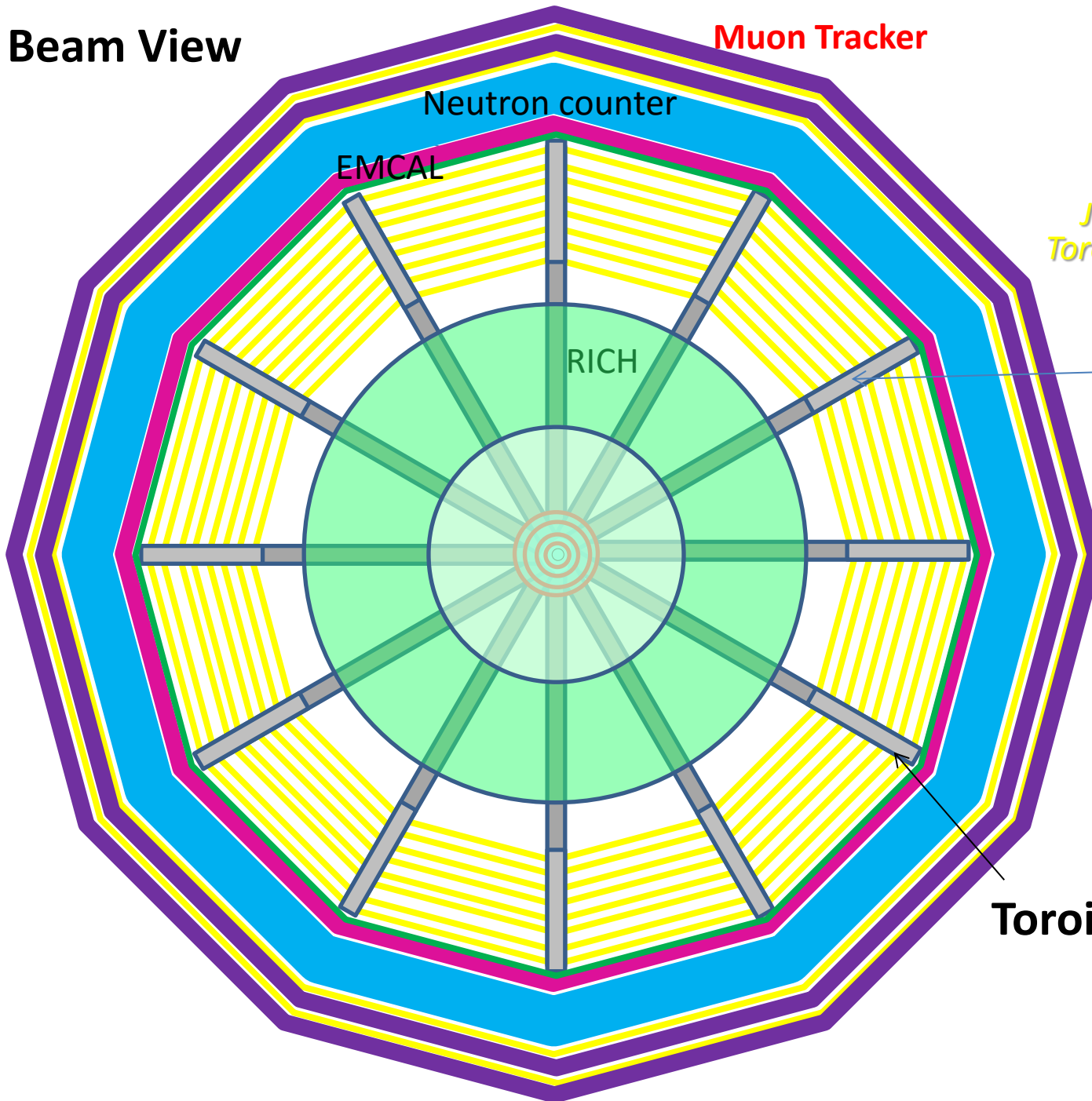
JHITS

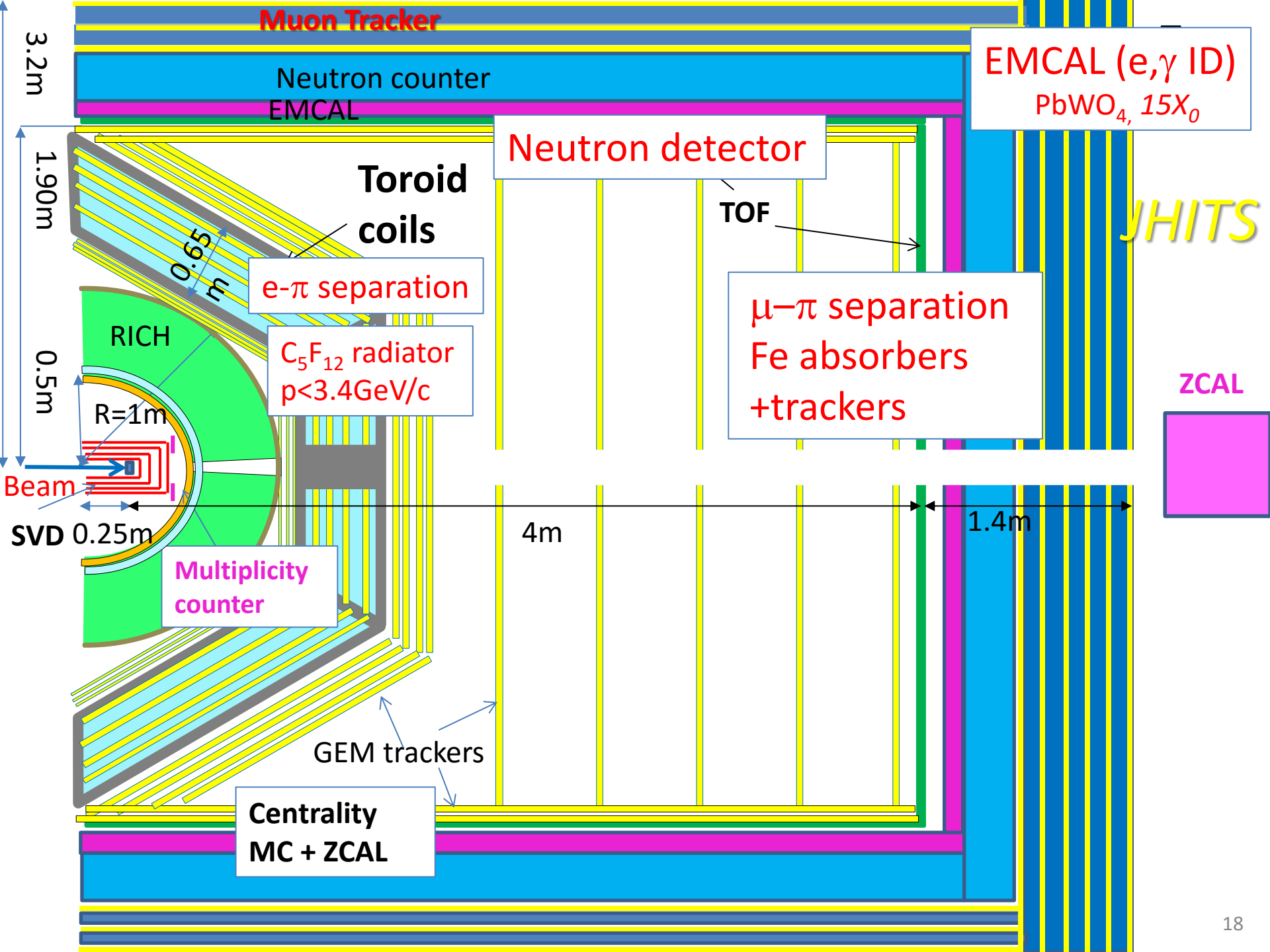
*J-PARC Heavy Ion
Toroidal Spectrometer*

Coils = insensitive
area

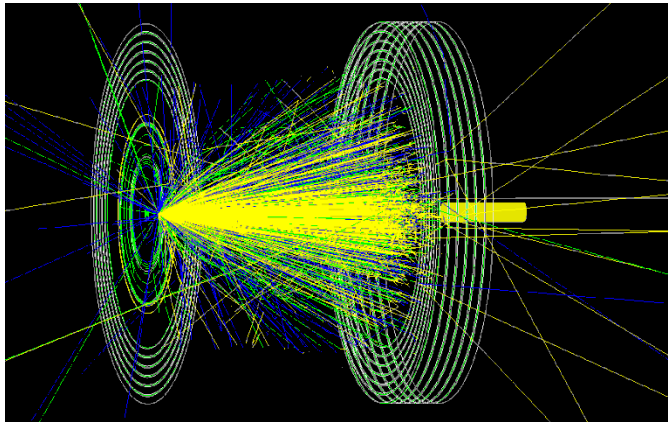
12-fold coils
 $B\phi$ variations $\sim \pm 20\%$

Toroid coils





Spectrometer performance



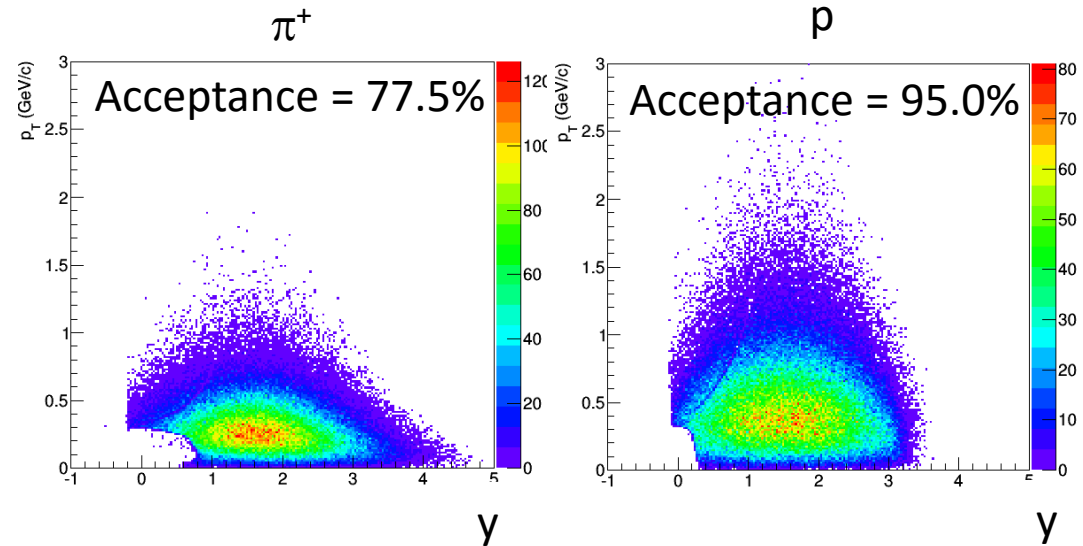
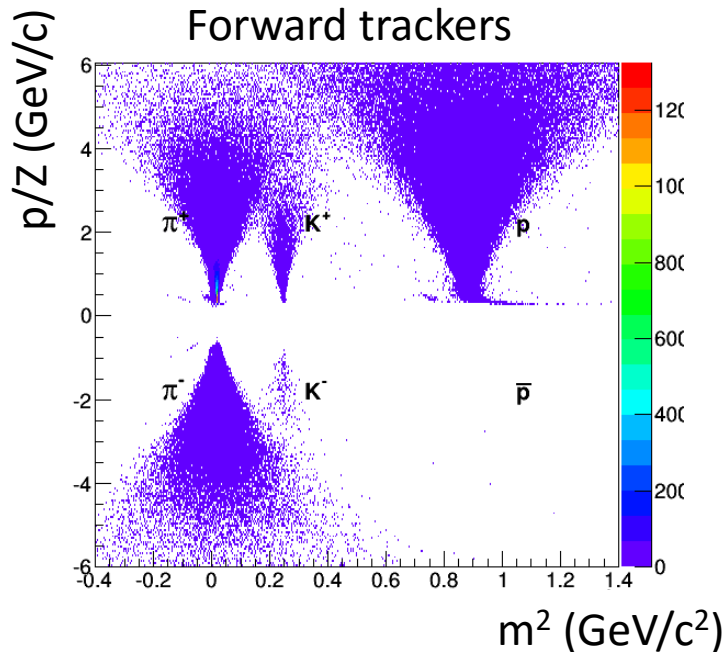
H. Sako, B.C. Kim

U+U at 10A GeV/c with JAM + GEANT4

- Assumption for simplicity
 - Half-spherical toroidal shape
 - Uniform B_ϕ field
 - No dead area due to coils

- Acceptance $\geq 78\%$
- π/K separation $2.5\text{ GeV}/c$ (2.5σ)

Assuming TOF resolution of 50 ps



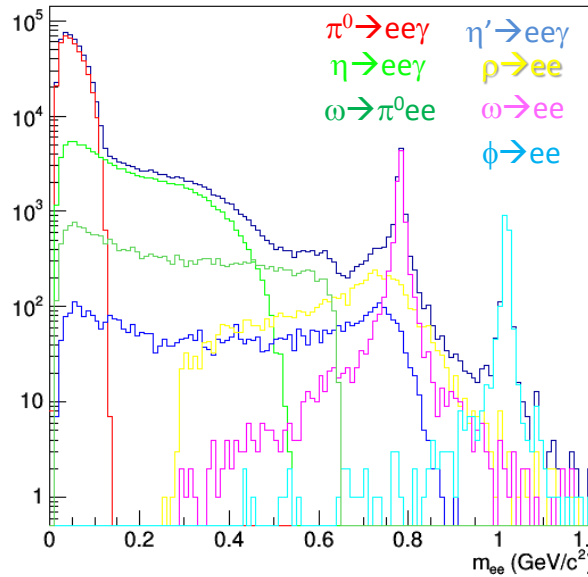
Reconstructed dilepton spectra

Dielectrons

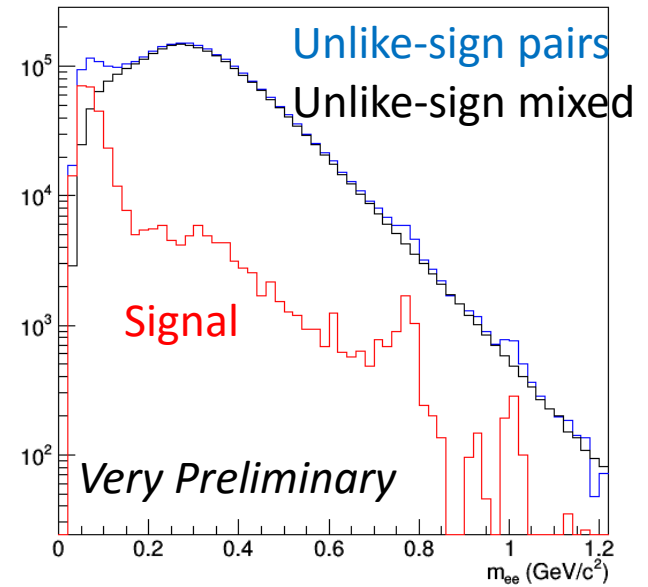
$\theta_{ee} > 5^\circ$
 $2^\circ < \theta < 80^\circ$
 $p_T > 0.1 \text{ GeV}/c$

e^+e^- cocktail (8.6 M events)
 No γ external conversion

Generated



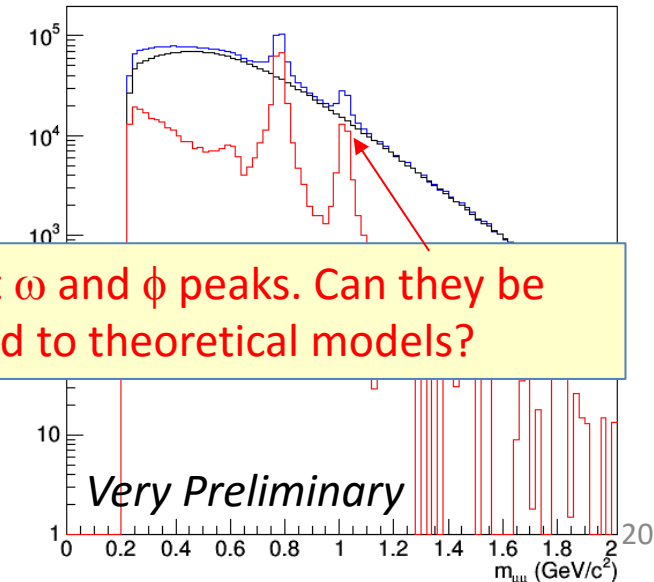
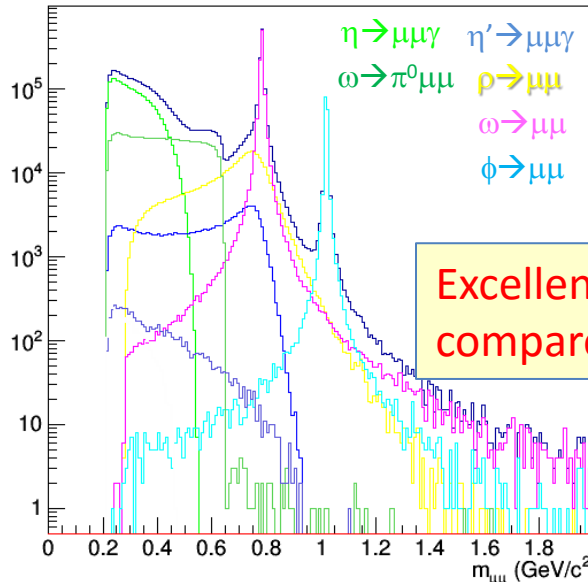
Reconstructed



Dimuons

$\theta_{ee} > 2^\circ$
 $2^\circ < \theta < 80^\circ$
 $p_T > 0.1 \text{ GeV}/c$

$\mu^+\mu^-$ cocktail (500 M events)
 No K, π weak decays



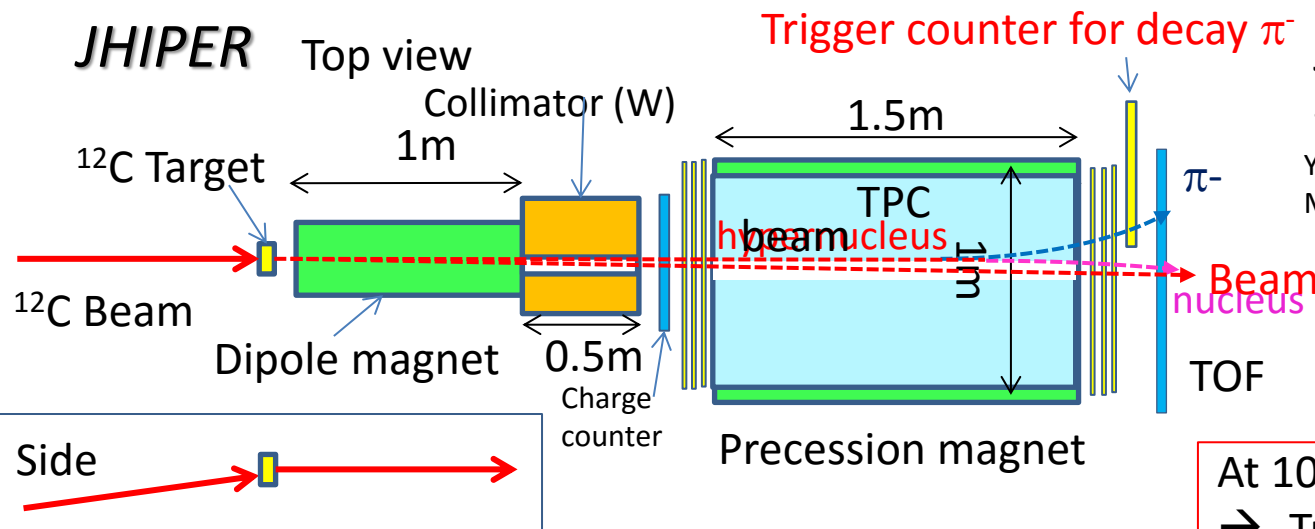
Excellent ω and ϕ peaks. Can they be compared to theoretical models?

Hypernuclear spectrometer

- Search for
 - $|S| \geq 3$ Hypernuclei
 - Strangelet
- Hypernuclear production at γ_{beam}
 - Lifetime
 - Magnetic moment

JHIPER

Top view



C+C at 15 AGeV/c

JAM-1.622 (RQMD/S mode)

+ GEANT4

Y. Nara, et al, Phys. Rev. C61,024901(1999)

M. Isse, et al, Phys.Rev. C72 (2005) 064908



$BdL = 6\text{Tm} \rightarrow$ Precession angle $\sim 68^\circ$
(assuming μ_{Λ})

At 10^7 Hz interaction rate
 \rightarrow Track rate in TPC : 9.3×10^6 Hz
 \rightarrow Trigger rate : 4.0×10^3 Hz
Experiment with full beam rate may be feasible!

Ideas based on

M. Asakawa et al, KEK Report 2000-11

T. R. Saito et al, HypHI Letter of Intent, 2005

Summary and Prospect

- J-PARC-HI aims at studies of QCD phase structures and hadrons at high density
- U beam of 1-19 AGeV at the world's highest 10^{11} Hz realized with **new HI injector** with existing RCS and MR
- **Large acceptance toroidal spectrometer**
- White paper completed (June 2016)
 - <http://asrc.jaea.go.jp/soshiki/gr/hadron/jparc-hi/index.html>
- LOI submitted to J-PARC PAC in July 2016

Prospects

- Accelerator R&D of booster, linac, and ion source
- Detector R&D
 - High resolution MRPC-TOF (U Tsukuba, JAEA, KEK) in J-PARC E16 (p+A)
 - Triggerless DAQ + online tracking (JAEA, Nagasaki IAS)
 - Collaboration with ALICE as an associate member (July 2016)
- Discussions in J-PARC and in nuclear physics community started

Start of the experiment : 2025 (earliest possible)