

# Fission Study and Nuclear Data Measurement at JAEA-ASRC

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16<sup>th</sup> ASRC Workshop Nuclear Fission and Structure of Exotic Nuclei



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# Fission Research Program

## JAEA Tandem facility

- Fusion-fission study for heavy-element synthesis
- Multi-nucleon transfer induced fission and surrogate reaction
- New region of mass-asymmetric fission (  $^{180}\text{Hg}$  and  $^{193}\text{Ir}$  )

## J-PARC

- Fission and Capture cross section measurements  
→ *Talk by K. Hirose*

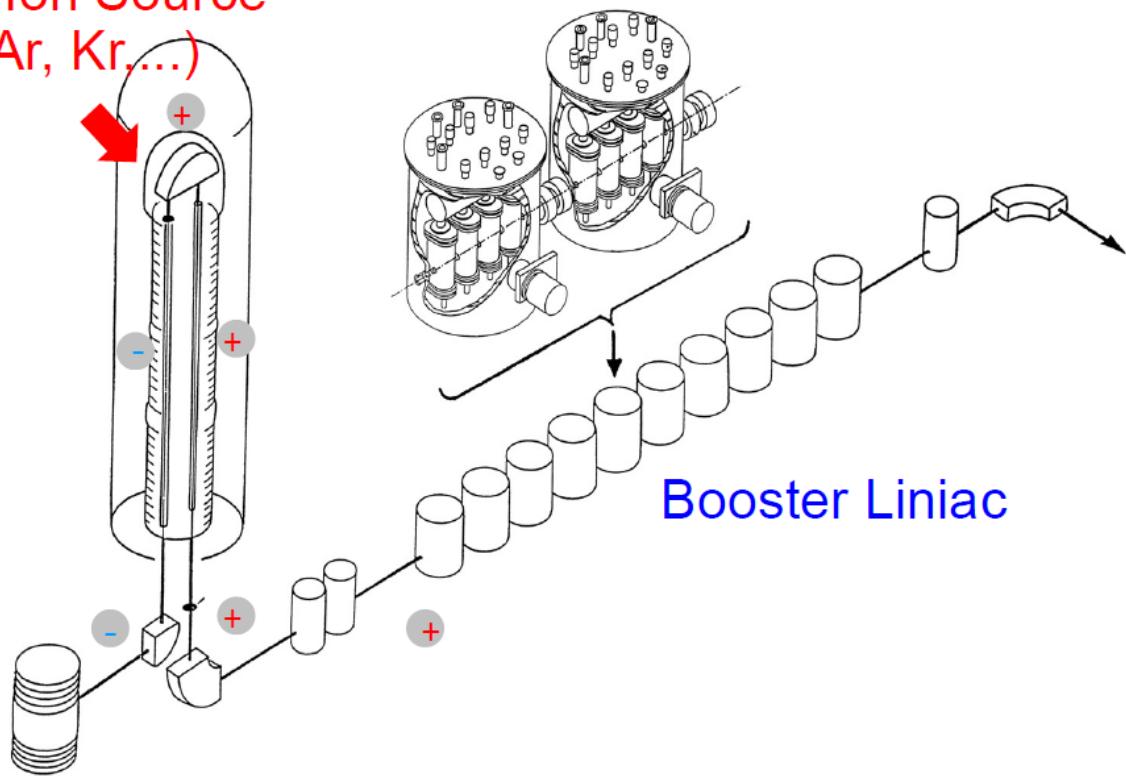
## Contribution to Fukushima Issues

- Surveillance detector for criticality of melted fuel at Fukushima power plant.

# JAEA Tandem facility

20 MV Tandem accelerator (20UR)  
Super-conducting Booster Linac  
ECR Ion Source on the terminal

ECR Ion Source  
(Ne, Ar, Kr, ...)

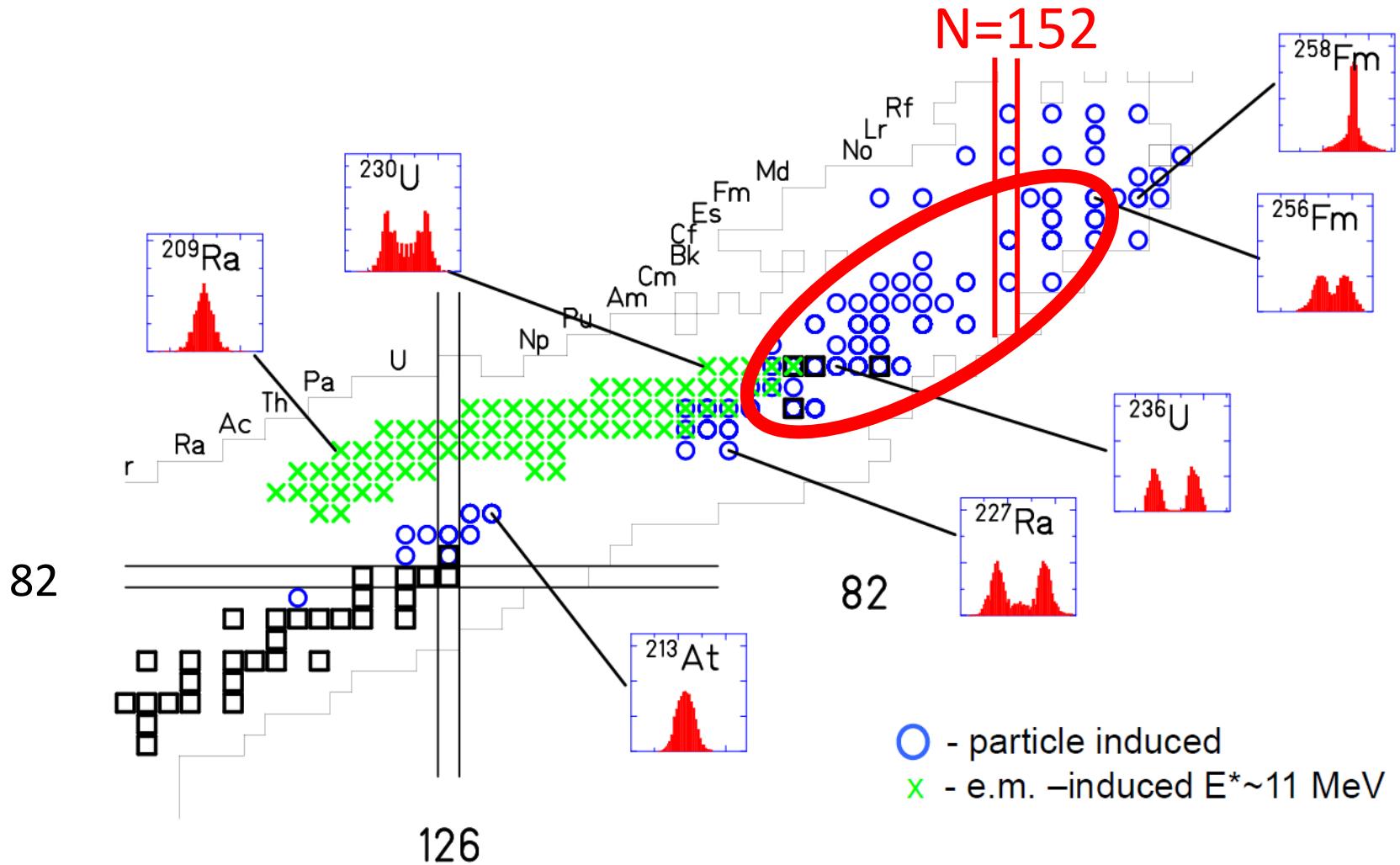


Negative Ion Source



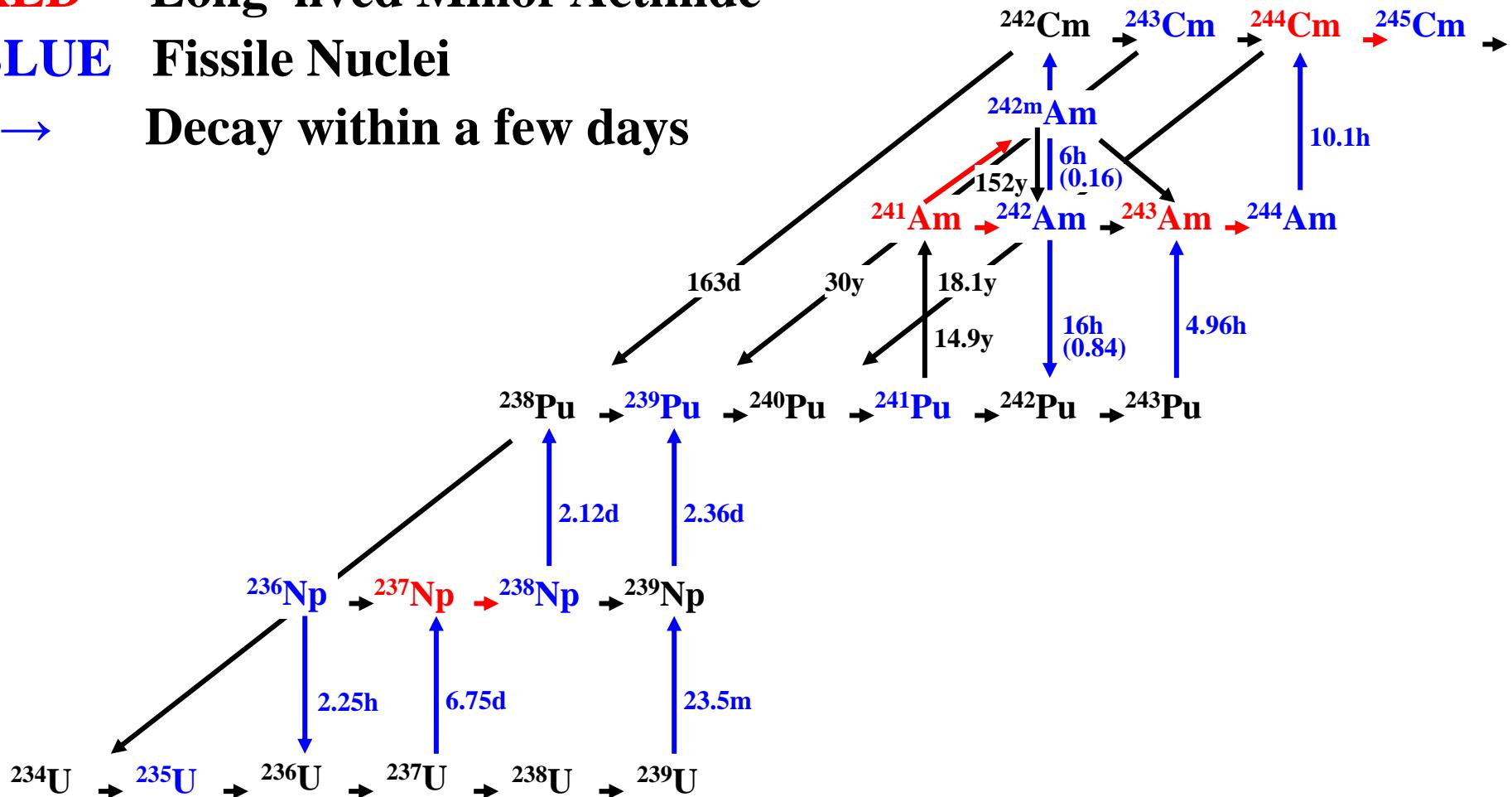
# Multi-nucleon Transfer Induced Fission and surrogate reactions

# Fission fragment mass/charge distributions



# Nuclei Produced in Reactor

**RED** Long-lived Minor Actinide  
**BLUE** Fissile Nuclei  
→ Decay within a few days



# Requested Nuclear Data

Fission and capture cross sections  $\sigma_{\text{fiss}}$  &  $\sigma_{\text{capt}}$

Prompt Neutron Multiplicity  $v$

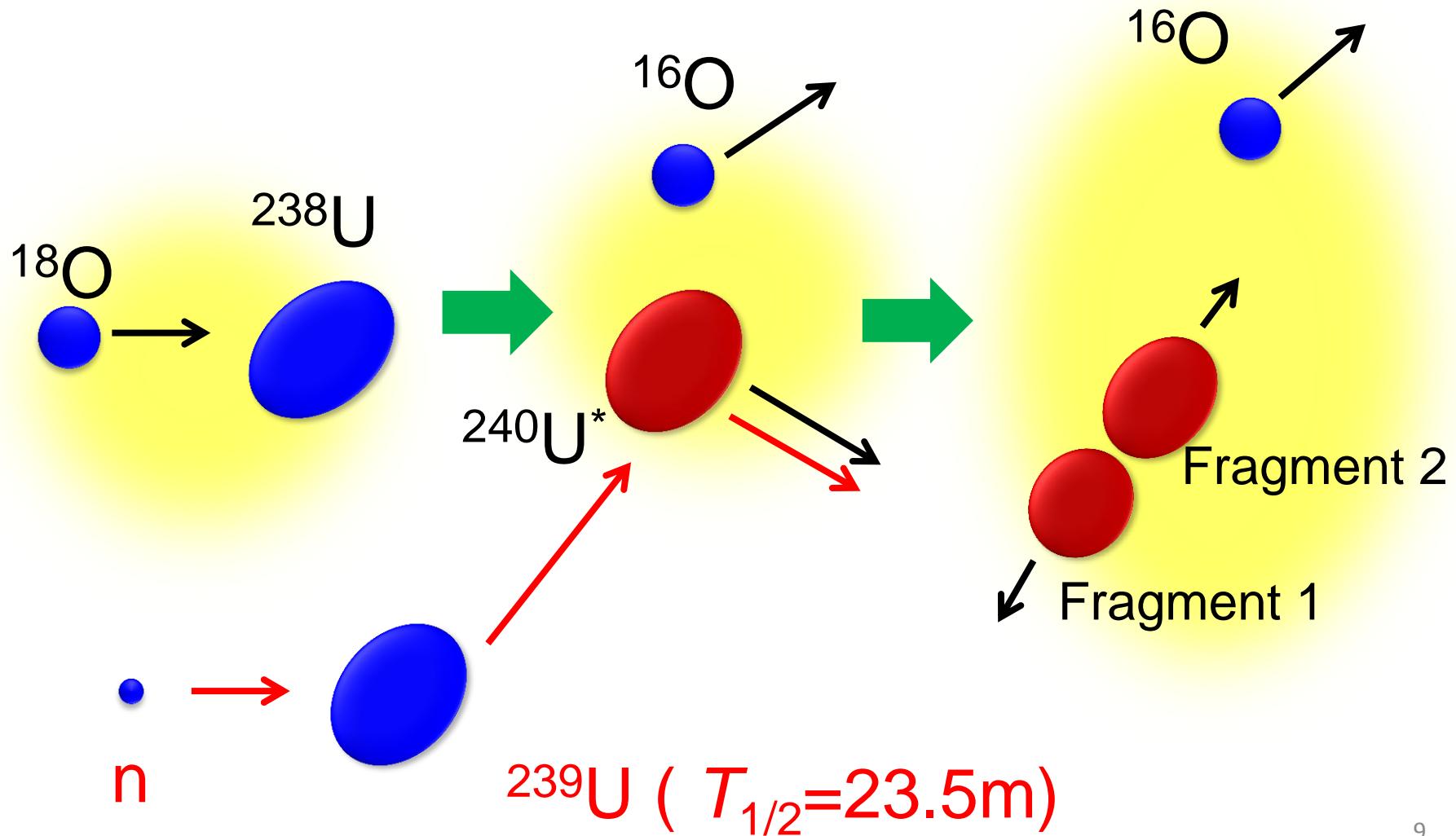
Fission fragment mass distributions  $Y(A)$

Prompt neutron spectrum  $\chi(E_n)$

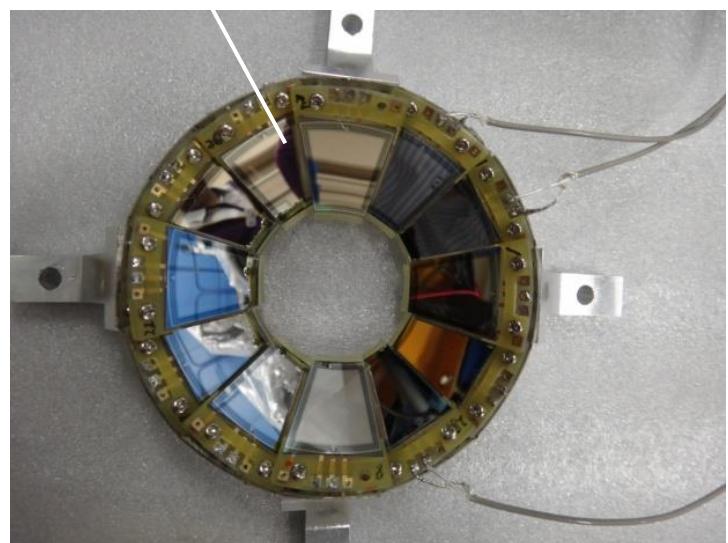
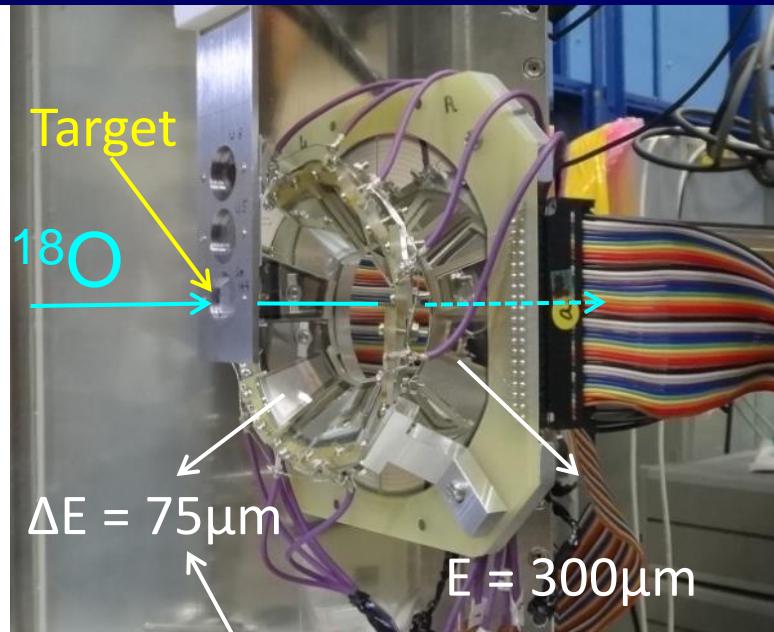
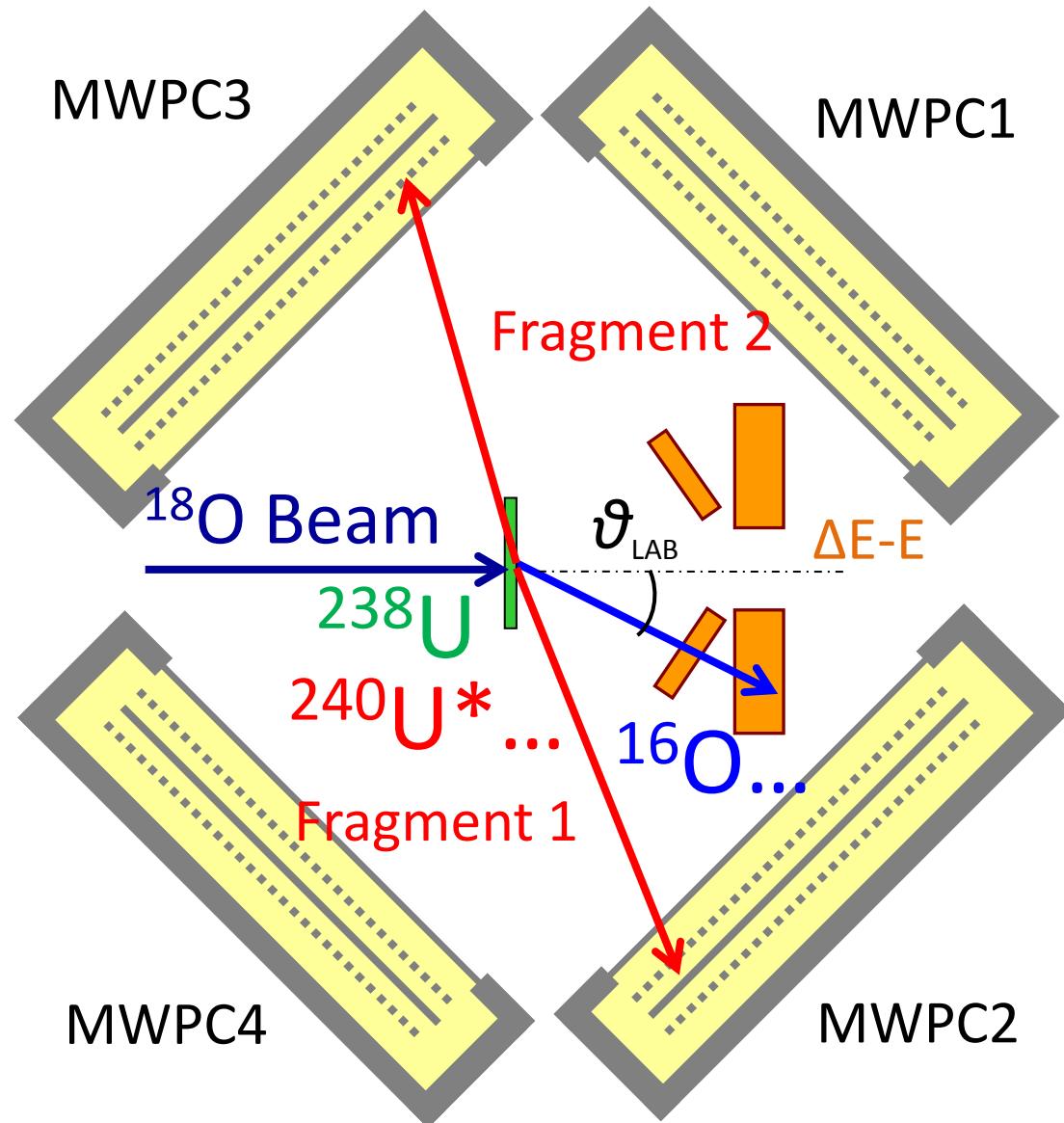
.....

as a function of incident neutron energy

# Surrogate Reaction

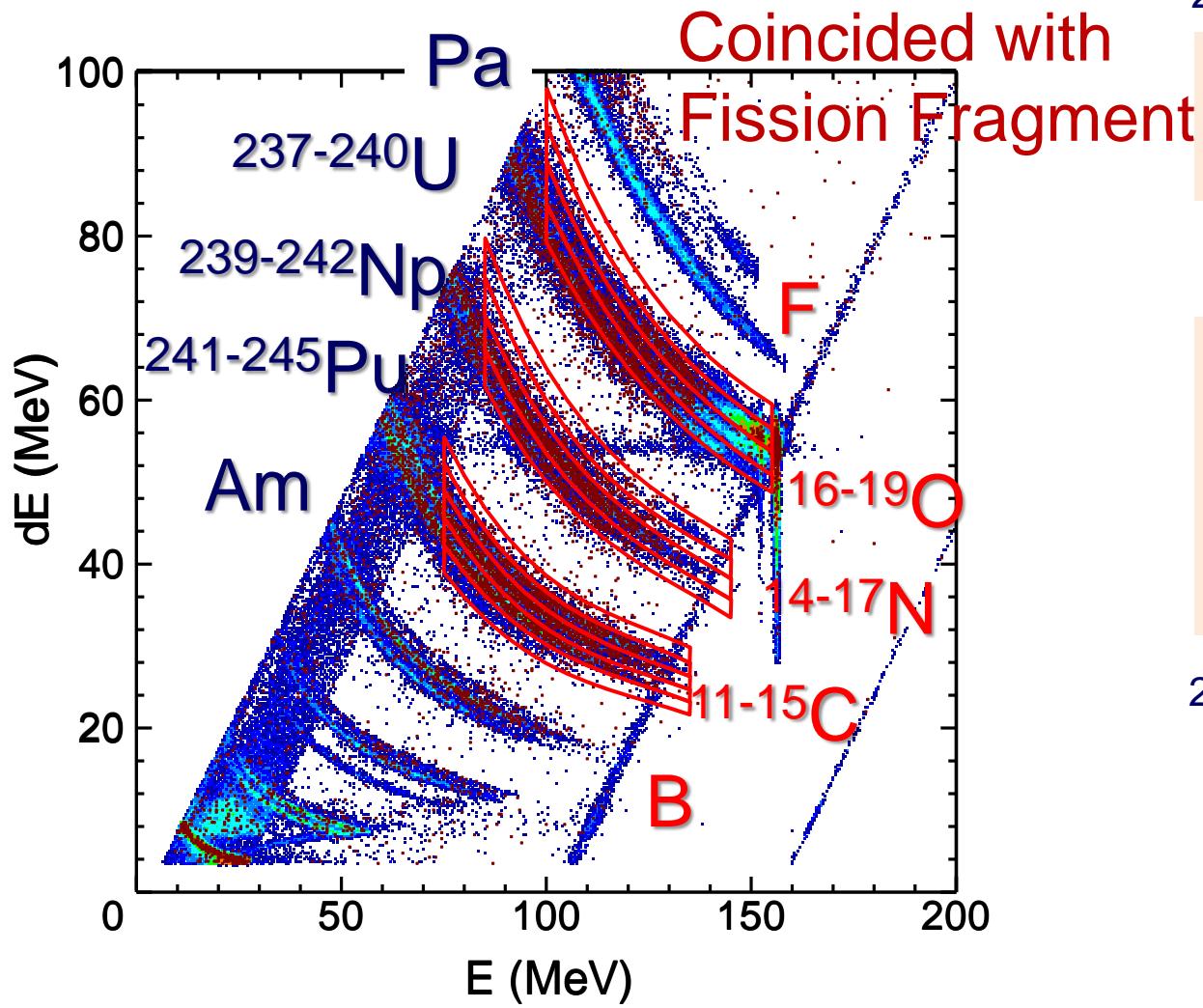


# Experimental Setup



# Particle Identification

$^{18}\text{O} + ^{238}\text{U}$  ( $E_{\text{beam}} = 157.5 \text{ MeV}$ )



240,239,238,237U\*

n +  $^{239}\text{U}$  (23.5 min)  
n +  $^{237}\text{U}$  (6.8 day)

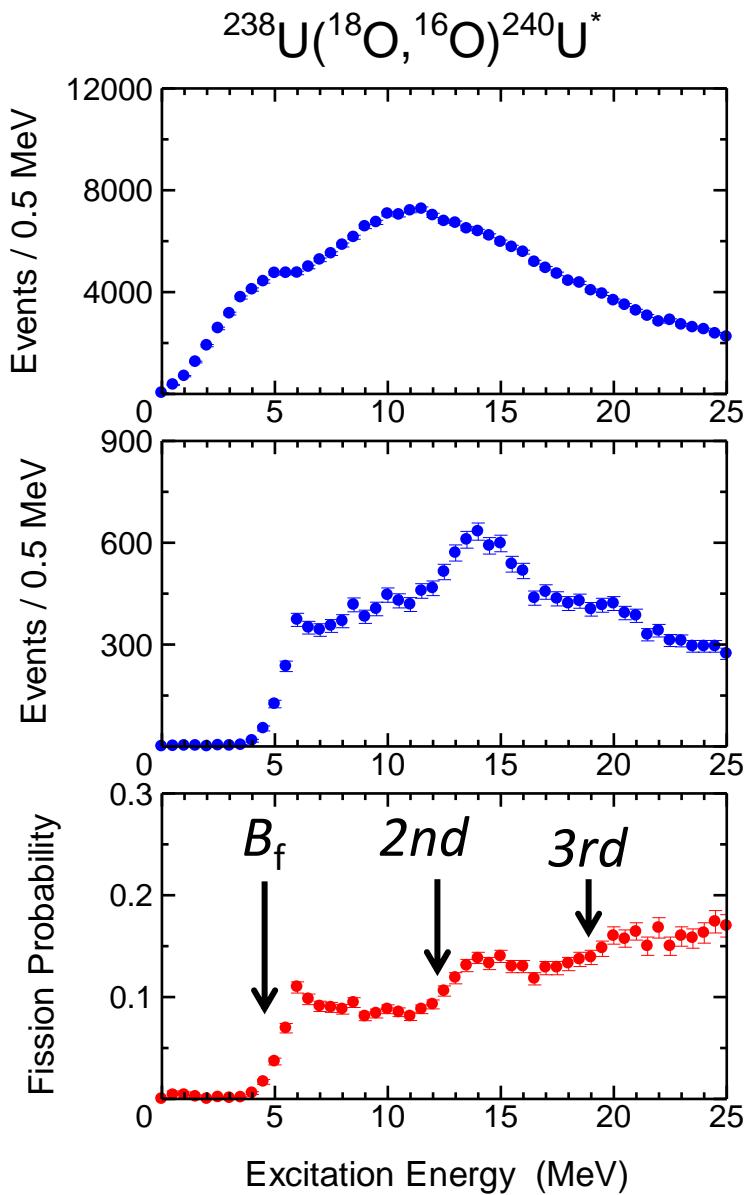
242,241,240,239Np\*

n +  $^{241}\text{Np}$  (13.9 min)  
n +  $^{240}\text{Np}$  (65 min)  
n +  $^{239}\text{Np}$  (2.4 day)  
n +  $^{238}\text{Np}$  (2.1 day)

245,244,243,242,241Pu\*

n +  $^{243}\text{Pu}$  (4.9 hr)  
n +  $^{241}\text{Pu}$  (14 yr)

# Fission Barrier

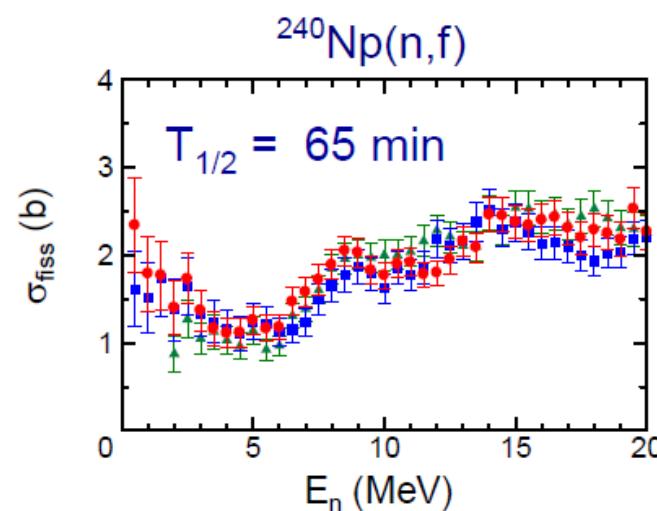
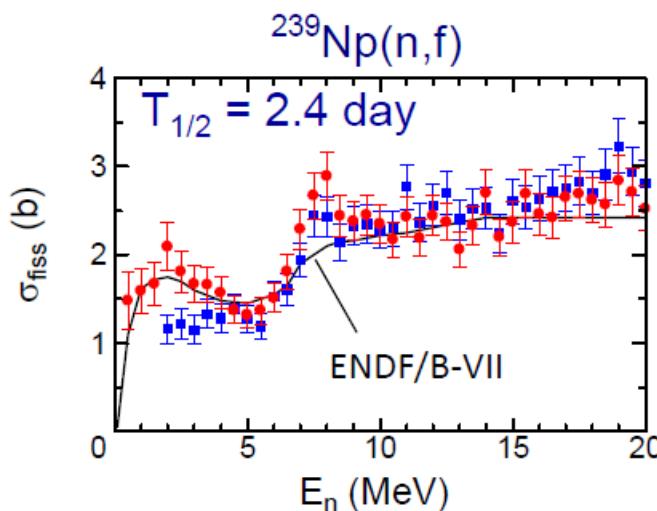
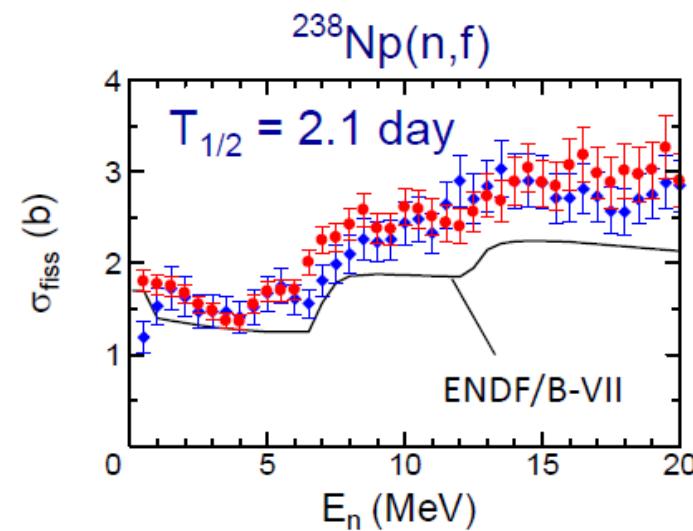
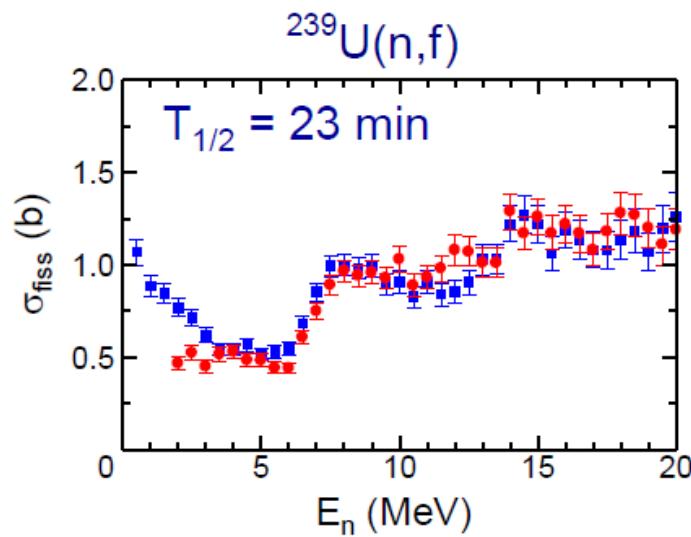


(A) Spectrum for  $^{16}\text{O}$

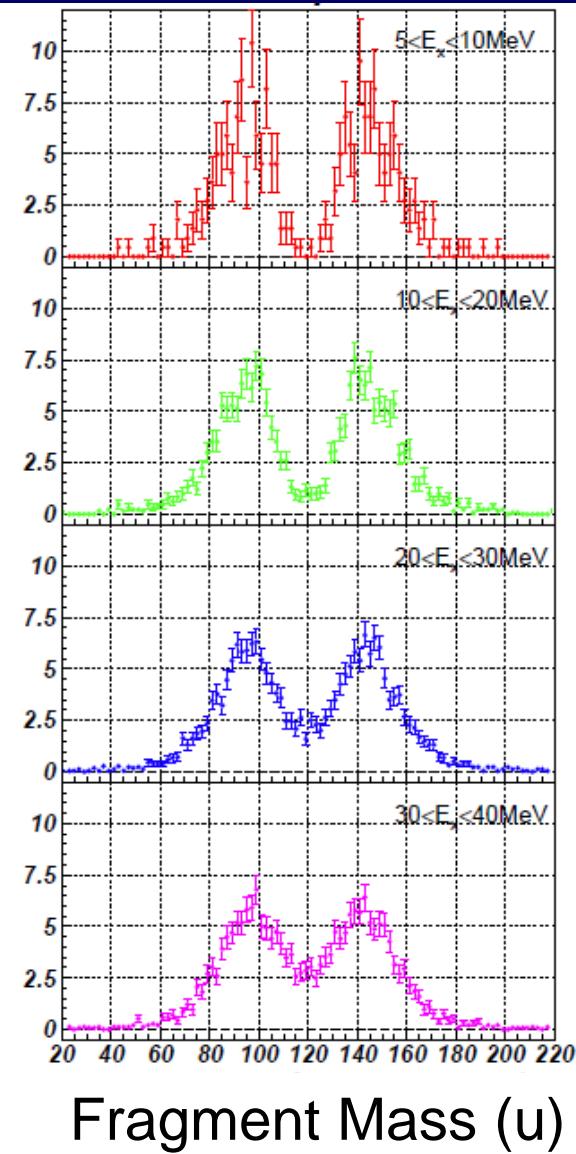
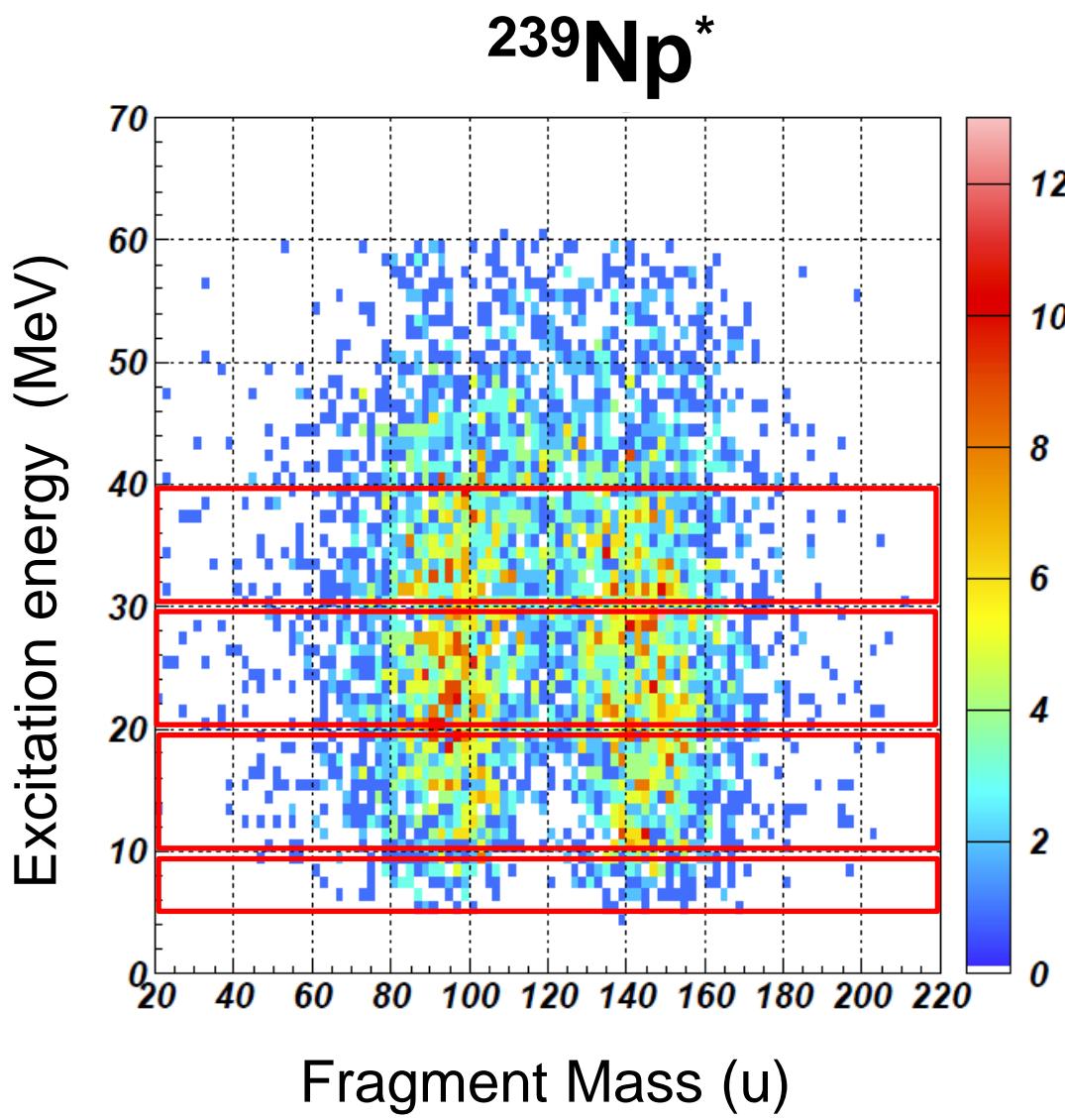
(B) Coincidence between  $^{16}\text{O}$  and fission fragments

$$\frac{(B)}{(A)} = \frac{1}{\text{Efficiency}}$$

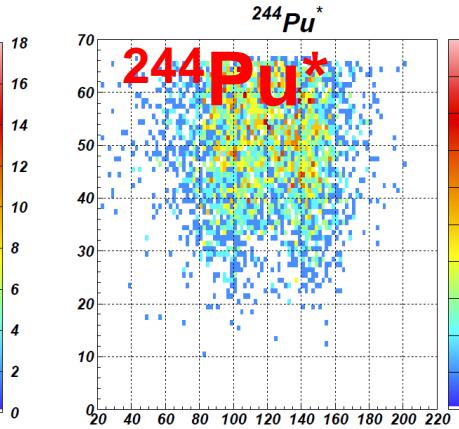
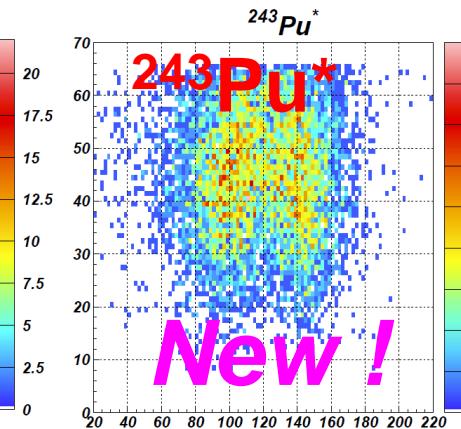
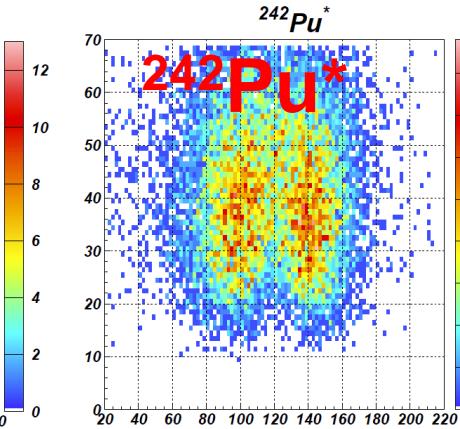
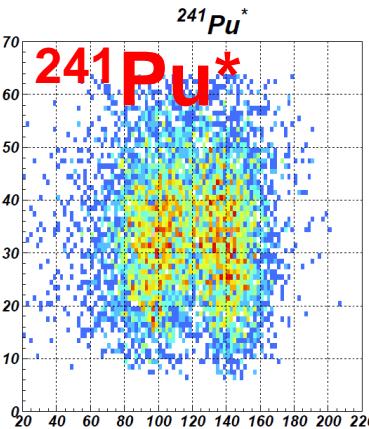
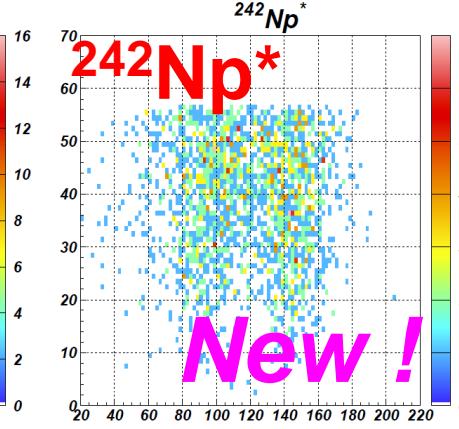
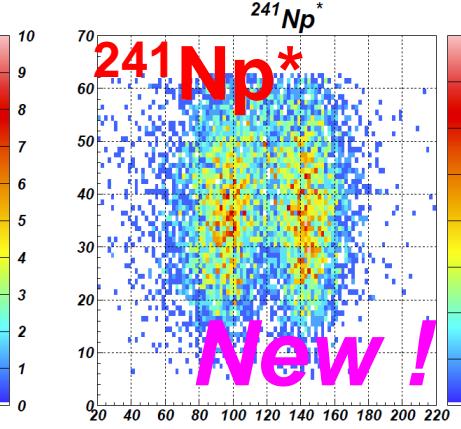
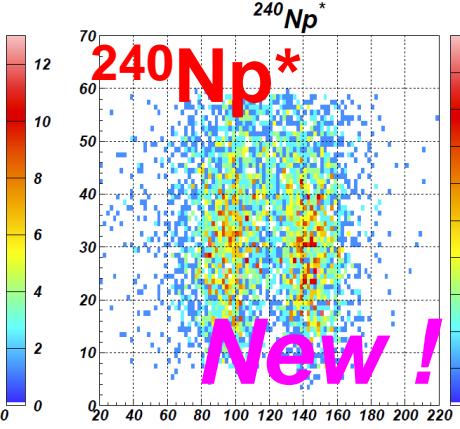
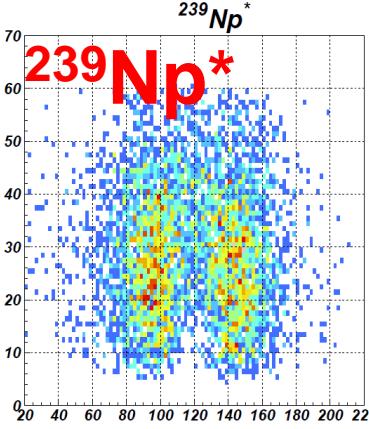
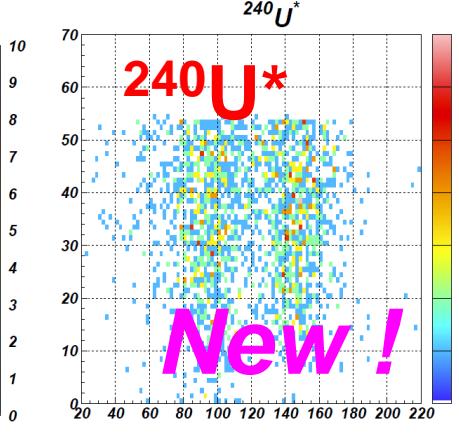
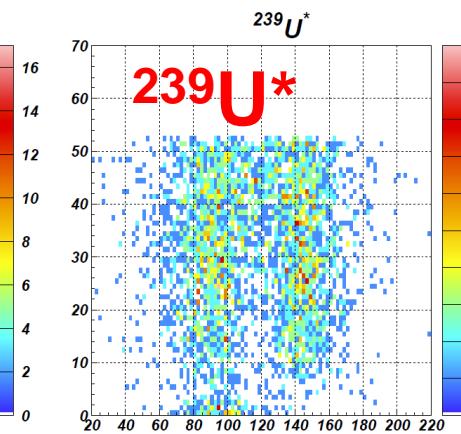
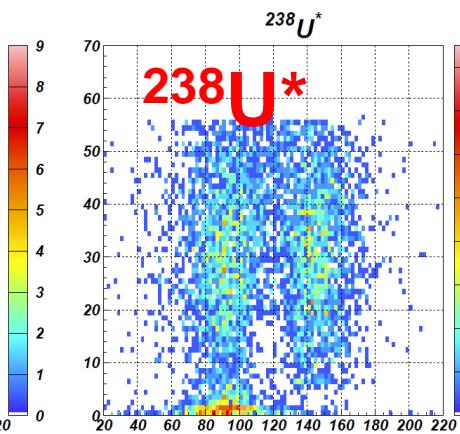
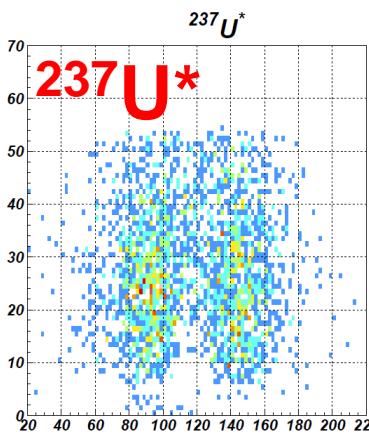
# Fission Cross sections with surrogate ratio method



# Fission fragment mass distribution



Excitation Energy (MeV)



Fragment Mass (u)

**237U\***

**238U\***

**239U\***

**240U\***

**239Np\***

**240Np\***

**241Np\***

**242Np\***

**241Pu\***

**242Pu\***

**243Pu\***

**244Pu\***

**New!**

**New!**

**New!**

**New!**

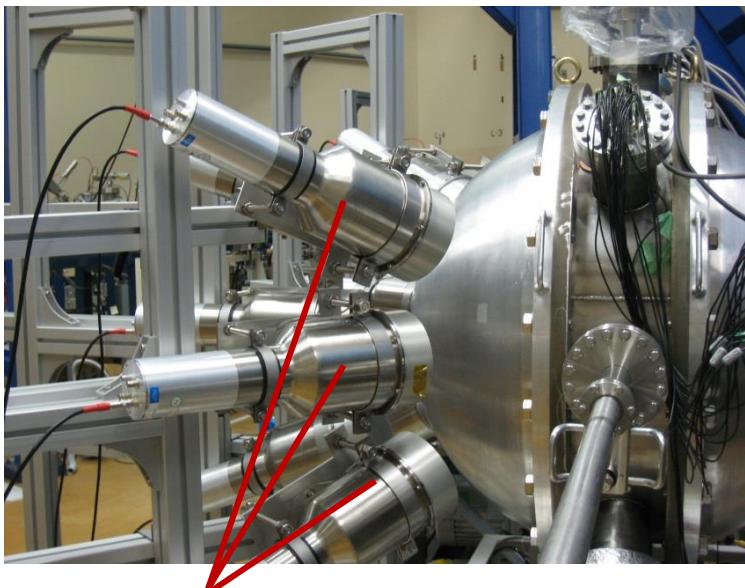
**New!**

7  
6  
5  
4  
3  
2  
1  
0

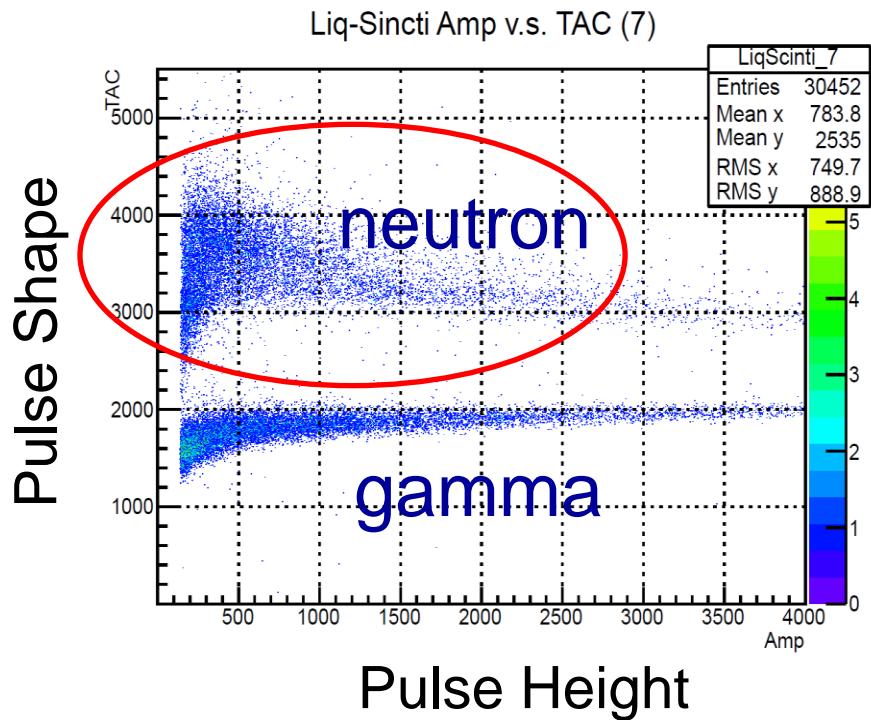
7  
6  
5  
4  
3  
2  
1  
0

10  
9  
8  
7  
6  
5  
4  
3  
2  
1  
0

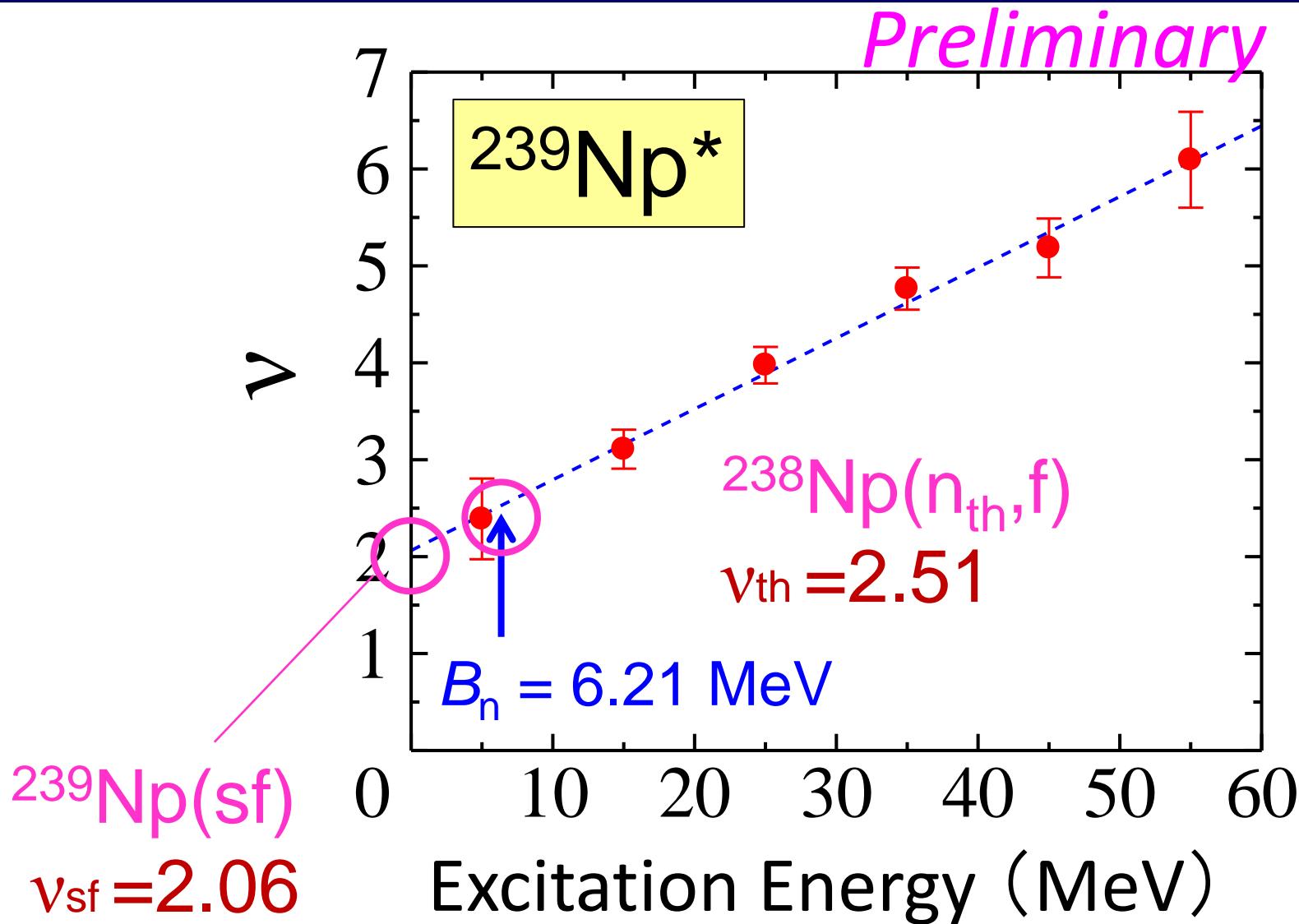
# Prompt Neutron Multiplicity in Fission



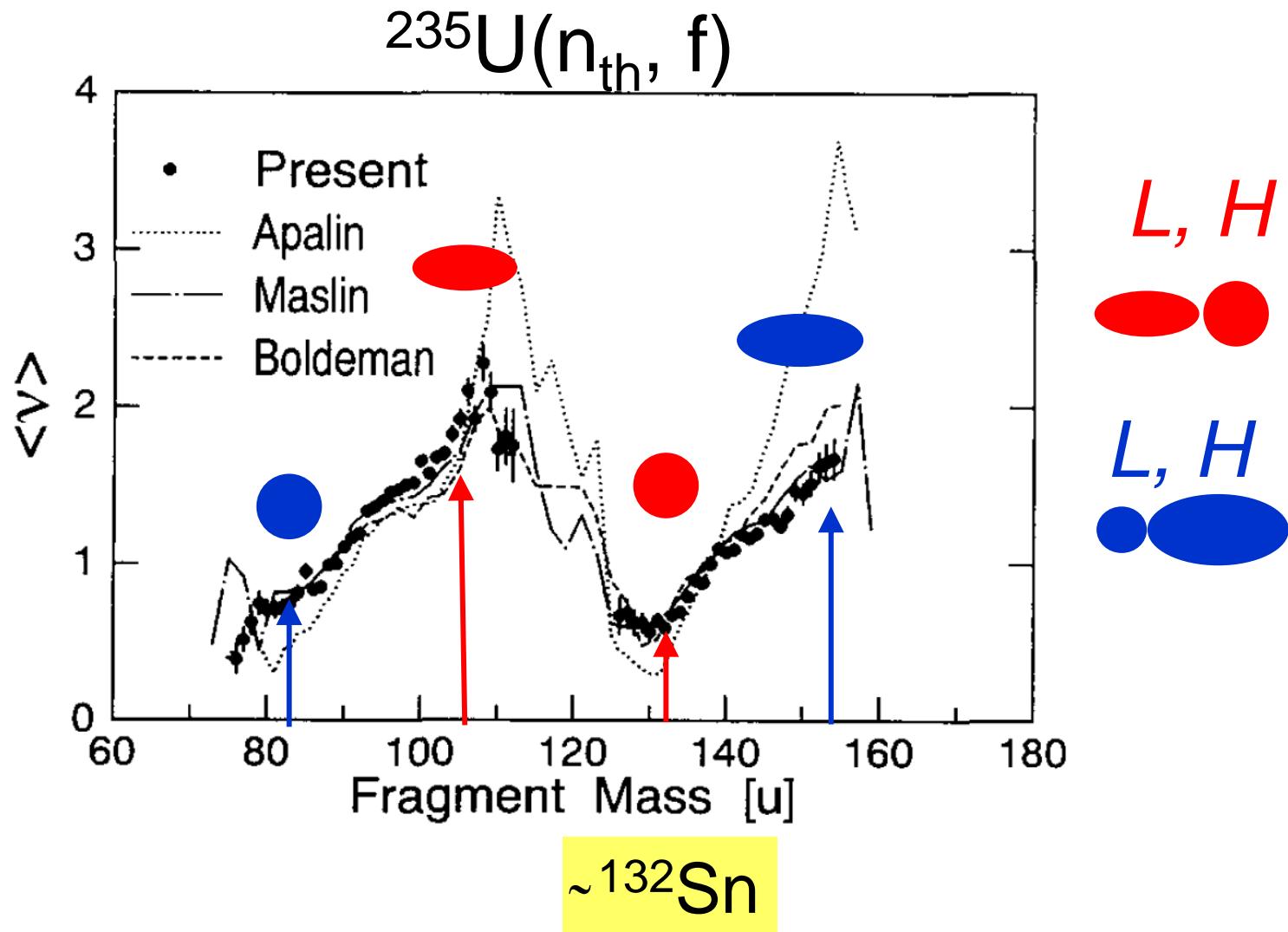
Neutron Detectors  
(Liquid Scintillator)



# Prompt neutron multiplicity for fission of $^{239}\text{Np}^*$

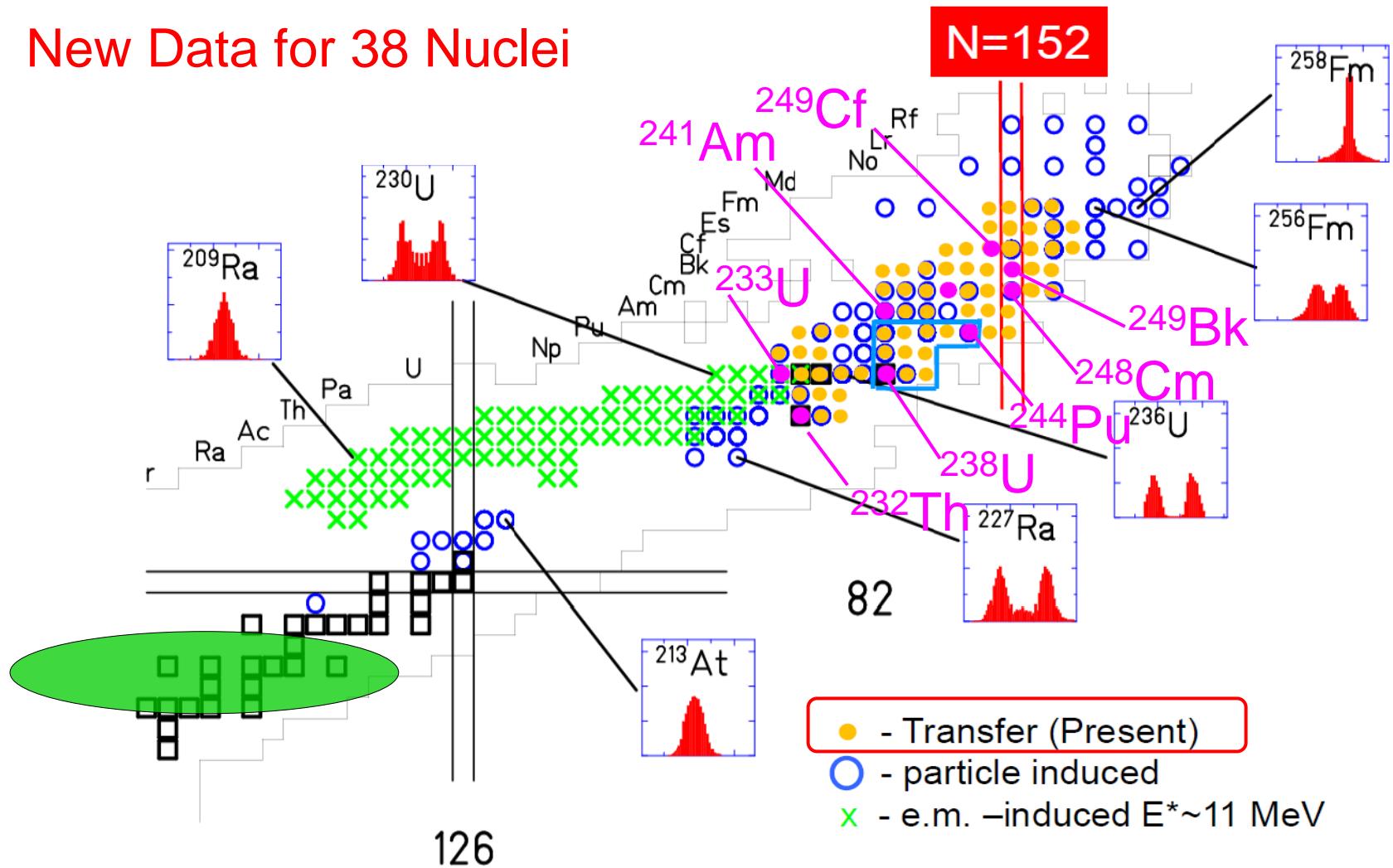


# Neutron multiplicity from Individual Fragments



# Fission fragment mass/charge distributions

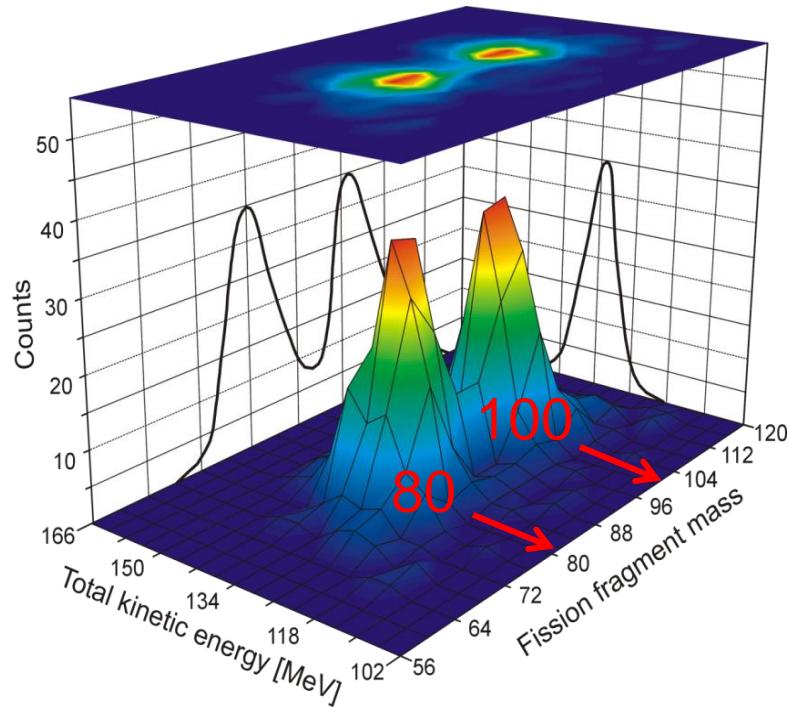
New Data for 38 Nuclei



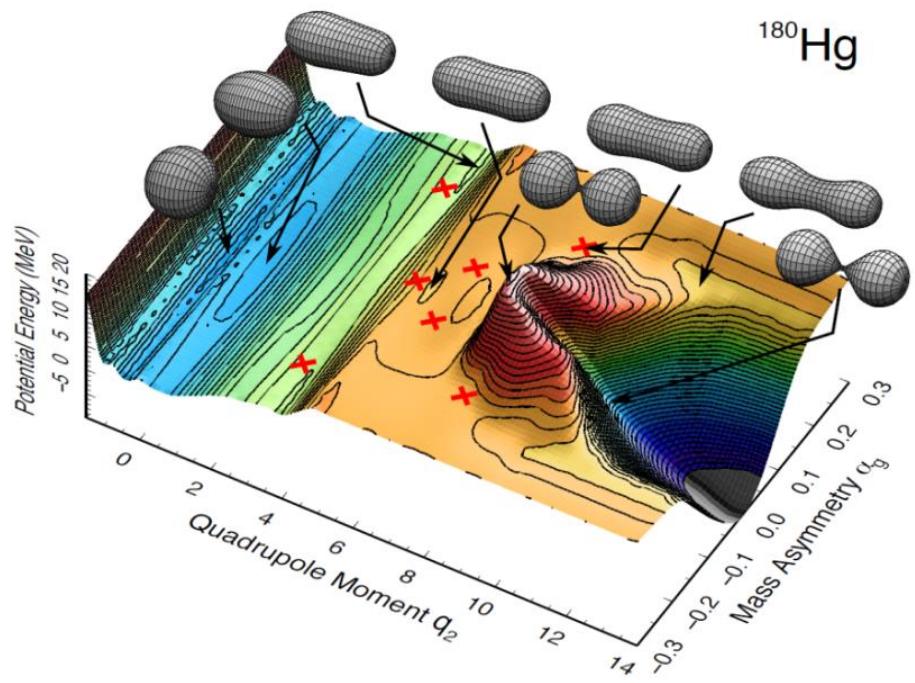
# New region of mass asymmetric fission

# New Region for Mass Asymmetric Fission

$^{180}\text{Hg}$



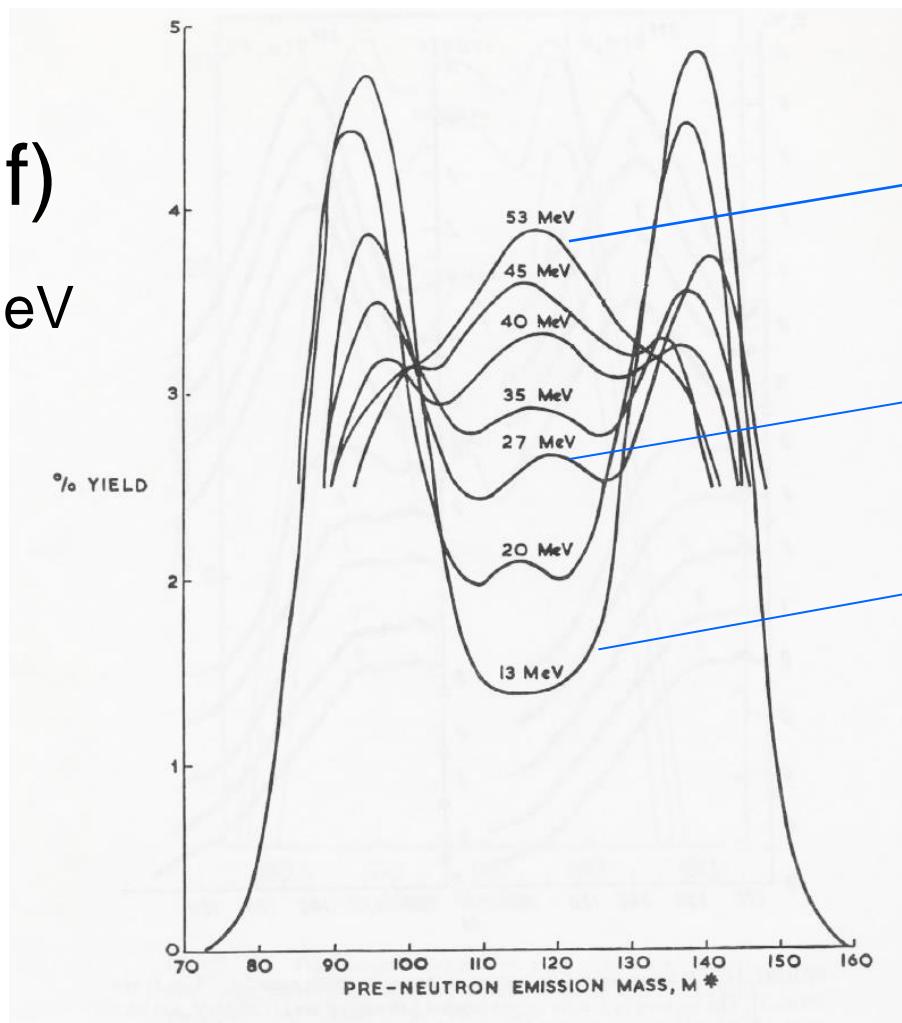
A. Andreyev *et al.*,  
Phys. Rev. Lett. 105, 252502 (2010).



T. Ichikawa *et al.*,  
Phys. Rev.C.86, 024610 (2012).

# Fission modes

$^{232}\text{Th}(p,f)$   
 $Q = 5.24 \text{ MeV}$



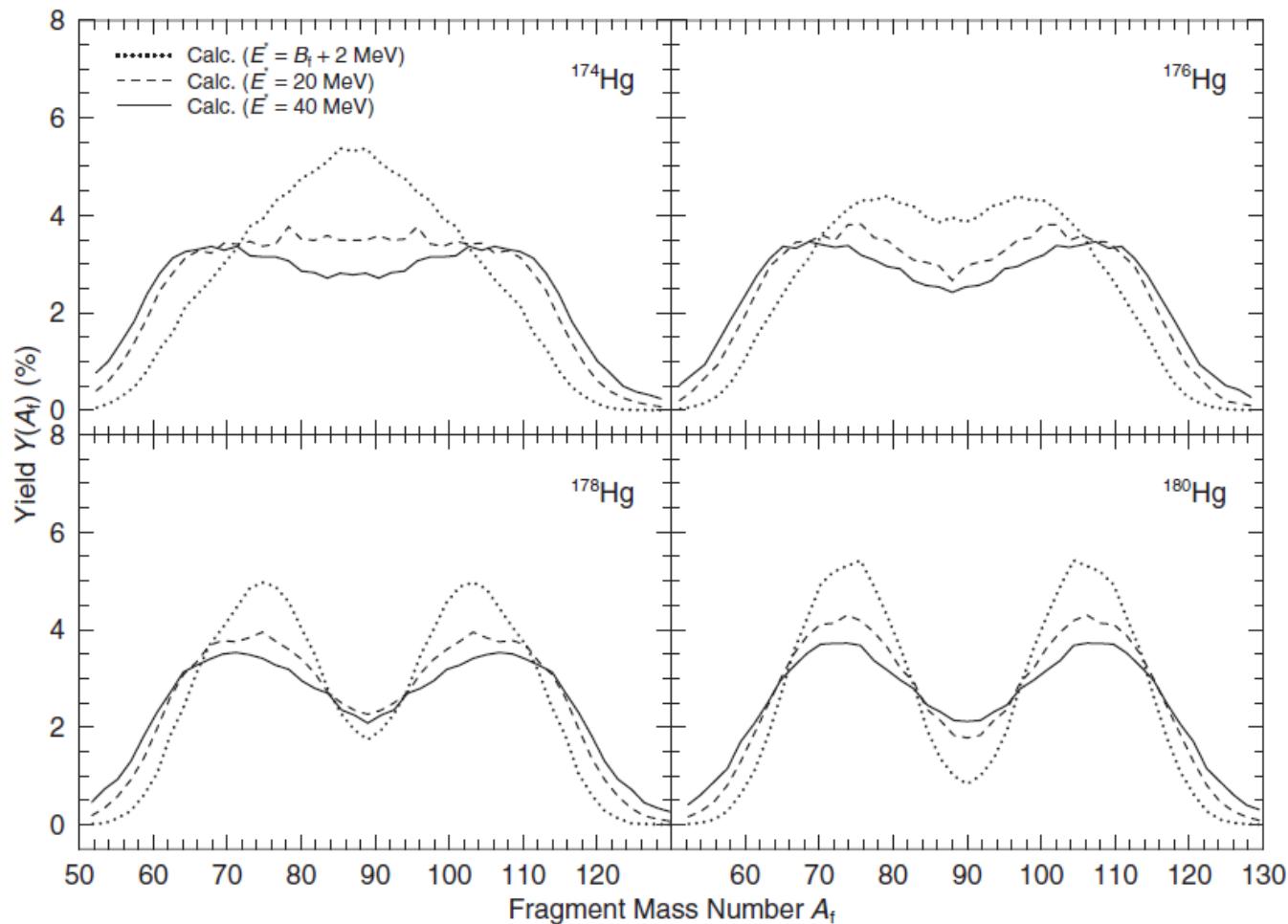
$$E_p = 53 \text{ MeV} \\ (E^* = 58 \text{ MeV})$$

$$E_p = 27 \text{ MeV} \\ (E^* = 32 \text{ MeV})$$

$$E_p = 13 \text{ MeV} \\ (E^* = 18 \text{ MeV})$$

Two fission modes

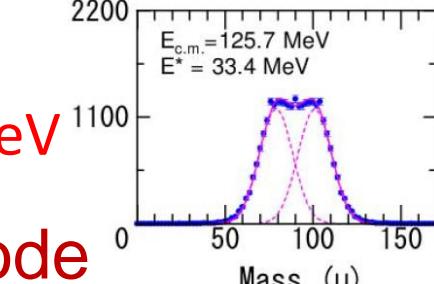
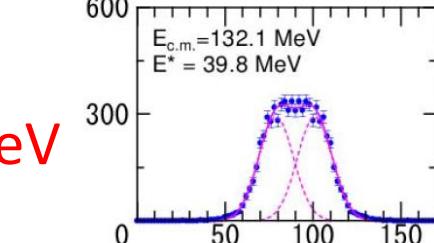
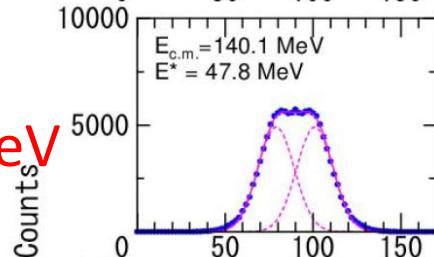
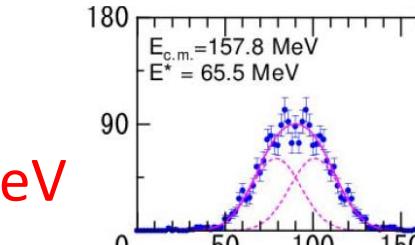
# Calculated Excitation Energy Dependence



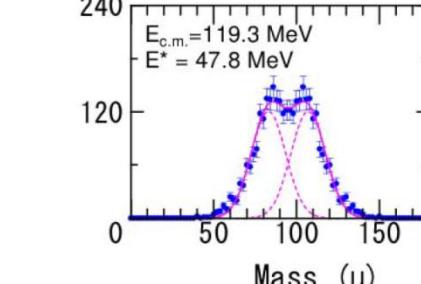
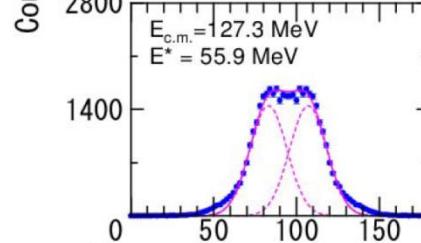
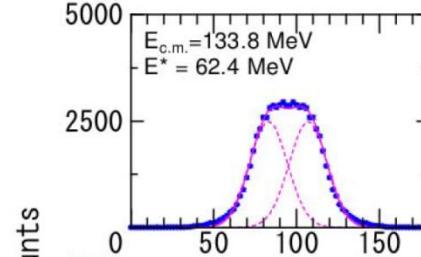
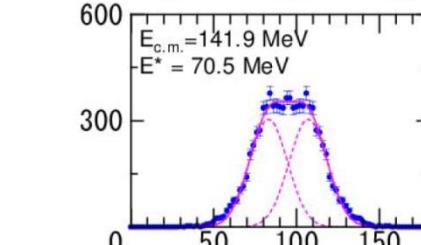
# $^{180}\text{Hg}$ and $^{190}\text{Hg}$



$$E^* = \\ 65.5 \text{ MeV}$$



$$E^* = \\ 70.5 \text{ MeV}$$



$$\frac{A_L}{A_H} = \frac{83}{107}$$

47.8 MeV

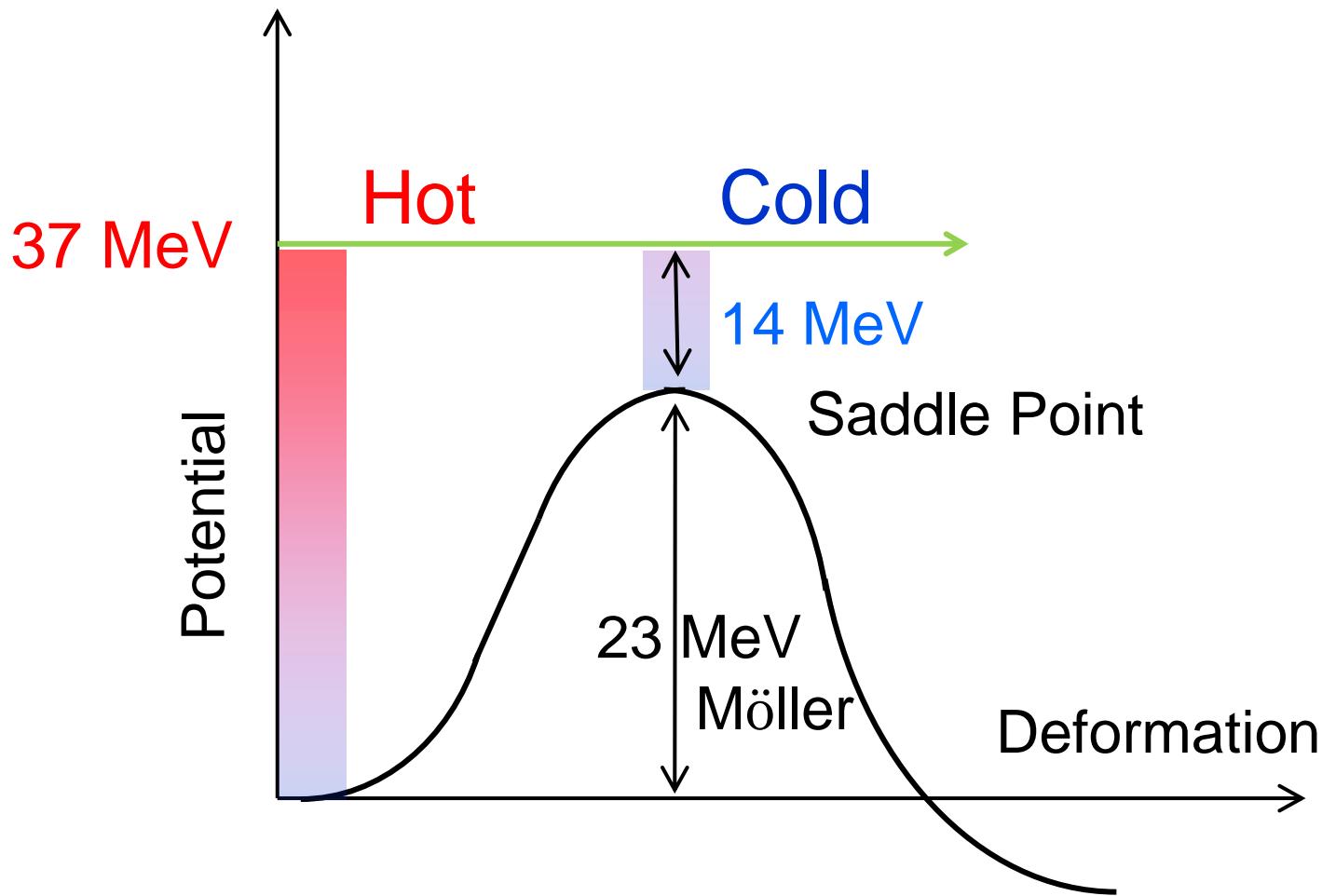
$$\frac{A_L}{A_H} = \frac{79}{101}$$

39.8 MeV

33.4 MeV

One fission mode

# Fission Potential



# Summary

- Transfer reaction using normal kinematics offers a study for fission of neutron-rich actinide nuclei up to fermium.

$$B_f, \sigma_f, Y(A, E^*), \nu(A, E^*)$$

- $^{180}\text{Hg}$  has a single fission mode.
- Asymmetric fission in  $^{193}\text{Ir}$ .

Thank you.