

# 520<sup>th</sup> ASRC Seminar

Date: 14:00 ~ 15:30, 24 June

Location: Meeting room 302, ASRC Building

Speaker: Dr. Shuhrat Atajanovich Kalandarov  
(Bogolyubov Laboratory of Theoretical Physics, JINR, Dubna  
/short-term JSPS fellow at Tokyo Institute of Technology)

Title: Production of doubly magic nucleus  
 $^{100}\text{Sn}$  in fusion reactions via particle  
and cluster emission channels

The first mass measurement of doubly magic nucleus  $^{100}\text{Sn}$  were done in GANIL(France), which was produced in fusion reaction of  $^{50}\text{Cr}+^{58}\text{Ni}$  at 255 MeV via alpha,4n evaporation channel. Recently (at 2008) alternative way of production of  $^{100}\text{Sn}$  in fusion reactions were suggested by A. Korgul et al.(ORNL) by studying the reaction  $^{54}\text{Fe}(^{58}\text{Ni},4n)^{108}\text{Xe}$ , which allows to study the  $^{108}\text{Xe}$ - $^{104}\text{Te}$ - $^{100}\text{Sn}$  alpha decay chain.

Inspired from those experimental interests on production of doubly magic nucleus  $^{100}\text{Sn}$  and increasing possibility of using the radioactive ion beams as a projectiles, we investigate the production mechanism of  $^{100}\text{Sn}$  in fusion reaction via particle(n,p,alpha) and cluster( $^{12}\text{C}$ , $^{16}\text{O}$ ) emission channels in the framework of di-nuclear system (DNS) model.

Our theoretical results show, that the probability of cluster emission channels drastically increase with the decrease of N/Z of compound system.

It means that the element  $^{100}\text{Sn}$  can be obtained with very large cross sections in fusion reactions with proton rich radioactive beams via  $^{12}\text{C}$  emission channel. The calculated results of excitation functions for the production of  $^{100}\text{Sn}$  via particle and cluster emission channels will be presented for the reactions  $^{46}\text{Ti}(^{58}\text{Ni},4n)^{100}\text{Sn}$ ,  $^{56,58}\text{Ni}(^{50}\text{Cr},\alpha,xn)^{100}\text{Sn}$ ,  $^{76,74,72}\text{Kr}(^{40}\text{Ca},^{12}\text{C},xn, \text{ or } 3\alpha,xn)^{100}\text{Sn}$  and  $^{56}\text{Ni}(^{58}\text{Ni},^{12}\text{C}2n)^{100}\text{Sn}$ .

Also, the excitation functions for the production of  $^{108}\text{Xe}$ , $^{104}\text{Te}$ (which leads to  $^{100}\text{Sn}$  via alpha decay chain) elements will be presented.

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